L1

STR

026 S 27 N 28

H 21 Cb 22Ak 23O 24 N 25

$$\begin{array}{c}
12 \\
G1 \\
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}$$

18
 19

C 13

Page 2-A VAR G1=21/22/23/24/25/13 VAR G2=26/27/28

VAR G3=10/14

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

NODE	ATT	KTR	OTES:	:		
NSPE	C :	IS	RC	P	T	1
NSPE	2 :	IS	RC	P	T	2
NSPE	3	IS	R	P	T	3
NSPE	C :	IS	R	P	T	4
NSPE	2 :	IS	R	P	\mathbf{T}	5
NSPE	C :	IS	R	P	T	6
NSPE	3	IS	R	P	\mathbf{T}	7
NSPE	3	IS	R	P	\mathbf{T}'	8
NSPE	3	IS	RC	P	T	9
NSPE		IS	RC	P	T	10
NSPE	3	IS.	RC	P	\mathbf{T}	11
NSPE	2 :	IS	RC	P	T	12
NSPE		IS	RC	P	T	13
NSPE	2 :	IS	R	P	T	14
NSPE	2 :	IS	R	P	T	15
NSPE	3	IS	R	P	T	16
NSPE	2 :	IS	R	P	T	17

NSPEC IS R AT 18
NSPEC IS R AT 19
NSPEC IS C AT 20
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

MLEVEL IS CLASS AT 1 2 9 10 13 14 15 21 22 23 24 25

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

NUMBER OF NODES IS 28

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L2	3438	SEA FILE=REGISTRY S	SSS FUL L1	
L5	9622	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS AE	BB=ON PLU=ON	L2
L6	98	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS AE	BB=ON PLU=ON	(PHOTOINITIAT? OR PHOTO
		INITIAT?) AND L5		
L7	49	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS AE	BB=ON PLU=ON	(PHOTOINITIAT? OR PHOTO
		INITIAT?)/IT AND L5	;	•
L8	23	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS AE	BB=ON PLU=ON	?RADIAT? (L) L6
L9	5	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS AE	BB=ON PLU=ON	L8 NOT L7
L10	54	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS AE	BB=ON PLU=ON	L7 OR L9

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L10 ANSWER 1 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
     1999:595504 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
    131:206981
ΤI
    Process for continuous liquid processing of photosensitive compositions
    having reduced residues
    McKeever, Mark Robert
IN
    E.I. Du Pont De Nemours and Company, USA
PΑ
    PCT Int. Appl., 31 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
    Patent
    English
LΑ
    ICM G03F007-30
IC
    ICS G03F007-031; G03F007-42
    74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
    Reprographic Processes)
FAN.CNT 1
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                     ____
                                          _____
     _____
                     A1 19990916
    WO 9946644
                                          WO 1999-US4819
                                                           19990305
PI
        W: BR, CN, JP, KR, MX
        RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
            PT, SE
PRAI US 1998-38584
                     19980311
    Minimization of residue or sludge formation during continuous liq.
    processing of aq. soln.-developable photosensitive compns. is realized
     through the use of a photoinitiator of a hexaarylbiimidazole compd. having
     at least one hydrophilic group.
ST
     aq developable photoresist reduced residue hexaarylbiimidazole
    photoinitiator
ΙT
    Photoimaging materials
    Photoresists
        (aq. soln.-developable; contq. hexaarylbiimidazole
     photoinitiators for reduced residue or sludge formation)
     90-93-7 94-97-3 103-01-5 119-61-9, uses 569-64-2
ΙT
     603-48-5 611-91-6 1842-62-2
                                     3710-84-7 5495-84-1
                                                              9003-11-6
    10287-53-3 21245-02-3 25035-88-5 25133-97-5
                                                      25852-49-7
                              41637-38-1
    28571-95-1
                 39420-45-6
                                           60932-58-3, 1H-
    Benzotriazolecarboxylic acid
                                  71002-23-8
                                                100486-97-3
                                                              124354-60-5
     176511-25-4
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (ag. soln.-developable photoimaging compns. and photoresists with
       reduced residue formation contq.)
RE.CNT
ŔĔ
(1) Mitsubishi Kasei Corp; JP 07010913 A 1995
(2) Toyobo KK; JP 62174204 A 1987
IT
    569-64-2
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (aq. soln.-developable photoimaging compns. and photoresists with
       reduced residue formation contg.)
RN
     569-64-2 HCAPLUS
    Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-
CN
```

cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

L10

ANSWER 2 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

```
1999:566276 HCAPLUS
AN
    131:206974
DN
TI
    Curable compositions
    Hall, Stephen Anthony; Steer, Julian Mark
ΙN
    Coates Brothers PLC, UK
PA
    PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LΑ
    ICM G03F007-038
TC
    ICS C08F004-34; C08F008-14; C08F212-08; C08F222-06; C08F222-08
CC
    74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
    Reprographic Processes)
    Section cross-reference(s): 76
FAN.CNT 1
                                                           DATE
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                     ____
     ______
                                          _____
                                                           _____
ΡI
    WO 9944100
                     A1
                           19990902
                                          WO 1999-GB598
                                                           19990226
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
            DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,
            KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN,
            MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,
            TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
            TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,
            ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,
            CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
    GB 2334719
                           19990901
                      A1
                                          GB 1998-4267
                                                           19980227
                           19990915
                                          AU 1999-32611
    AU 9932611
                      A1
                                                           19990226
PRAI GB 1998-4267
                     19980227
    WO 1999-GB598
                     19990226
AB
    The invention is directed to compns. that are thermally curable and/or
    curable by radiation, e.g., UV radiation. A curable compn. with an
    enhanced drying window for use in a primary or secondary imaging system is
    obtainable as the reaction product or an anhydride polymer and at least an
    ethylenically unsatd. material having .gtoreg.1 hydroxy groups. The
    anhydride functional polymer is obtainable as the reaction product of an
    ethylenically unsatd. monomer material and a cyclic anhydride capable of
    reacting with the unsatd. monomer material. The latter reaction is
    effected in the presence of a free-radical initiator with a low-H
    abstracting capability. This is defined as an initiator having a H bond
    dissocn. energy of .ltoreq.430 KJ/mol.
ST
    curable anhydride polymer drying window imaging; solder resist epoxy resin
    printed circuit; chem etching epoxy resin printed circuit
IT
    Coating materials
        (UV-curable; thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable resins for
       use either as etch resists or as solder resists in printed circuit
       boards)
IT
    Epoxy resins, uses
    RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered
    material use); USES (Uses)
        (acrylates; thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable resins for
       use either as etch resists or as solder resists in printed circuit
```

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boards)
IT
     Coating materials
        (radiation-curable; thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable
        resins for use either as etch resists or as solder resists in printed
        circuit boards)
IT
     Printed circuit boards
     Resists
        (thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable resins for use either
        as etch resists or as solder resists in printed circuit boards)
     14807-96-6, Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4), uses
ΙT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified);
     USES (Uses)
        (IT Extra, filler; thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable
        resins for use either as etch resists or as solder resists in printed
        circuit boards)
     15625-89-5, TMPTA
IT
     RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered
     material use); USES (Uses)
        (TMPTA; thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable resins for use
        either as etch resists or as solder resists in printed circuit boards)
ΙT
     155683-81-1, BYK 55
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified);
     USES (Uses)
        (flow aid; thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable resins for
        use either as etch resists or as solder resists in printed circuit
        boards)
     5495-84-1, QUANTACURE ITX 71868-10-5, IRGACURE 907
IT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified);
     USES (Uses)
        (photoinitiator; thermally curable and/or radiation
        (UV)-curable resins for use either as etch resists or as solder resists
        in printed circuit boards)
     240800-57-1, RR 9F
IT
     RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); USES (Uses)
        (stripper; thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable resins for
        use either as etch resists or as solder resists in printed circuit
        boards)
     548-62-9, Crystal Violet
IT
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified);
     USES (Uses)
        (thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable resins for use either
        as etch resists or as solder resists in printed circuit boards)
     240111-63-1P, Styrene-maleic anhydride-hydroquinone-2-hydroxyethyl
     acrylate-propylene glycol methyl ether-1-methylimidazole copolymer
     RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); PNU (Preparation,
     unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable resins for use either
        as etch resists or as solder resists in printed circuit boards)
RE.CNT
ŔĖ
(1) Kawasaki Steel Co; EP 0499271 A 1992
(2) Mohammed, T; US 4939198 A 1990 HCAPLUS
(3) Mohammed, T; US 5082910 A 1992
    548-62-9, Crystal Violet
     RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified);
     USES (Uses)
        (thermally curable and/or radiation (UV)-curable resins for use either
```

- TΤ

as etch resists or as solder resists in printed circuit boards)

548-62-9 HCAPLUS RN

Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl =

```
ANSWER 3 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L10
ΆN
     1999:566275 HCAPLUS
DN
    131:191861
TI
    Imaging system employing encapsulated radiation-sensitive composition
IN
    Polycarpov, Alex; Camillus, Joseph C.
PΑ
    Cycolor, Inc., USA
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 20 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
    Patent
LА
    English
IC
    ICM G03F007-029
    ICS G03F007-00
CC
    74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
    Reprographic Processes)
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                          DATE
    _____
                     ____
                          _____
                                          -----
    WO 9944099
                           19990902
                                                           19990225
PΙ
                      A1
                                          WO 1999-US4131
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
```

DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,

ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

19990225

AU 9927902 A1 19990915 AU 1999-27902

PRAI US 1998-75892 19980225 WO 1999-US4131 19990225

OS MARPAT 131:191861

AB A photosensitive imaging is disclosed comprising a support having a layer of microcapsules on 1 surface thereof, the microcapsules having an image-forming agent assocd. therewith and contg. an internal phase including a photohardenable compn., the compn. comprising a free-radical addn. polymerizable or crosslinkable compd. and complex of an IR-sensitive cationic dye and a borate anion being capable of absorbing IR radiation and producing free radicals which initiate free-radical polymn. or crosslinking of the polymerizable or crosslinkable compd.

ST imaging encapsulated radiation microcapsule electron donor; free radical polymn triphenyl butyl borane; cyanine dye free radical polymn imaging IT Photoimaging materials

(imaging system using encapsulated radiation-sensitive compn. contg. IR-sensitive cyanine dye **photoinitiator**)

IT Dves

(photosensitizing; imaging system using encapsulated radiation-sensitive compn. contg. IR-sensitive cyanine dye photoinitiator)

IT Polymerization

(radical; imaging system using encapsulated radiation-sensitive compn.

```
contg. IR-sensitive cyanine dye photoinitiator)
IT
     136107-30-7
                   137781-62-5
                                  141563-94-2
                                                 141563-95-3 141714-54-7
     141714-60-5
                    141714-62-7
                                  141714-63-8 142282-45-9
     142300-12-7
                    142632-62-0
                                  142632-63-1
                                                 142632-65-3
                                                               148630-91-5
     148630-94-8
                    148630-96-0
                                  148630-97-1
                                                 148630-99-3
                                                               148631-01-0
     148631-03-2
                    148631-04-3
                                  148631-07-6
                                                 148657-93-6
                                                               148657-94-7
     149580-25-6
                   149580-27-8
                                  149580-28-9
                                                               240406-03-5
                                                 153296-41-4
     240406-04-6
                   240421-22-1
                                  240421-23-2
                                                               240421-25-4
                                                 240421-24-3
                                                 240421-30-1
     240421-26-5
                   240421-27-6
                                  240421-28-7
                                                               240421-32-3
     240421-33-4
                   240421-34-5
                                  240421-35-6
                                                               240421-38-9
                                                 240421-37-8
                                                 240421-42-5
     240421-39-0
                   240421-40-3
                                  240421-41-4
                                                               240421-43-6
     240421-45-8
                   240421-47-0
                                  240421-49-2
                                                               240421-51-6
                                                 240421-50-5
     RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); USES (Uses)
        (imaging system using encapsulated radiation-sensitive compn. contg.
        IR-sensitive cyanine dye photoinitiator)
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Showa Denko Kabushiki Kaisha; EP 0438123 A 1991
    Showa Denko Kk; JP 04261405 A 1992
(3) The Mead Corporation; EP 0223587 A 1987
(4) The Mead Corporation; EP 0408227 A 1991
IT
     141714-54-7 142282-45-9
     RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); USES (Uses)
        (imaging system using encapsulated radiation-sensitive compn. contg.
        IR-sensitive cyanine dye photoinitiator)
RN
     141714-54-7 HCAPLUS
CN
     Ethanaminium, N-ethyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-2,4-
     pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-, (T-4)-
     butyltriphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
          96233-23-7
     CMF
          C45 H59 N4
              NEt<sub>2</sub>
```

CM 2

CRN 47252-39-1

CMF C22 H24 B

CCI CCS

CDES 7:T-4

RN 142282-45-9 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanaminium, N-[4-[5-[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-1,5-diphenyl-2,4-pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, (T-4)-butyltriphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 119934-76-8 CMF C37 H41 N2

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{Ph} \\ | & \\ \text{C} & \text{CH-CH} & \text{CH-C} \\ \\ \text{Et}_2 \text{N} & \\ \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 47252-39-1 CMF C22 H24 B CCI CCS CDES 7:T-4

L10 ANSWER 4 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1999:490066 HCAPLUS

DN 131:158915

TI Method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings

IN Watanabe, Takeo; Kamata, Hirotoshi; Sugita, Shuichi; Ohtani, Kazuo;
Yamamoto, Tomio; Sendai, Hidetake

PA Showa Denko K. K., Japan; Showa Highpolymer Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM F16L058-10 ICS B29C063-26; C08F002-48; C08F283-01; C08F290-06; C08K005-5397; C08L067-06; C09J007-02

CC 42-10 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)

PI JP 11210981 A2 19990806 JP 1998-22722 19980120

os MARPAT 131:158915

- The covering or repairing of tubular moldings such as pipes and tubes is done by using tubes or fabrics which have been impregnated with a photo-curable mixt. contg. (A) 100 parts unsatd. polyesters or/and vinyl ester resins, and (B) 0.01-20 parts bisacylphosphine oxides. Thus, roll-dipping a mixt. of an unsatd. polyester derived from neopentyl glycol, diethylene glycol, isophthalic acid and fumaric acid in styrene (35%), 100, bis(2,6-dimethoxybenzoyl)-2,4,4-trimethylpentylphosphine oxide (as photoinitiator) 1.0, and Aerosil 200 (thixotropic agent) 0.8 part on a single-side transparent polyurethane-coated polyester felt and debubbling gave a material which could be cured with metal halide lamp by radiation through the transparent polyurethane layer.
- ST pipe repairing photocurable fabric material; tube repairing photocurable fabric material; unsatd polyester impregnated felt tube lining; bisacyl phosphine oxide photoinitiator photocurable pipe repairing
- IT Glass fiber fabrics

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(FW 350; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT Epoxy resins, uses

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(acrylates; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT Pipes and Tubes

Thickening agents

Thixotropic agents

(method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT Polyester fibers, uses

RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(nonwoven, Sontara 8005H; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT Polymerization catalysts

(photopolymn.; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT Polyesters, uses

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(unsatd.; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT 471-34-1, Softon 1200, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

(additives; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT 120307-06-4, Tetrabutylammonium butyltriphenylborate 141714-54-7, 1,1,5,5-Tetrakis(p-diethylaminophenyl)-2,4-pentadienilium n-butyltriphenylborate

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(co-photoinitiator; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT 7631-86-9, Aerosil 200, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)
(colloidal, thixotropic agent; method and photo-cura)

(colloidal, thixotropic agent; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT 100-42-5, uses

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (crosslinkers for photo-curable impregnation varnish; method and

photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings)

IT 28262-39-7, Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin-methacrylic acid-styrene copolymer

171408-67-6, Diethylene glycol-fumaric acid-isophthalic acid-neopentyl glycol-styrene copolymer RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings) 145052-34-2, Bis(2,6-Dimethoxybenzoyl)-2,4,4-trimethylpentylphosphine IT 162881-26-7, Bis(2,4,6-trimethylbenzoyl)phenylphosphine oxide RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (photoinitiator; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings) 1309-48-4, Magmic, uses 21645-51-2, Higilite H 320, uses IT 101-68-8 39394-41-7, Isonate 143L RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (thickeners; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings) 79819-01-5, Talen 7200-20 ΙT RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (thixotropic agent; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings) ΙT 141714-54-7, 1,1,5,5-Tetrakis (p-diethylaminophenyl) -2,4pentadienilium n-butyltriphenylborate RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (co-photoinitiator; method and photo-curable materials for use in covering or repairing of inner surface of tubular moldings) RN 141714-54-7 HCAPLUS

Ethanaminium, N-ethyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-2,4-

pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-, (T-4)-

butyltriphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 96233-23-7 CMF C45 H59 N4

CM 2

CRN 47252-39-1 CMF C22 H24 B CCI CCS CDES 7:T-4

IT

71868-10-5, Irgacure 907

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

```
ANSWER 5 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L10
     1999:469815 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     131:244630
     Photocuring activity of several commercial, near UV activated
TI
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems
ΑU
     Segurola, Juan; Allen, Norman S.; Edge, Michele; Parrondo, Aitor; Roberts,
     Department of Chemistry and Materials, The Manchester Metropolitan
CS
     University, Manchester, M1 5GD, UK
SO
     J. Coat. Technol. (1999), 71(894), 61-67
     CODEN: JCTEDL; ISSN: 0361-8773
     Federation of Societies for Coatings Technology
PB
DΤ
     Journal
     English
LΑ
     42-12 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
CC
     Photoinitiators have been analyzed by UV spectroscopy to evaluate the type
AΒ
     of electronic transitions occurring upon absorption of light. Photocuring
     was studied by real time IR spectroscopy (RTIR) in clear and pigmented
     (black, magenta, cyan, and yellow) systems with UV and visible light at
     different photoinitiator concns. in the presence of air. Generally, the
     Type I photofragmenting photoinitiators appear to operate more effectively
     under UV excitation when compared with the Type II thioxanthones, esp. in
     pigmented systems. There is a reasonable correlation between the UV and
     visible absorption properties of the resp. initiators and their overlap
     with the excitation source.
ST
     near UV photoinitiator spectroscopy; electronic transition photoinitiator
     ink; pigment ink UV crosslinking
TT
     Carbon black, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (Pigment Black 7; photocuring activity of near UV activated
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
IT
     Inks
        (photocurable; photocuring activity of near UV activated
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
IT
     Electronic transition
     Pigments, nonbiological
     UV and visible spectroscopy
        (photocuring activity of near UV activated photoinitiator in
        clear and pigmented systems)
ΙT
     Polymerization catalysts
        (photopolymn.; photocuring activity of near UV activated
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
IT
     IR spectroscopy
        (real-time; photocuring activity of near UV activated
      photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
IT
     119313-12-1, Irgacure 369
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (Irgacure 369; photocuring activity of near UV activated
      photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
IT
     162881-26-7, Irgacure 819
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (Irgacure 819; photocuring activity of near UV activated
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
```

```
(Irgacure 907; photocuring activity of near UV activated
      photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
IT
     189146-15-4, Lucirin TPO
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (Lucirin TPO; photocuring activity of near UV activated
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
     71798-70-4, Pigment Blue 11
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (Pigment Blue 11; photocuring activity of near UV activated
      photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
     147-14-8, Pigment Blue 15:3
ΙT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (Pigment Blue 15:3; photocuring activity of near UV activated
      photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
     5281-04-9, Pigment Red 57:1
ΙT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (Pigment Red 57:1; photocuring activity of near UV activated
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
IT
     5102-83-0, Pigment Yellow 13
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (Pigment Yellow 13; photocuring activity of near UV activated
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
     142770-42-1, Quantacure CPTX
IT
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (Quantacure CPTX; photocuring activity of near UV activated
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
IT
     5495-84-1, Quantacure ITX
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (photocuring activity of near UV activated photoinitiator in
        clear and pigmented systems)
     244177-09-1, Actilane 432-Ebecryl 870 copolymer
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (photocuring activity of near UV activated photoinitiator in
        clear and pigmented systems)
RE.CNT
RE
(1) Allen, N; Eur Polymer J 1988, V24(5), P435 HCAPLUS
(2) Allen, N; J Chem Soc Faraday Trans 1994, V90(1), P83 HCAPLUS
(3) Allen, N; Photopolymerization and Photoimaging Science and Technology 1986
(4) Borzel, P; DE 3304524 1983 HCAPLUS
(5) Collins, G; Journal of Coatings Technology 1976, V48(618), P48 HCAPLUS
(6) Desobry, V; Radiation Curing of Polymeric Materials 1990, P92 HCAPLUS
(7) Fouassier, J; Prog Org Coat 1995, V25, P235 HCAPLUS
(8) Hageman, J; Makromol Chemie 1988, V189, P2781
(9) Holman, R; UV and EB Curing Formulation for Printing Inks Coatings and
    Paints 1988
(10) Jacobi, M; J Radiation Curing 1983, V19(4), P16
(11) Limure, T; Proc Conference Radiation Curing Asia 1988, V461
(12) Marsman, M; Proc Conference Radtech Europe 1991, V440
(13) Murray, K; WO 90113579 1989
(14) Oldring, P; Chemistry and Technology of UV and EB Formulation of Coatings
    Inks and Paints 1991, P1
(15) Pappas, S; UV Curing-Science and Technology 1978
(16) Phillips, R; J Oil & Colour Chemists' Assoc 1978, V6, P233
(17) Roffey, C; Photopolymerization of Surface Coatings 1982
(18) Rutsch, W; Proc of the 16th Intl Conference in Organic Coating Science and
    Technology 1990, V423
(19) Valet, A; Fourth Nurnberg Congress 1997, P4
(20) Yoshiyuki, K; US 5013768 1989
     71798-70-4, Pigment Blue 11
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (Pigment Blue 11; photocuring activity of near UV activated
     photoinitiator in clear and pigmented systems)
RN
     71798-70-4 HCAPLUS
CN
     Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl][4-(ethylamino)-1-
```

naphthalenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-,

tungstatephosphate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 51434-49-2 CMF Unspecified

CCI MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 47700-00-5 CMF C29 H32 N3

L10 ANSWER 6 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1999:451328 HCAPLUS

DN 131:88877

TI Photocurable adhesive compositions, their manufacture and use in resin laminates having leather like layer

IN Sygita, Shuichi; Watanabe, Takeo; Ooga, Kazuhiko; Kimura, Yoshio; Watanabe, Yoshihiro

PA Showa Denko K.K., Japan; Tokuyama Petrochemical Co., Ltd.

SO PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C09J004-06

ICS B32B007-12; B32B005-18

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI WO 9935200 A1 19990715 WO 1998-JP3227 19980717

W: US

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

JP 11254608 A2 19990921 JP 1998-48779 19980213

PRAI JP 1998-16395 19980112

JP 1998-48779 19980213

OS MARPAT 131:88877

The adhesive compns. comprise essentially a chlorinated polyolefin compd., a compd. having a polymerizable unsatd. group, and a photopolymn. initiator, and optionally contain a tackifier, where the photopolymn. initiator is preferably of visible light- or/and near-IR-sensitive compd. The compns. can form strong bonding directly between a resin foam and the back of a skin material without the needs of surface prepn. or primer to give a laminate with good rigidity, heat resistance, and impact resistance. Thus, mixing Superchlon 892L (chlorinated polypropylene; 20% solids content) 300 with FA 511A (dicyclopentenyl acrylate) 18, a

- photosensitizer 0.3, tetrabutylammonium butyltriphenylborate 1.2, and acryloyl morpholine 11 parts gave an adhesive. Coating the adhesive on a polypropylene substrate to liq. pickup wt. 150 g/m2, drying at 120.degree. for 2 min, cooling, laminating with a single-sided PVC-laminated foamed polypropylene sheet via the foam layer under a pressure of 1 kg/cm2, and irradiating with IR lamp from 10-cm for 2 min gave a laminate with flexural strength 330 kg/cm2, falling dart impact strength 165 kg-cm and excellent interlayer adhesion strength. ST vinyl leather laminate manuf photocurable adhesive; chlorinated polypropylene photocurable adhesive compn; foam laminate adhesive photocurable chlorinated polypropylene Polyurethanes, uses TT RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (leather substitute foam backing; photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates) Adhesives IT Leather substitutes (photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates) ITPolymerization Polymerization catalysts (photopolymn., visible or near-IR; photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates) ΙT Neoprene rubber, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (tackifier; photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates) IT 9002-86-2, PVC RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (leather substitute facing; photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates) IT 9010-98-4 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (neoprene rubber, tackifier; photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates) IT 229469-10-7, Acryloylmorpholine-dicyclopentenyl acrylatedimethyloltricyclodecane diacrylate-Superchlon 892L copolymer 229469-11-8, Acryloylmorpholine-dicyclopentenyl acrylate-Superchlon 892L-UA 306H graft copolymer 229469-12-9, Acryloylmorpholinedicyclopentenyl acrylate-DPE6A-Superchlon 892L copolymer Acryloylmorpholine-dicyclopentenyl acrylate-Superchlon 892L-Superchlon 842LM graft copolymer 229469-14-1, Acryloylmorpholine-dicyclopentenyl acrylate-Hardlen 13LB-Superchlon 892L graft copolymer 229469-15-2, Acryloylmorpholine-dicyclopentenyl acrylate-Hardlen 15LPB-Superchlon 892L graft copolymer 229966-23-8, Acryloylmorpholine-dicyclopentenyl acrylate-Superchlon 892L graft copolymer RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates) IT 120307-06-4, Tetrabutylammonium butyltriphenylborate RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (photoinitiators; photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates) ΙT 55636-80-1 **96233-23-7** RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (photosensitizers; photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates) 9003-07-0, Polypropylene RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (substrate or foam for leather substitutes; photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates)
- RE.CNT 11
- (1) Hayakawa Gomu KK; JP 05-320582 A 1993
- (2) Kansai Paint Co, Ltd; JP 58-162640 A 1983

- (3) Kansai Paint Co, Ltd; JP 08-253736 A 1996
- (4) Showa Denko KK; JP 03-111402 A 1991
- (5) Showa Denko KK; JP 04-80204 A 1992
- (6) Showa Denko KK; JP 07-125120 A 1995
- (7) Showa Denko KK; EP 433870 A1 1995
- (8) The Kendoll Co; JP 02-3474 A 1990
- (9) The Kendoll Co; EP 326276 A3 1990
- (10) Toagosei Chemical Industry Co, Ltd; JP 04-15280 A 1992
- (11) Toyo Kasei Kogyo Co, Ltd; JP 04-142322 A 1992
- IT 96233-23-7

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (photosensitizers; photocurable adhesive compns., manuf. and use in resin laminates)

RN 96233-23-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanaminium, N-ethyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-2,4-pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L10 ANSWER 7 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1999:440066 HCAPLUS

DN 131:80774

- TI Photoimaging composition containing photopolymerizable urethane oligomer
- IN Barr, Robert; Lundy, Daniel E.; Kosaka, Eiji; Murakami, Shigeru
- PA Nichigo Morton Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 7 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM G03F007-032 ICS G03F007-035

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN. CNT 3

FAN.CNT	3		•
PATENT NO.		KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE
-,			
PI EP	927911	A2 199907	07 EP 1998-309563 19981123
EP	927911	A3 200005	31
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DK, E	S, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
	IE, SI,	LT, LV, FI, R	0 '
US	593 <u>923</u> 8	A 199908	17 US 1998-88561 19980602
AU	707217	B1 199907	08 AU 1998-89530 19981027
JP	11223945	A2 199908	17 JP 1998-337103 19981127
CN	1242528	A 200001	26 CN 1998-123045 19981201
JP	2000003035	A2 200001	07 JP 1999-129219 19990510
EP	962827	A2 199912	08 EP 1999-304213 19990528
EP	962827	A3 200006	07

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
CN 1237720 A 19991208 CN 1999-108303 19990602

PRAI US 1997-980686 19971201
US 1997-982199 19971201
US 1998-88561 19980602
US 1998-118626 19980717

os MARPAT 131:80774

A neg.-acting photoimaging compn. useful as a photoresist for manufg. AB printed circuit boards comprises (A) 30 to 70 wt.% of org. binder polymers having a sufficient acid functionality to render the photoimaging compn. developable in an alk. aq. soln. and comprising 3 to 65 wt.% of a polymer having a wt.-av. mol. wt. of 5000 to 40,000 and a Tg of 40 to 100.degree. and 5 to 67 wt.% of a polymer having a wt.-av. mol. wt. of 41,000 to 200,000 and a Tg of 40 to 100.degree., (B) 30 to 60 wt.% of .alpha.,.beta.-ethylenically unsatd. compds. comprising an isocyanate trimer having a tri-.alpha.,.beta.-ethylenically unsatd. functionality, the trimer being present at 2 to 30 wt.%, and 0 to 5 wt.% of other .alpha.,.beta.-ethylenically unsatd. compds., at least about 50 mol percent of the .alpha.,.beta.-ethylenically unsatd. functionality being a methacrylate functionality, and (C) 0.5 to 15 wt.% of a radiation -sensitive free radical-generating photoinitiator system comprising 0.005 to 3 wt.% of triphenylphosphine and 0.005 to 2 wt.% of phenylglycine.

ST photoimaging compn photoresist photopolymerizable urethane oligomer

IT Negative photoresists

(contg. photopolymerizable urethane oligomers)

IT Printed circuit boards

(neg. photoimaging compns. contg. photopolymerizable urethane oligomers for manuf. of)

IT Photoimaging materials

(neg.; contg. photopolymerizable urethane oligomers for prepg. printed circuit boards)

TT 70-55-3, p-Toluenesulfonamide 88-99-3, 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid,
uses 90-93-7, Michler's ethyl ketone 103-01-5 569-64-2,
Malachite Green 602-56-2, 9-Phenylacridine 603-35-0,
Triphenylphosphine, uses 603-48-5, Leuco crystal violet 6143-80-2
26376-86-3, Modaflow

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (neg. photoimaging and photoresist compns. contg. photopolymerizable urethane oligomers and)

IT 108-80-5D, Isocyanuric acid, urethane acrylate derivs. 27813-02-1, Propylene glycol monomethacrylate 41637-38-1, Bisphenol A ethoxylate dimethacrylate

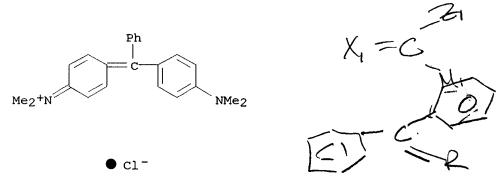
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photopolymerizable neg. photoimaging and photoresist compns. contg.) 569-64-2, Malachite Green

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (neg. photoimaging and photoresist compns. contg. photopolymerizable urethane oligomers and)

RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS

IT

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L10 ANSWER 8 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1999:365794 HCAPLUS

DN 131:45809

TI Method for imparting adhesion to substrates and bonding method using photocurable compositions

IN Sugita, Shuichi; Watanabe, Takeo; Oga, Kazuhiko; Kimura, Yoshio; Watanabe, Masahiro

PA Showa Denko K. K., Japan; Tokuyama Sekiyu Kagaku K. K.

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C09J004-00

ICS C08F002-48; C09J005-02; C09J011-00

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 11152451 MARPAT 131:45809	A2	19990608	JP 1997-337969	19971121

GI

so

The method comprises (1) applying photoinitiator—contg.

photocurable compns. on one or both sides of substrates, (2) curing the
adhesive sides partially by photo irradn., and optionally (3) laminating
the adhesive sides. The bonding method are useful for automobile interior
parts. Thus, an adhesive compn. contg. Superchlon 892L (carboxylic
acid—modified chlorinated polypropylene) 300, FA 511A (dicyclopentenyl
acrylate) 18, I (dye, max. absorption wavelength 822 nm) 0.3,
tetrabutylammonium butyltriphenylborate 1.2, and acryloyl morpholine 11
parts was applied on MK 459B (propylene block copolymer, substrate),
precured by IR irradn., laminated with PVC-laminated polypropylene foam,
and IR-irradiated to give a test piece showing adhesion strength
2.1 and 1.4 kg/25 mm, at room temp. and 80.degree., resp.

ST photocurable adhesive precuring laminate automobile part; precuring photocurable adhesive cationic dye catalyst; chlorinated polypropylene adhesive interlayer adhesion strength; cyclopentenyl acrylate copolymer adhesive IR radiation; ammonium borate photopolymn catalyst adhesive; foam polypropylene laminate photocurable adhesive

IT Dyes

(cationic, photopolymn. initiators; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
Polyolefins

RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(chlorinated, adhesives; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)

IT Automobiles

IT

(interior parts; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)

```
IT. Adhesive bonding
        (laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding polyolefins with
        photocurable adhesive compns.)
ΙT
     Laminated plastics, uses
     RL: PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding polyolefins with
        photocurable adhesive compns.)
IT
     IR radiation
        (near-IR; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding
        polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
IT
     Borates
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (org., photopolymn. initiators; laminates for automobile interiors
        prepd. by bonding polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
     Adhesives
IT
        (photocurable; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding
        polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
     Polymerization catalysts
TΤ
        (photopolymn.; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding
        polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
IT
     Carboxylic acids, uses
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (reaction products with chlorinated polypropylene, adhesives; laminates
        for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding polyolefins with
        photocurable adhesive compns.)
ΙT
     Plastic foams
     Polyolefins
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (substrates; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding
        polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
TT
     226995-25-1P, Acryloylmorpholine-FA 511A copolymer
                                                          226995-30-8P,
                                                                 226995-35-3P,
     Acryloylmorpholine-FA 511A-Light Acrylate DCP-A copolymer
     Acryloylmorpholine-FA 511A-UA 306H copolymer
                                                    226995-39-7P,
     Acryloylmorpholine-DPE 6A-FA 511A copolymer
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP
     (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (adhesive; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding
        polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
     9003-07-0D, Polypropylene, chlorinated, carboxylic acid-modified
TΤ
     138932-08-8, Hardlen 13LB
                                 186467-44-7, Superchlon 892L
                                                                 193700-17-3,
     Superchlon 842LM
     RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (adhesive; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding
        polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
     9003-07-0, Polypropylene
IT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (foam substrate; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding
        polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
                  120307-06-4, Tetrabutylammonium butyltriphenylborate
IT
     55636-80-1
     141714-54-7
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (photopolymn. initiators; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by
        bonding polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
IT
     9002-86-2, PVC
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (skin layer; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding
        polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
IT
     115-07-1D, Propylene, block copolymer 220750-95-8, MK 459B
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (substrate; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding
        polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)
```

IT

141714-54-7

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(photopolymn. initiators; laminates for automobile interiors prepd. by bonding polyolefins with photocurable adhesive compns.)

141714-54-7 HCAPLUS RN

Ethanaminium, N-ethyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-2,4pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-, (T-4)butyltriphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

96233-23-7 CRN C45 H59 N4 CMF

2 CM

CRN 47252-39-1 C22 H24 B CMF CCI CCS

CDES 7:T-4

ANSWER 9 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L10

AN 1999:261874 HCAPLUS

DN 130:345041

Photopolymer composition for flexible printed circuit board preparation ΤI

Kohata, Tatsuko; Ohta, Fumihiko; Akahori, Akihiko; Amanokura, Hitoshi; IN Suzuki, Kenji; Nishizawa, Hiroshi

PA Hitachi Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 20 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent DT

LΑ Japanese

IC ICM G03F007-037

ICS C08F290-14; G03F007-004; H05K003-28

```
74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
ΡI
     JP 11109626
                      A2
                            19990423
                                           JP 1998-216613
                                                            19980731
                      Α
                            20000509
                                           US 1998-49056
                                                            19980327
     US 6060215
                            19981209
                                           CN 1998-109690
                                                            19980330
  CN 1201164
                      Α
PRAI JP 1997-214810
                      19970808
                      19970331
     JP 1997-80417
    A pos. photopolymer compn. for flexible printed circuit board prepn.
ΑB
     comprises a resin contg. amido, oxyalkylene, and carboxyl groups, a
    photopolymerizable compd. contq. an ethylenically unsatd. group, and a
    photoinitiator.
    photopolymer compn flexible printed circuit board
ST
IT
     Photoimaging materials
        (contg. ethylenically unsatd. compds., resins contg. amido,
        oxyalkylene, and carboxyl groups, and photoinitiators for
        prepn. of flexible printed circuit boards)
IT
     Printed circuit boards
        (photopolymer compns. contg. ethylenically unsatd. compds., resins
        contg. amido, oxyalkylene, and carboxyl groups, and
     photoinitiators for prepn. of)
ΙT
    Aminoplasts
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (pos. photopolymer compns. for flexible printed circuit board prepn.
        contq.)
     51706-15-1, FG 3000
ΙT
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (FG 3000; pos. photopolymer compns. for flexible printed circuit board
       prepn. contg.)
ΙT
    70-55-3, p-Toluenesulfonamide 90-93-7, 4,4'-
    Bis (diethylamino) benzophenone 103-01-5, N-Phenylglycine
                                                                 119-61-9,
    Benzophenone, uses 569-64-2, Malachite Green 1563-76-4
     9003-08-1, Cymel 300
                           9003-39-8, Poly(vinylpyrrolidone)
                                                                41637-38-1.
             56792-06-4
                           139189-30-3, PX200
                                               201302-26-3,
    BPE500
    Cyclohexanedimethanol-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-
     trimethylhexamethylenediisocyanate copolymer
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (pos. photopolymer compns. for flexible printed circuit board prepn.
        contq.)
IT
    79-41-4, reactions
                          85-43-8
                                    103-83-3, Dimethylbenzylamine
                                                                    30674-80-7
     64772-16-3, Epomik R301 110368-93-9, Epo Tohto YDF-2001
    RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (reaction in prepg. resins for pos. photopolymer compns. for flexible
       printed circuit board prepn.)
     25085-99-8, Epomik R140P
ΙT
    RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (reaction with amido oligomers in prepg. resins for pos. photopolymer
        compns. for flexible printed circuit board prepn.)
ΙT
     552-30-7, Trimellitic anhydride
    RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (reaction with polyoxyalkylenediamines in prepg. resins for pos.
       photopolymer compns. for flexible printed circuit board prepn.)
ΙT
     91-08-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES
     (Uses)
        (reaction with polyoxyalkylenediimidodicarboxylic acid in prepg. resins
        for pos. photopolymer compns. for flexible printed circuit board
     100-21-0, 1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, reactions
ΙT
                                                         101-68-8
                                                                    111-20-6,
    Decanedioic acid, reactions 121-91-5, 1,3-Benzenedicarboxylic acid,
                 124-04-9, Hexanedioic acid, reactions
                                                         584-84-9
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RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES

(Uses) (reaction with polyoxypropylenediamine in prepg. resins for pos. photopolymer compns. for flexible printed circuit board prepn.) ΙT 9046-10-0, Polyoxypropylenediamine 34901-14-9 65605-36-9 RL: RCT (Reactant); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (reaction with trimellitic anhydride in prepg. resins for pos. photopolymer compns. for flexible printed circuit board prepn.) IT 569-64-2, Malachite Green RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (pos. photopolymer compns. for flexible printed circuit board prepn. contg.) RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-

cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1-

ANSWER 10 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

L10

1999:222758 HCAPLUS AN DN 131:4920 TIRadical Addition Rate Constants to Acrylates and Oxygen: .alpha.-Hydroxy and .alpha.-Amino Radicals Produced by Photolysis of Photoinitiators Jockusch, Steffen; Turro, Nicholas J. ΑU CS Department of Chemistry, Columbia University, New York, NY, 10027, USA SO J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1999), 121(16), 3921-3925 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863 PΒ American Chemical Society DTJournal English LΑ CC 22-4 (Physical Organic Chemistry) Section cross-reference(s): 36 AB Laser flash photolysis of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino ketones, which are used as photoinitiators in free radical polymn., lead to the generation of a series of nucleophilic .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals. Abs. addn. rate consts. of these radicals to n-butylacrylate and oxygen were measured by laser flash photolysis employing an indirect probe technique. Crystal violet and N,N'-bis(2,5-di-tert-butylphenyl)-3,4,9,10-perylenedicarboximide were used as selective probe mols. for these nucleophilic initiator radicals to measure the addn. rate consts. to n-butylacrylate and oxygen, resp. High acrylate addn. rate consts. of some initiator radicals were found in acetonitrile soln., e.g., dimethylketyl radical (kacrylate = 1.3 .times. 107 M-1 s-1) and 2-morpholino propan-2-yl radical (kacrylate = 2.9 .times. 107 M-1 s-1). STphotoinitiator radical polymn ketyl radical addn acrylate; amino radical addn acrylate photoinitiator radical polymn; LFP hydroxyketone aminoketone photoinitiator radical polymn; kinetics radical addn acrylate ΙT Ketones, reactions RL: RCT (Reactant) (amino, radical precursor; addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals to acrylates and to oxygen) IT Addition reaction Addition reaction kinetics (homolytic; addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals to acrylates and to oxygen)

Page 19

```
IT.
     Amines, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (keto, radical precursor; addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and
        .alpha.-amino radicals to acrylates and to oxygen)
IT
     Flash photolysis
        (laser flash photolysis of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino ketones,
        used as photoinitiators in radical polymn.)
     Polymerization
ΙT
        (radical; .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals produced by
        photolysis of photoinitiators in radical polymn.)
IT
     Radicals, reactions
     RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); FORM (Formation,
     nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
        (.alpha.-amino and ketyl; addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and
        .alpha.-amino radicals to acrylates and to oxygen)
ΙT
     Ketones, reactions
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (.alpha.-hydroxy, radical precursor; addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy
        and .alpha.-amino radicals to acrylates and to oxygen)
     4358-40-1, Methyl, tris[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-
IT
     RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative)
        (addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals to
        acrylates and to oxygen)
                             141888-27-9
                 5131-95-3
                                           225512-39-0
                                                         225512-40-3
IT
     2143-60-4
                   225512-42-5
     225512-41-4
     RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
     process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); FORM (Formation,
     nonpreparative); PROC (Process)
        (addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals to
        acrylates and to oxygen)
IT
     141-32-2
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT
     (Reactant); PROC (Process)
        (addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals to
        acrylates and to oxygen)
     947-19-3, 1-Hydroxycyclohexyl phenyl ketone
                                                   71867-90-8
IT
                                                                 71868-10-5
                  119312-99-1 119313-12-1
                                              119313-15-4
                                                            119345-00-5
     119312-97-9
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals to
        acrylates and to oxygen)
                                  12771-59-4, Diphenylphosphinoyl
IT
     2652-65-5, Benzoyl radical
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (attempted reaction with crystal violet; addn. kinetics of
        .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals to acrylates and to oxygen)
     7473-98-5
TΤ
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (radical precursor; addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino
        radicals to acrylates and to oxygen)
                                83054-80-2,
IT
     548-62-9, Crystal violet
     N, N'-Bis(2,5-di-tert-butylphenyl)-3,4,9,10-perylenedicarboximide
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (selective probe mol.; addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and
        .alpha.-amino radicals to acrylates and to oxygen)
IT
     7782-44-7, Oxygen, reactions
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT
     (Reactant); PROC (Process)
        (side reaction in radical polymn.; addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy
        and .alpha.-amino radicals to acrylates and to oxygen)
RE.CNT
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(2) Brown, C; Aust J Chem 1995, V48, P363 HCAPLUS
(3) Dietliker, K; Photoinitiators for Free Radical and Cationic Polymerization
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- (16) Jockusch, S; J Am Chem Soc 1998, V120, P11773 HCAPLUS
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- (27) Salmassi, A; Polym Photochem 1982, V2, P209 HCAPLUS
- (28) Schnabel, W; Laser in Polymer Science and Technology: Applications 1991, V2, P95
- (29) Sluggett, G; J Am Chem Soc 1995, V117, P5148 HCAPLUS
- (30) Sluggett, G; J Am Chem Soc 1996, V118, P7367 HCAPLUS
- (31) Sumiyashi, T; Polymer 1985, V26, P141
- IT 548-62-9, Crystal violet
 - RL: RCT (Reactant)

(selective probe mol.; addn. kinetics of .alpha.-hydroxy and .alpha.-amino radicals to acrylates and to oxygen)

RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1 =

L10 ANSWER 11 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1999:23280 HCAPLUS

DN 130:111368

- TI Photopolymerizable compositions, resin compositions containing them, adhesives based on them, and laminated articles therewith
- IN Kimura, Yoshio; Hagiwara, Toshio
- PA Tokuyama Sekiyu Kagaku K. K., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- IC ICM C08F004-04

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CC
    38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
     JP 11001507 A2 19990106 JP 1997-172970 19970613
PΙ
     The compns. polymerizable with visible or near IR light comprise monomers
AB
     and/or oligomers contg. .gtoreq.1 ethylenically unsatd. bond, org. ionic
     colorants having absorption at visible or near IR regions, and org. azobis
     compds. Thus, a compn. comprising isobornyl acrylate 100, acryloylmorpholine 16, 2,2'-azobis(2,4-dimethylvaleronitrile) 1, and
     1,1,5,5-tetrakis(4-diethylaminophenyl)pentadienylium p-toluenesulfonate
     (.lambda.max 820 nm) 0.1 part was sandwiched with polycarbonate (Panlite
     PC 111) plates or acrylic resin (Sumipeck 000) plates and
     irradiated with 370-900 nm light to give test pieces showing
     material failure in a bending adhesion test for both samples.
ST
     polymethine visible photoinitiator acrylic adhesive
IT
     Polyurethanes, uses
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (acrylic; visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive
        compns. for plastic laminates)
IT
     Photopolymerization catalysts
        (ionic dyes and azobis compds.; visible light- or near IR-polymerizable
        acrylic adhesive compns. for plastic laminates)
IT
     Dyes
        (ionic; visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive
        compns. for plastic laminates)
     Photocurable adhesives
IT
        (visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive compns. for
        plastic laminates)
     Laminated plastics, preparation
IT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PREP (Preparation)
        (visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive compns. for
        plastic laminates)
     Acrylic polymers, miscellaneous
IT
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive compns. for
        plastic laminates)
TΤ
     Polycarbonates, miscellaneous
     RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive compns. for
        plastic laminates)
IT
     78-67-1, 2,2'-Azobisisobutyronitrile 81-88-9, Rhodamine B
     548-62-9, Crystal Violet 573-58-0, Congo Red
                                                       3056-93-7,
    Astrazon Orange G
                        4419-11-8, 2,2'-Azobis(2,4-dimethylvaleronitrile)
     23410-90-4
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive compns. for
        plastic laminates)
     30323-87-6P, Isobornyl acrylate homopolymer 208394-44-9P,
IT
    Acryloylmorpholine-isobornyl acrylate copolymer 219130-79-7P,
    Dicyclopentenyl acrylate-isobornyl acrylate copolymer 219130-80-0P,
    Acryloylmorpholine-phenoxyethyl acrylate copolymer 219772-31-3P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or
     engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive compns. for
       plastic laminates)
IT
     9011-14-7
                96420-85-8, Panlite PC 111
    RL: MSC (Miscellaneous)
        (visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive compns. for
       plastic laminates)
IT
     548-62-9, Crystal Violet 23410-90-4
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (visible light- or near IR-polymerizable acrylic adhesive compns. for
       plastic laminates)
```

ICS B32B007-12; B32B027-00; C08F002-50; C09J004-00; C09J157-00

548-62-9 HCAPLUS

RN

CN, Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1-

RN 23410-90-4 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-methyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-2,4-pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-, salt with 4-methylbenzenesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47827-22-5 CMF C37 H43 N4

CM 2

CRN 16722-51-3 CMF C7 H7 O3 S

L10 ANSWER 12 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS AN 1998:693323 HCAPLUS

```
DN.
     130:18980
     Photopolymerizable composition for manufacturing functional laminated
TΙ
     glass and manufacture of the glass
IN
     Sugita, Shuichi
PΑ
     Showa Denko K. K., Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
     Patent
DT
     Japanese
LΑ
     ICM C03C027-12
IC
     ICS C08F002-50
     74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
     Reprographic Processes)
     Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38, 57
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                     ----
                                           _____
     JP 10287450
                       A2
                            19981027
                                           JP 1997-96122
                                                            19970414
ΡI
     MARPAT 130:18980
os
AΒ
     The compn. contains a visible light- and/or near IR-sensitive photopolymn.
     initiator, optionally a heat-polymn. initiator, and a polymerizable
     unsatd. compd. The title glass is manufd. by sandwiching the compn.
     between glass plates and irradiating for polymn. The method is useful for
     manufg. a functional glass having color, fire-resistant property,
     light-modulating property, etc.
     laminate glass photopolymn fire resistance; visible light photopolymn
ST
     initiator laminate glass; near IR photopolymn initiator laminate glass;
     light modulator laminate glass photopolymn
ΙT
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (UV-absorbing; manuf. of functional laminated glass from polymerizable
        compn.)
ΙT
     Glass, uses
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (colored; manuf. of functional laminated glass from polymerizable
        compn.)
ΙT
     Laminated materials
        (fire-resistant; manuf. of functional laminated glass from
        polymerizable compn.)
IT
     Fire-resistant materials
        (laminates; manuf. of functional laminated glass from polymerizable
        compn.)
IT
     Optical modulators
        (manuf. of functional laminated glass from polymerizable compn.)
ΙT
     Laminated glass
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (manuf. of functional laminated glass from polymerizable compn.)
ΙT
     Photopolymerization catalysts
        (visible light- and/or near IR-sensitive; manuf. of functional
        laminated glass from polymerizable compn.)
     120307-06-4, Tetrabutylammonium butyltriphenylborate
IΤ
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (initiator; manuf. of functional laminated glass from polymerizable
        compn.)
ΙT
     141714-54-7
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (near IR-sensitive initiator; manuf. of functional laminated glass from
        polymerizable compn.)
     75980-60-8, 2,4,6-Trimethylbenzoyl-diphenylphosphine oxide 145052-34-2,
ΙT
     Bis(2,6-dimethoxybenzoyl)-2,4,4-trimethylpentylphosphine oxide
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (photo initiator; manuf. of functional laminated
        glass from polymerizable compn.)
TΤ
     166892-69-9
     RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (visible light-sensitive initiator; manuf. of functional laminated
        glass from polymerizable compn.)
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96233-23-7

C45 H59 N4

CRN

CMF

CM 2

CRN 47252-39-1

CMF C22 H24 B

CCI CCS

CDES 7:T-4

C22 H24 B CMF CCS CCI CDES 7:T-4

2 CM

7438-46-2 CRN CMF C25 H30 N3

ANSWER 13 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

1998:419139 HCAPLUS ΑN

DN 129:168021

ΤI Acid-stable dye-borate electron transfer photoinitiators

Cunningham, Allan; Kunz, Martin ΑU

Additives Division, Ciba Specialty Chemicals, Marly, CH-1723/1, Switz. CS

RadTech '98 North Am. UV/EB Conf. Proc. (1998), 38-41 Publisher: RadTech International North America, Northbrook, Ill. CODEN: 66IXAN

Conference DT

LΑ English

74-12 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes)

A new acid-stable borate co-initiator suitable for use in imaging AΒ applications is presented. Exptl. results reported here demonstrate that the derived dye-borate photoinitiators are highly reactive over the whole visible range of the electromagnetic spectrum and, thus, tunable to a variety of light sources.

photoimaging electron transfer radical photoinitiator; borate dye radical ST photoinitiator holog photolithog; photopolymn borate dye photoinitiator holog photolithog

IT Photoimaging materials

> (dye-borate electron transfer polymn. photoinitiators for photoimaging applications)

IT Holographic recording materials

Photoinduced electron transfer

Photolithography

Photopolymerization catalysts

(dye-borate electron transfer polymn. photoinitiators for photoimaging applications in holog. and lithog.)

61-73-4, Methylene Blue 81-88-9, Rhodamine B 92-32-0, Pyronine GY IT

477-73-6, Safranine O 548-24-3 **548-62-9**, Crystal violet 632-68-8, Rose Bengal B **633-03-4** 2907-13-3 3087-16-9 5495-84-1, Quantacure ITX 18472-89-4, Cresyl violet 103430-24-6 139976-53-7 191726-45-1, Tetramethylammonium 191726-39-3 hexyltris(m-fluorophenyl)borate 191726-62-2 211228-55-6 211228-74-9 211228-81-8 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (dye-borate electron transfer polymn. photoinitiators for photoimaging applications in holog. and lithog.) IT 79-10-7, 2-Propenoic acid, reactions RL: RCT (Reactant) (dye-borate electron transfer polymn. photoinitiators for photoimaging applications in holog. and lithog.) IT 548-62-9, Crystal violet 633-03-4 3087-16-9 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (dye-borate electron transfer polymn. photoinitiators for photoimaging applications in holog. and lithog.) 548-62-9 HCAPLUS RN CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-

cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• c1-

RN 633-03-4 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, sulfate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 18198-35-1 CMF C27 H33 N2

CM 2

CRN 14996-02-2 CMF H O4 S

RN 3087-16-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl](2-hydroxy-3,6-disulfo-1-naphthalenyl)methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, inner salt, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

L10 ANSWER 14 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1998:160936 HCAPLUS

DN 128:231317

TI Photocurable prepreg compositions and method for manufacture

IN Otani, Kazuo; Yamamoto, Tomio; Chishiro, Hidetake; Sugita, Shuichi; Kamata, Hironori; Watanabe, Takeo

PA Showa Denko K. K., Japan; Showa Highpolymer Co., Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C08J005-10

ICS C08F002-50; C08F283-01; C08F290-06; C08J005-24

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI JP 10067865 A2 19980310 JP 1997-128929 19970519

PRAI JP 1996-149986 19960521

OS MARPAT 128:231317

AB The compns. comprise unsatd. polyesters or/and vinyl ester resins, .gtoreq.2 photoinitiators of different sensitivities to different wave lengths, inorg. or org. reinforcement fibers and fillers where the compns. are partially polymd. to B-stage without using up the radical-polymn. unsatd. sites and photoinitiators for improving the storage stability and workability of B-stage resins while retaining the good curability by heat after molding. Impregnating a glass fiber mat in a compn. of Ripoxy R-802 100, 1,1,5,5-tetrakis(p-diethylaminophenyl)-2,4-pentadienyl triphenylbutylborate 0.03, tetrabutylammonium triphenylbutylborate 0.15, 2,2'-bis(o-chlorophenyl)-4,4',5,5'-tetraphenyl-1,1'-bisimidazole 0.3 and 2-mercaptobenzothiazole 1.0 parts, covering on top with a Mylar film, and irradiating with a spotlight having wave length between 600-1200 nm for 5 min gave a B-stage prepreg compn. with good storage stability and curability after 2 mo.

photocurable prepreg B stage thermoset resin; glass fiber reinforcement photocurable prepreg; photoinitiator combination B stage prepreg ΙT Photopolymerization catalysts (for photocurable prepreg compns. with good storage stability and curability) IΤ Unsaturated polyesters RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photocurable prepreg compns. with good storage stability and curability and method for manuf.) Glass fiber-reinforced plastics IT RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (prepregs; photocurable prepreg compns. with good storage stability and curability and method for manuf.) 39414-49-8, Rigolac 1557 54847-75-5, Rigolac 2141 62395-94-2, Ripoxy IT 171040-23-6, Ripoxy H-630 RL: POF (Polymer in formulation); PRP (Properties); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photocurable prepreg compns. with good storage stability and curability and method for manuf.) IT 6359-45-1 6441-84-5 41687-02-9 71143-08-3 201029-22-3 202063-07-8 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (photoinitiator; for photocurable prepreg compns. with good storage stability and curability) 149-30-4, 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole 1707-68-2, 2,2'-Bis(o-chlorophenyl)-IT 4,4',5,5'-tetraphenyl-1,1'-biimidazole 120307-06-4, Tetrabutylammonium butyltriphenylborate 141714-54-7 174285-64-4, Irgacure 1700 184649-96-5, Irgacure 1800 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (photoinitiator; photocurable prepreg compns. with good storage stability and curability and method for manuf.) IT 41687-02-9 71143-08-3 201029-22-3 202063-07-8 RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses) (photoinitiator; for photocurable prepreg compns. with good storage stability and curability) RN 41687-02-9 HCAPLUS CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, tetraphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 1 CM 7438-46-2 CRN CMF C25 H30 N3 N+Me2 NMe₂ Me₂N

CCS

CM

CRN

CMF

CCI

2

4358-26-3

C24 H20 B

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
\hline
 & & \\
\hline$$

CN

RN 71143-08-3 HCAPLUS

Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl][4-(methylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• c1-

RN 201029-22-3 HCAPLUS CN Methanaminium, N-[4-

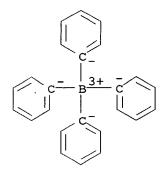
Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl][4-(phenylamino)-1-naphthalenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-,tetraphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 48232-56-0 CMF C33 H32 N3

CM 2

CRN 4358-26-3 CMF C24 H20 B CCI CCS



RN 202063-07-8 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[(2-chlorophenyl)[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, tetraphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 25501-72-8 CMF C23 H24 C1 N2

CM 2

CRN 4358-26-3 CMF C24 H20 B CCI CCS

IT 141714-54-7

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
(photoinitiator; photocurable prepreg compns. with good storage stability and curability and method for manuf.)

RN 141714-54-7 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanaminium, N-ethyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-2,4-

pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-, (T-4)butyltriphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 96233-23-7 CMF C45 H59 N4

CM 2

CRN 47252-39-1 CMF C22 H24 B CCI CCS CDES 7:T-4

1996:693806 HCAPLUS

125:301900 DN Crosslinking of photocurable compositions ΤI Sugita, Shuichi; Kamata, Hirotoshi IN Showa Denko Kk, Japan PA Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF DTPatent LΑ Japanese IC ICM C08F002-50 ICS B05D003-00; B05D007-24; C08F002-44; C08F004-00; C09D004-00; C09D005-00 CC 35-8 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers) Section cross-reference(s): 42

FAN.CNT 1

ΑN

PATENT NO.

KIND DATE

L10 ANSWER 15 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

APPLICATION NO. DATE

NMe₂

Me₂N

CCI CCS

RN 96233-24-8 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanaminium, N-ethyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-2,4pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-, salt with 4-methylbenzenesulfonic acid (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

96233-23-7 CRN CMF C45 H59 N4

CM 2

CRN 16722-51-3 C7 H7 O3 S CMF

RN 141714-54-7 HCAPLUS CN. Ethanaminium, N-ethyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-2,4-pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-, (T-4)-butyltriphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 96233-23-7 CMF C45 H59 N4

CM 2

CRN 47252-39-1 CMF C22 H24 B CCI CCS CDES 7:T-4

L10 ANSWER 16 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1995:367527 HCAPLUS

DN 122:147321

TI Photosensitive resin composition

IN Tanaka, Yoji; Kimura, Noryo; Tanno, Kyohito; Kakumaru, Hajime; Kubota, Naohiro; Tominaga, Nobuhide; Ishizaki, Koji

PA Asahi Denka Kogyo Kk, Japan; Hitachi Chemical Co Ltd

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM G03F007-038

ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-027; G03F007-031; G03F007-033; H01L021-027;

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

OS MARPAT 122:147321

GΙ

O(CHR²CH₂O)_nCOCR¹=CH₂

$$C(Me)_{2}$$

$$C(Me)_{2}$$

$$C(Me)_{2}$$

$$C(CHR3CH2O)mCOCR4=CH2 I
$$R^{11}R^{12}N$$

$$CO$$

$$NR^{13}R^{14}$$
III$$

A photosensitive resin compn. which is rapidly developable in a weak AB alkali soln. to provide etching-resistant images and useful in printed circuit manuf. comprises (A) a vinyl copolymer having a Tg of 50-120.degree. and a wt.-av. mol. wt. of 30,000-150,000 and obtained by copolymg. methacrylic acid, Me methacrylate, and Et acrylate, (B) an ethylenically unsatd. compd. represented by the formula I (R1-4 = H or CH3; m + n = 8-12), (C) an ethylenically unsatd. compd. represented by the formula CH2=CR6CO2R5OCOZCO2CH2CHOHR7 (Z = a dicarboxylic acid group; R5 = C1-3 alkyl; R6 = H or methyl; R7 = H, Me, Et, or CH2X where X = Cl or Br), (D) a photoinitiator having the formula II (R8 = -C6-12 alkylene), (E) a photoinitiator having the formula AlCOC(OR9)(OR10)A2 (A1, A2 = Ph which may be substituted with C1-3 alkyl or alkoxy; R9, R10 = C1-9 alkyl), and (F) a photoinitiator having the formula III (R11-14 = C1-3 alkyl). STphotosensitive resin compn printed circuit; photoresist photopolymerizable arom photoinitiator IT Photoimaging compositions and processes (photopolymerizable, contq. bis[(methacryloxypolyethylene)phenyl]propan e derivs. and multiple arom. photoinitiators)

IT Resists

(photo-, photopolymerizable, contg. bis[(methacryloxypolyethylene)pheny l]propane derivs. and multiple arom. photoinitiators)

IT Electric circuits

(printed, photopolymerizable compns. contg.

bis[(methacryloxypolyethylene)phenyl]propane derivs. and multiple arom. photoinitiators for manuf. of)

IT 90-93-7 123-31-9, Hydroquinone, uses 558-13-4, Tetrabromomethane 569-64-2, Malachite green 603-48-5, Leuco crystal violet 24650-42-8 25133-97-5, Ethyl acrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer 39332-53-1, Acrylic acid-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer 41637-38-1, 2,2-Bis[4-(methacryloxypolyethoxy)phenyl]propane 61894-33-5 141946-28-3, 1,7-Bis(9-acridinyl)heptane

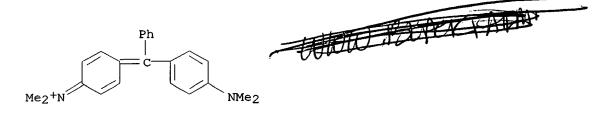
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photopolymerizable resin compns. contg., for printed circuit manuf.)

IT 569-64-2, Malachite green

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photopolymerizable resin compns. contg., for printed circuit manuf.)

RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● cl -

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L10
    ANSWER 17 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN
    1995:302808 HCAPLUS
    122:83273
DN
ΤI
    Near IR-curable unsaturated ethylenic compound polymeric foamable
    compositions
IN
    Katsuno, Nobuhiro
    Three Bond Co Ltd, Japan
PΑ
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.
SO
    CODEN: JKXXAF
    Patent
DT
    Japanese
LΑ
    ICM C08J009-14
TC
    ICS B05D003-06; C09K003-10
ICA
    C09D004-00
    38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
                                       APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                       _____
    _____
                   ____
    JP 06192459
                 A2 19940712
                                       JP 1992-357728 19921225
PI
AΒ
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The compns. comprise unsatd. ethylenic compds., hollow fillers and/or expandable microcapsules, and near IR photoinitiators of cyanine complex. Irradiating a mixt. of Viscoat 3700 100, 2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate 10, glycidyl methacrylate 10, tetramethylammonium Bu triphenylborate 1, Q-CEL 200 (silica balloon) 100, 2,6-diisopropyl-N,N-dimethylaniline 1, and 1-ethyl-2-[7-(1-ethyl-2(1H)-quinolinylidene)-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-, (T-4)-butyltriphenylborate(1-) quinolinium 1 part at 500 W UV lamp gave a 2.43-fold foam showing elongation 100%, d. 0.41, and JIS A hardness 80.

ST acrylate IR curable foam compn; silica balloon acrylate IR curable foam; photo polymn acrylate copolymer foam

IT Shirasu

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(Winlite SC 50, hollow fillers; near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compds. polymeric foamable compns.)

IT Plastics, cellular

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

IT Catalysts and Catalysis

(photo; near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

IT Microbial capsule

(microcapsule, near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

IT Glass, oxide

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material

use); USES (Uses)
 (microspheres, borosilicate, hollow fillers; near IR-curable unsatd.
 ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

IT Infrared radiation

(near-, near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

IT Polymerization

(photochem., near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

9010-76-8, Expancel 551DE 61132-18-1, Fillite 84992-23-4, Expancel RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)

(hollow fillers; near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

IT 141714-60-5 **141714-61-6** 141714-62-7

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

IT 106-91-2DP, Glycidyl methacrylate, polymers 868-77-9DP, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate, polymers 25322-69-4DP, Polypropylene glycol, reaction products with acrylates, polyurethane-modified 160311-21-7P 160311-22-8P 160311-23-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

IT 141714-61-6

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric foamable compns.)

RN 141714-61-6 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[5-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1,5-diphenyl-2,4-pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, (T-4)-butyltriphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47764-98-7 CMF C33 H33 N2

CM 2

CRN 47252-39-1 CMF C22 H24 B CCI CCS CDES 7:T-4

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L10 ANSWER 18 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
     1995:302807 HCAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     122:57787
ΤI
    Near IR-curable unsaturated ethylenic compound polymeric compositions and
     the foamed gasket composites prepared therefrom
    Katsuno, Nobuhiro
IN
    Three Bond Co Ltd, Japan .
PΑ
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
SO
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LА
    Japanese
    ICM C08J009-30
IC
     ICS B05D001-02; B05D003-06; C08J007-04; C09K003-10
    C09D004-00
ICA
CC
     38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     _____
                     ____
                           -----
                                          -----
    JP 06192468 A2 19940712 JP 1992-357729 19921225
PΙ
AΒ
    The compns. comprise unsatd. ethylenic compds. and near IR photoinitiators
    of cyanine complex. Irradiating a mixt. of bis(methacryloyloxy)dimethylsi
    lane 100, glycidyl methacrylate 25, 2,6-diisópropyl-N,N-dimethylaniline 1,
     and 1-ethyl-2-[7-(1-ethyl-2(1H)-quinolinylidene)-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-,
     (T-4)-butyltriphenylborate(1-) quinolinium 1 part at 500 W UV lamp gave a
     2.43-fold foamed gasket showing elongation 100%, d. 0.41, and JIS A
    hardness 10.
    methacrylate IR curable compn gasket; cyanine complex curing
ST
     acryloxylsilane copolymer; foam gasket photo polymn acrylate copolymer
ΙT
    Infrared radiation
        (near; near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric compns. and
        the foamed gasket composites prepd. therefrom)
    Catalysts and Catalysis
IT
        (photo; near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric compns. and
        the foamed gasket composites prepd. therefrom)
IT
    Rubber, butadiene, uses
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (acrylate-terminated, polymers, with glycidyl methacrylate; near
       IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric compns. and the foamed
       gasket composites prepd. therefrom)
IT
    Polymerization
        (photochem., near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric compns.
        and the foamed gasket composites prepd. therefrom)
ΙT
     141714-60-5
                  141714-62-7
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (near IR photoinitiator; near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic
       compd. polymeric compns. and the foamed gasket composites prepd.
       therefrom)
IT
    141714-61-6
    RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)
        (near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric compns. and the
        foamed gasket composites prepd. therefrom)
    106-91-2DP, polymers 25322-69-4DP, Polypropylene glycol, reaction
IT
    products with acrylates, polyurethane-modified 160311-20-6P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric compns. and the
        foamed gasket composites prepd. therefrom)
ΙT
    9003-17-2P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material
    use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (rubber, acrylate-terminated, polymers, with glycidyl methacrylate;
       near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric compns. and the
```

(near IR-curable unsatd. ethylenic compd. polymeric compns. and the

foamed gasket composites prepd. therefrom)

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

ΙT

141714-61-6

foamed gasket composites prepd. therefrom)

RN 141714-61-6 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[5-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1,5-diphenyl-2,4-pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-,
(T-4)-butyltriphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 47764-98-7 CMF C33 H33 N2

CM 2

CRN 47252-39-1 CMF C22 H24 B CCI CCS CDES 7:T-4

L10 ANSWER 19 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1995:128250 HCAPLUS

DN 122:135482

TI Photocurable adhesive compositions

IN Hanada, Minami

PA Three Bond Co Ltd, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C09J004-00

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 39

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

-----PI JP 06207146 A2 19940726 JP 1993-33899 19930111
GI

Ph3B @ Bu

I

AΒ The title compns., useful for adhesion of glass, plastics, metals, etc., comprise addn. polymerizable ethylenically unsatd. compds. 100, elastomers 1-60, and photoinitiators which initiate polymn. by 390-900-nm light 1-20 parts. Thus, NK Oligo U 4H 90, hydroxyethyl acrylate 10, cyanine dye complex I 1, acrylic rubber 10, oxidant 1, and sensitizer 1 part were mixed and irradiated by a halogen lamp to give a cured product with tensile strength 1.9 MPa and peel strength 4.0 kN/m. ST photocurable adhesive ethylenically unsatd compd; hydroxyethyl acrylate photocurable adhesive; photoinitiator adhesive ethylenically unsatd compd; acrylic elastomer blend adhesive photocurable IT Adhesives (photocurable adhesives contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd., elastomers, and photoinitiators) IT Rubber, nitrile, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (photocurable adhesives contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd., elastomers, and photoinitiators) Rubber, synthetic RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)

IT

(acrylic, photocurable adhesives contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd., elastomers, and photoinitiators)

Rubber, synthetic IT

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (fluoro, photocurable adhesives contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd., elastomers, and photoinitiators)

IT Polymerization catalysts

> (photochem., photocurable adhesives contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd., elastomers, and photoinitiators)

161030-61-1P IT

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(photocurable adhesives contg. ethylenically unsatd. compds., elastomers, and photoinitiators)

TΤ 141714-60-5 **141714-61-6** 141714-62-7

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(photoinitiators; photocurable adhesives contq. ethylenically unsatd. compd., elastomers, and photoinitiators)

IT 9003-18-3

> RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses) (rubber, photocurable adhesives contq. ethylenically unsatd. compd., elastomers, and photoinitiators)

ΙT 141714-61-6

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)

(photoinitiators; photocurable adhesives contq. ethylenically unsatd. compd., elastomers, and photoinitiators)

RN 141714-61-6 HCAPLUS

Methanaminium, N-[4-[5-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-1,5-diphenyl-2,4-CN pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, (T-4)-butyltriphenylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

47764-98-7 CMF C33 H33 N2

CM 2

CRN 47252-39-1 CMF C22 H24 B CCI CCS CDES 7:T-4

L10 ANSWER 20 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1995:67794 HCAPLUS

DN 122:118702

TI Characterization of photochemical cured acrylates with calorimetric methods

AU Strehmel, Bernd; Anwand, Dirk; Wetzel, Hendrik

CS Department of Chemical Engineering, Stanford University, Stanford, CA, 94305-5025, USA

SO Proc. SPIE-Int. Soc. Opt. Eng. (1994), 2195 (Advances in Resist Technology and Processing XI), 801-12 CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

DT Journal

LA English

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

AΒ Radical polymn. kinetics of different kinds of diacrylates was investigated in linear polymers (binders) by using an isoperibolic calorimeter. For all expts. benzoin compds. were added as photoinitiator. The ester between acrylic acid and bisphenol-A-diglycidylether (DDGDA) and hexamethylenediacrylate were used as monomers. Both compds. have a high limiting conversion and a large polymn. rate in the binders investigated. Addnl., three kinds of termination reaction were obsd.: first order, second order, and primary radical termination. The last reaction was mainly found in the case of using the hexamethylenediacrylate monomer. The materials were investigated by DSC to det. the phase behavior. Both monomers form one phase with the binder (polymethylmethacrylate, PMMA). In contrast, a phase sepn. was obsd. between the crosslinked hexamethylenediacrylate and PMMA. Formations of semi-interpenetrating networks were found in the case of crosslinked DDGDA and PMMA. The glass transition temps. were detd. at different polymn. degrees also. The obtained results indicate that most of the network formation occurred in the glassy state. Fluorescence probe technique was applied to study changes in the mobility during network formation. The fluorescence probe crystal violet (CV) was used because this compd. shows a strong free vol.-dependent fluorescence. It was found that in the glassy state, where most of networks were formed, a large variation of the mol. mobility was obsd. during irradn. of the photopolymers. This result was in agreement

with the observations during DSC expts.

ST calorimeter radical polymn kinetics diacrylate resist

ITFluorescence

Glass temperature and transition

Photolysis

Resists

(calorimetric characterization of radical polymn, kinetics of diacrylates)

IT Crosslinking

> (photochem., calorimetric characterization of radical polymn. kinetics of diacrylates)

IT 548-62-9, Crystal violet

> RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (fluorescence probe; calorimetric characterization of radical polymn. kinetics of diacrylates)

13048-33-4, Hexamethylenediacrylate TΨ 4687-94-9

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(monomer; calorimetric characterization of radical polymn. kinetics of diacrylates)

IT 6652-28-4, .alpha.-Isopropoxydeoxybenzoin 24650-42-8, .alpha.,.alpha.-Dimethoxydeoxybenzoin

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(photoinitiator; calorimetric characterization of radical polymn. kinetics of diacrylates)

ΙT 9003-39-8, Poly(vinylpyrrolidone) 9011-14-7, PMMA 118168-67-5, .alpha.-Methylstyrene-monobutyl maleate copolymer RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); USES (Uses) (polymeric binder; calorimetric characterization of radical polymn. kinetics of diacrylates)

IT 548-62-9, Crystal violet

RL: NUU (Nonbiological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); USES (Uses) (fluorescence probe; calorimetric characterization of radical polymn. kinetics of diacrylates)

548-62-9 HCAPLUS RN

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

L10 ANSWER 21 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1994:55280 HCAPLUS

DN

TI Visible light-sensitive photoinitiators

Murofushi, Katsumi; Hosoda, Kiichi IN

PA Showa Denko Kk, Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

Japanese LA

IC ICM C08F002-50 CC. 35-3 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)
Section cross-reference(s): 67

FAN.CNT 1
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.

PI JP 05059110 A2 19930309 JP 1991-253187 19910903

Me₂N Me Me Me Cl⁻

The title initiators having high sensitivities comprise R1R2R3R4B-.cntdot.N+R5R6R7R8 (R1-4 = alkyl, aryl, alkaryl, allyl, aralkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, silyl, alicyclic, or their substituted derivs.; R5-8 = H, alkyl, aryl, alkaryl, allyl, aralkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alicyclic, or their substituted derivs.) and D+.cntdot.A- (D+ = cationic dyes; A- = halo ion, ClO4-, PF6-, BF4-, SbF6-, OH-, sulfonic acid ion). Thus, a mixt. contg. 10 parts trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate, 0.1% I and 0.3% tetrabutylammonium butyltriphenylborate was irradiated by visible light for 1 s to give a polymer.

Ι

DATE

ST polymn catalyst photochem visible light; acrylate dye photoinitiator; cationic dye borate photoinitiator; butylammonium butyltriphenylborate photoinitiator

IT Dyes

(visible light-sensitive, photoinitiators as, with high sensitivity)

IT Dyes

(cationic, visible light-sensitive, photoinitiators as, with high sensitivity)

IT Polymerization catalysts

(photochem., visible light-sensitive dyes and ammonium-borate complexes as, with high sensitivity)

IT514-73-8 2390-63-8 3317-67-7 14806-50-9 15187-16-3 34442-71-2 43134-09-4 55804-66-5 87220-60-8 38215-36-0 41044-12-6 152052-61-4 152052-62-5 152071-32-4 152052-60-3 152071-33-5

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoinitiators contg. ammonium-borate complexes and, visible light-sensitive)

IT 23231-91-6, Tetrabutylammonium tetrabutylborate 117522-01-7 120307-06-4, Tetrabutylammonium butyltriphenylborate 141714-72-9 152159-86-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoinitiators contg. dyes and, visible light-sensitive)

IT 26426-04-0P, Trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate homopolymer 83332-21-2P, Diethylene glycol dimethacrylate-trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate copolymer 139989-85-8P 152070-37-6P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, by photochem., visible light-sensitive photoinitiators for)

IT 152052-60-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoinitiators contg. ammonium-borate complexes and, visible light-sensitive)

RN 152052-60-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclohexanaminium, N-methyl-N-[6-methyl-7-(phenylamino)-9-[2-[(2-propenyloxy)carbonyl]phenyl]-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene]-, bromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● Br-

L10 ANSWER 22 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1993:213733 HCAPLUS

DN 118:213733

TI Near-infrared photoinitiators

IN Kondo, Kunio; Murofushi, Katsumi; Gan, Gyokuai; Hosoda, Kiichi

PA Showa Denko K. K., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C08F002-46

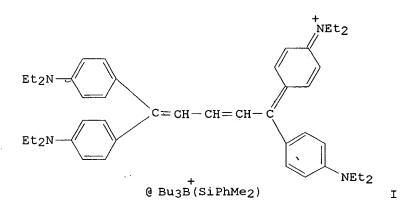
ICS C08F020-06; C08F020-10

CC 35-3 (Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers)

Section cross-reference(s): 67

FAN.CNT 1

11774	ONL				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 04261406	A2	19920917	JP 1991-75999	19910215
	JP 2956246	B2	19991004		
OS GI	MARPAT 118:21373	33			



The title initiators D+.cntdot.R1R2R3B- (SiR4R5R6) (D+ = near-IR absorbing cationic dyes; R1-6 = hydrocarbyl, providing .gtoreq.1 of R1-3 is C1-8 alkyl) have high sensitivities. Thus, a compn. contg. 4 g 2,2-bis[4-(3-methacryloyloxy-2-hydroxypropoxy)phenyl]propane, 6 g trimethylolpropane trimethacrylate, and 0.1% I was irradiated by laser at 830 nm and 200 mW for 10 s to give a transparent resin.

ST near IR absorbing dye borate; cationic dye borate complex photoinitiator; methacrylate near IR photoinitiator; photochem near IR polymn catalyst

IT Dyes

(cationic, borate complexes, near-IR photoinitiators as) IT Polymerization catalysts (photochem., near IR-absorbing dyes and borates, with high sensitivities) 147530-21-0 147530-23-2 147530-25-4 147530-27-6 IT 147530-34-5 147530-35-6 147530-37-8 147530-30-1 147530-32-3 RL: USES (Uses) (near-IR photoinitiators, with high sensitivities) IT 63463-91-2P 138105-58-5P 139989-85-8P 147212-40-6P RL: PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, by photochem., near-IR photoinitiators for) 147530-21-0 147530-23-2 IT RL: USES (Uses) (near-IR photoinitiators, with high sensitivities) 147530-21-0 HCAPLUS RN CN Ethanaminium, N-ethyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-2,4pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-, (T-4)tributyl(dimethylphenylsilyl)borate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 147530-20-9 CMF C20 H38 B Si CCI CCS CDES 7:T-4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ph} \\ & | \\ \text{Me-si-Me} \\ \\ \text{Me-CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{Me} \\ & | \\ & | \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 96233-23-7 CMF C45 H59 N4

RN 147530-23-2 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanaminium, N-ethyl-N-[4-[1,5,5-tris[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]-2,4-pentadienylidene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-, (T-4)-dibutyl(dimethylphenylsilyl)octylborate(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 147530-22-1 CMF C24 H46 B Si CCI CCS CDES: 7:T-4

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ph} \\ & | \\ \text{Me-Si-Me} \\ & | \\ \text{Me-CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{Me} \\ & | \\ & | \\ & | \\ \text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{Me} \end{array}$$

CM 2

96233-23-7 CMF C45 H59 N4

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ANSWER 23 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
L10
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1993:180048 HCAPLUS AN

118:180048 DN

Borate coinitiators for photopolymerizable compositions ΤI

Monroe, Bruce Malcolm; Weed, Gregory C. IN

du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA PA

PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2

DTPatent

LΑ English

IC

ICM C08F002-50 ICS G03F007-031

74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 35

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. _____ ΡI WO 9213900 A1 19920820 WO 1992-US358 19920129 W: JP

RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE

US 1991-649358 19910201 US 5143818 Α 19920901 19931118 EP 1992-904946 19920129 EP 569488 A1 EP 569488 В1 19960904 R: DE, FR, GB, IT JP 06505287 19940616 JP 1992-505355 19920129 T2 19910201 PRAI US 1991-649358 WO 1992-US358 19920129

AB

The title photopolymerizable compns. comprise a free-radical polymerizable unsatd. compd. and an initiator system comprising an anionic dye capable of absorbing actinic radiation and a borate anion BX1X2X3X4-[X1-X4 = alkyl, alkenyl, aryl, aralkyl, alkynyl, alicyclic, allyl, hetercyclyl with the proviso that .gtoreq.1 of X1-X4 is not aryl]. compns. have improved relative photospeed.

photopolymerizable compn free radical initiator; borate dye mixt ST photoinitiator

Polymerization catalysts IT

(photochem., dye-borate mixts. as)

ΙT 129-17-9, Patent blue vf 3087-16-9, Lissamine green B 6104-58-1, Brilliant blue G 6104-59-2, Brilliant blue R 13545-67-0, Ethyl orange 117522-01-7 136445-81-3 RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymn. initiator systems contg.)

129-17-9, Patent blue vf 3087-16-9, Lissamine green B IT 6104-58-1, Brilliant blue G 6104-59-2, Brilliant blue R RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymn. initiator systems contg.)

RN 129-17-9 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(diethylamino)phenyl](2,4-disulfophenyl)methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, inner salt, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

🛡 Na

3087-16-9 HCAPLUS RN

Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl](2-hydroxy-3,6-disulfo-1-CN naphthalenyl)methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, inner salt, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

RN 6104-58-1 HCAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-[(4-ethoxyphenyl)amino]phenyl]][4-[ethyl](3-sulfophenyl)methyl]amino]-2-methylphenyl]methylene]-3-methyl-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-3-sulfo-, inner salt, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OET

OET

NH

Et

N-CH2

SO3H

Me

PAGE 2-A

Na

RN 6104-59-2 HCAPLUS

Et

CN Benzenemethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-[(4-ethoxyphenyl)amino]phenyl][4-[ethyl[(3-sulfophenyl)methyl]amino]phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-3-sulfo-, inner salt, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

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L10 ANSWER 24 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN
    1992:601911 HCAPLUS
DN
    117:201911
    Photopolymerizable composition sensitive to visible light
TΙ
IN
    Ishii, Koichi
PA
    Pilot Corp., Japan
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DΤ
    Patent
T.A
    Japanese
    ICM G03F007-028
IC
    ICS G03F007-029
CC
    74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
    Reprographic Processes)
    Section cross-reference(s): 37
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
    _____
                     ____
                                          _____
PΙ
    JP 03293670
                     A2 19911225
                                          JP 1990-96979
                                                           19900412
AB
    In the title photopolymerizable compn. contg. an ethylenic monomer(s) and
    a photopolymn. initiator, the photopolymn. initiator comprises a basic
    dye, a tertiary aliph. amine and(or) a tertiary phosphine, and a tertiary
    thiophosphite. The compn. shows high sensitivity not only to UV but also
    to visible light, and its polymn. can be expected even with a light-bulb
    used for illumination.
    photopolymn compn visible light; initiator photopolymn visible light
ST
    Polymers, uses
IT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (photo-, ethylenic, compn. of)
IT
    Siloxanes and Silicones, uses
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (acrylate-, photopolymerizable compns. contg. X-62-7192)
IT
    Polymerization catalysts
        (photochem., amines, phosphines and phosphites contg.)
IT
    Photoimaging compositions and processes
        (photopolymerizable, photoinitiators for, for UV or visible
       light exposure)
    Alkenes, polymers
RL: USES (Uses)
IT
        (polymers, photo-, compn. of)
ΙT
    Amines, uses
    RL: USES (Uses)
```

(tertiary, photopolymn. initiator compns. contg.)

4491-03-6D, Bisphenol A diacrylate, ethylene oxide modified IT. 15625-89-5 26403-58-7, Poly(ethylene glycol) acrylate 77641-99-7, 24447-78-7 78446-93-2 125147-94-6, Kayarad CL-50 138789-58-9, Kayarad DPHA Kayarad ARC-82 144045-91-0, CM 619 144046-21-9, Kayarad TRA 320 RL: USES (Uses) (photopolymerizable compns. contg.) 3053-68-7, TPPS ፐጥ RL: USES (Uses) (radical generator, TPP-S, photopolymerizable compn. contg.) 102-71-6, uses 102-79-4, Butyldiethanolamine 102-86-3, Trihexylamine ΙT 105-59-9, Methyldiethanolamine 102-87-4, Trilaurylamine 603-35-0, 1656-63-9 2622-14-2, Tricyclohexylphosphine Triphenylphosphine, uses 4731-53-7, Trioctylphosphine 7378-99-6, Dimethyloctylamine 7650-89-7, 41556-26-7, Sanol LS-765 Tribenzylphosphine 40717-21-3 107119-91-5, Mark LA-62 115055-30-6 122687-44-9 143610-28-0 143610-29-1 144045-89-6, Chelex LT 3 RL: USES (Uses) (radical generator, photopolymerizable compn. contg.) IT 65-61-2, Acridine Orange 81-88-9 135-49-9, Acridine Yellow 61-73-4 553-24-2, Neutral Red 477-73-6 531-53-3, Azure A 531-55-5, Azure B 989-38-8, Rhodamine 6G 581-64-6 569-64-2, Malachite Green 1694-09-3, Acid Violet 5B 2390-54-7 2465-27-2 2580-56-5, Aizen Victoria Blue BH 2679-01-8, Methylene Green 3056-93-7 3648-36-0 6441-82-3 12217-48-0 12221-86-2, C.I. Basic Yellow 40 RL: USES (Uses) (sensitizer, photopolymerizable compn. contg.) ΙT 569-64-2, Malachite Green 1694-09-3, Acid Violet 5B 2580-56-5, Aizen Victoria Blue BH RL: USES (Uses) (sensitizer, photopolymerizable compn. contg.) RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-CN

cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1 -

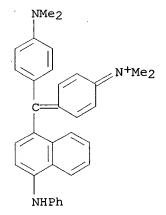
RN 1694-09-3 HCAPLUS CN Benzenemethanamini

Benzenemethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]][4-[ethyl](3-sulfophenyl)methyl]amino]phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-3-sulfo-, inner salt, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Na

RN 2580-56-5 HCAPLUS

Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl][4-(phenylamino)-1-CN naphthalenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● cl-

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L10 ANSWER 25 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
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ΑN 1992:427896 HCAPLUS

117:27896 DN

Manufacture of light- and heat-sensitive porous microcapsules TI

Takahashi, Hiroshi; Sakuhara, Toshihiko; Iwasaki, Fumiharu IN

Seiko Denshi Kogyo K. K., Japan PA

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp. SO

CODEN: JKXXAF

DΤ Patent

Japanese LΑ

ICM C08F002-44 IC

ICS B01J013-16

37-2 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing) CC

FAN.CNT 5							
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION NO.	DATE	
ΡI	JP 04046902	A2	19920217	JP	1990-158191	19900615	
	JP <u>25514</u> 98	B2	19961106				
	OS 5292458	\mathbf{A}_{\cdot}	19940308	US	1991-682914	19910409	
	US 5510224	A	19960423	US	1993-132579	19931006	
PRA:	JP 1990-94305	19900410					
	JP 1990-147021	19900	605				

JP 1990-158191 19900615 JP 1990-179250 19900705 JP 1990-278194 19901017 US 1991-682914 19910409

AB In the manuf. of title microcapsules contg. polymerizable monomers and photoinitiators decomposable by visible light, a process removing O from the monomers is included. Adding photosensitizer 0.1, DMF 1, and HMDI 5 parts to 25 parts trimethylolpropane triacrylate and 1.4 part crystal violet; stirring for 2 h while bubbling with N, emulsifying with aq. poly(vinyl alc.), adding 2.93 part diethylenetriamine, and aging for 1 h gave microcapsules, which when exposed to a 300-W Xe arc lamp with a UV cut filter cured in 0.97 s, V 2.55 s without the N.

ST light heat sensitive microcapsule manuf; oxygen removal microcapsule light sensitive; HMDI diethylenetriamine microcapsule trimethylolpropane triacrylate

IT Heat-sensitive materials Light-sensitive materials

(microcapsules, contg. acrylic monomers and photoinitiators)

IT Polyureas

RL: USES (Uses)

(microcapsules, contg. acrylic monomers and photoinitiators, heat- and light-sensitive)

IT Encapsulation

(micro-, of acrylic monomers and photoinitiators, oxygen removal in, for increased light sensitivity)

IT Polymerization catalysts

(photochem., visible light-decomposable, microcapsules contg., manuf. of)

IT 7727-37-9, Nitrogen, uses

RL: USES (Uses)

(bubbling with, for oxygen removal, in manuf. of light- and heat-sensitive microcapsules)

IT 65328-78-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(microcapsules, contg. acrylic monomers and photoinitiators, heat- and light-sensitive)

IT **548-62-9**, Crystal violet 15625-89-5, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate

RL: USES (Uses)

(microencapsulation of, by polyurea, heat- and light-sensitive)

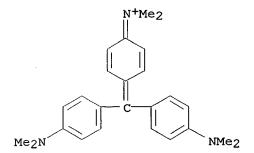
IT 548-62-9, Crystal violet

RL: USES (Uses)

(microencapsulation of, by polyurea, heat- and light-sensitive)

RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



• c1-

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AN, 1991:536397 HCAPLUS
DN
    115:136397
    Preparation of bis[(aminoalkyl)difluoroaryl]titanocenes as photoinitiators
ΤI
     Steiner, Eginhard; Beyeler, Harry; Huesler, Rinaldo
IN
PΑ
     Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz.
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 28 pp.
SO
     CODEN: EPXXDW
     Patent
DТ
    German
LΑ
IC
    ICM C07F017-00
     ICS C07F007-28; C08F002-50; G03F007-027
     29-10 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 35
```

FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _____ _____ ____ _____ PΙ EP 401166 A2 19901205 EP 1990-810378 19900523 EP 401166 A3 19910206 19950222 EP 401166 В1 R: DE, FR, GB, IT US 5068371 A 19911126 US 1990-527989 19900523 AΑ CA 1990-2017934 19900530 CA 2017934 19901201 JP 1990-144238 19900601 JP 03027393 A2 19910205 PRAI CH 1989-2075 19890601 MARPAT 115:136397 OS

Cp2Ti F F

GΙ

AΒ

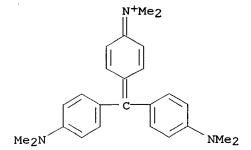
6-membered heteroaryl fluorinated in both positions ortho to The C-Ti bond], were prepd. Thus, a mixt. of bis(cyclopentadienyl)titanium dichloride and 1-[2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)ethyl]-1H-pyrrole in THF at -20.degree. was treated with LiN(CHMe2)2 in THF and the mixt. was stirred 2 h at -20.degree. to give title compd. I. I was used in photohardening of a mixt. of Scripset 540, trimethylolpropane triacrylate, polyethylene glycol diacrylate, and crystal violet. fluoroarylcyclopentadienyltitanocene acrylate photohardener; titanocene ST dichloride arylation difluorobenzene; photoinitiator aminoalkyldifluoroaryltitanocene IT Polymerization catalysts (photochem., (difluoroaryl)cyclopentadienyltitanocenes) IT 1271-19-8, Bis(cyclopentadienyl)titanium dichloride 32698-18-3, Bis (methylcyclopentadienyl) titanium chloride RL: RCT (Reactant) (arylation of, with difluorobenzene deriv.) IT 140-88-5

4,5,6,7-tetrahydroindenyl; R2,R3 = aminoalkyl-substituted Ph or 5- or

RR1R2R3Ti [R,R1 = (substituted) cyclopentadienyl, indenyl,

```
. RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (condensation of, with diazotized difluoroaniline)
     100-52-7, Benzaldehyde, reactions
                                         4300-97-4, Chloropivaloyl chloride
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (condensation of, with difluorobenzylamine, in prepn. of
     photoinitiator)
     15721-22-9
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (condensation of, with hexyldifluorobenzylamine, in prepn. of
      photoinitiator)
     110-13-4, Acetonylacetone
IT
                                 696-59-3, 2,5-Dimethoxytetrahydrofuran
     13528-93-3, 1,2-Bis(chlorodimethylsilyl)ethane
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (cyclocondensation of, with difluorobenzylamine, in prepn. of
     photoinitiator)
     367-25-9, 2,4-Difluoroaniline
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (diazotization and condensation of, with acrylate)
     67-56-1, Methanol, reactions 75-09-2, reactions 548-62-9,
TT
     Crystal violet 1328-53-6, C.I. Pigment Green 7 3524-68-3, Sartomer SR
          9003-08-1, Cymel 301 9003-39-8, Polyvinylpyrrolidone
     26570-48-9, Polyethyleneglycol diacrylate 39288-86-3, Carboset 525
     58206-31-8, Scripset 540
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (photopolymn. of mixts. contq., (difluoroaryl)titanium
     photoinitiators for)
IT
     72235-52-0P, 2,4-Difluorobenzylamine
                                            134672-65-4P
                                                            134672-66-5P
     134672-67-6P
                    134672-68-7P
                                   134672-69-8P
                                                  134672-70-1P
                                                                  134672-71-2P
     134672-72-3P
                    134672-73-4P
                                   134672-74-5P
                                                  134672-75-6P
                                                                  134672-76-7P
                                                  134672-80-3P
     134672-77-8P
                    134672-78-9P
                                   134672-79-0P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as intermediate for aryltitanocene photohardener)
IT
     134651-76-6P
                    134651-77-7P
                                   134651-78-8P
                                                  134651-79-9P
                                                                 134651-80-2P
     136049-19-9P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of, as photoinitiator)
     64248-64-2, 2,5-Difluorobenzonitrile
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (redn. of, in prepn. of aryltitanocene photoinitiator)
IT
     66-25-1, Capronaldehyde
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reductive condensation of, with diflurobenzylamine, in prepn. of
     photoinitiator)
     548-62-9, Crystal violet
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (photopolymn. of mixts. contg., (difluoroaryl)titanium
     photoinitiators for)
RN
     548-62-9 HCAPLUS
     Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-
CN
```

cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● c1⁻

```
L10 ANSWER 27 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN
    1991:249496 HCAPLUS
DN
    114:249496
    Photopolymerizable compositions and recording media
ΤI
    Okuma, Norio; Minami, Toru; Ohayashi, Hiroharu; Noda, Mariko
TN
PA
    Canon K. K., Japan; Sanyo Chemical Industries, Ltd.
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
    Japanese
LA
IC
    ICM C08F002-50
    ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-028
    42-12 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
CC
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                           DATE
    _____
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                           _____
                                           -----
                                                           _____
                           19910107
                                          JP 1989-132876
                                                           19890529
PΙ
    JP 03000704
                      A2
OS
    MARPAT 114:249496
AB
    The title compns. with high photosensitivity, suitable for one-shot
    photothermal transfer color recording, contain radical-polymerizable
    ethylenic double bond-contg. compd. and a photoinitiator including onium
    compds. ArlI+Ar2B-(Ar3)3R1 (Ar1, Ar2, Ar3 = aryl; R1 = alkyl, aralkyl,
    alkaryl, alkenyl, alkynyl, alicyclic group, heterocyclic group). A soln.
    of trimethylolpropane triacrylate 20, PMMA 15, 4,4'-bis(methylthio)benzil
     1, Et p-dimethylaminobenzoate 0.5, and (BuC6H4)2I+ -BPh3Bu (I) 0.8 g in
    100 mL dichloromethane was spin-coated on Al to a thickness of 4 .mu.m,
    covered with a poly(vinyl alc.) film, exposed via a 10-step optical wedge,
    and developed in 1,1,1-trichloroethane to give 9 steps, compared with 5
     for a control using Ph2I+ PF6- in place of I.
    iodonium borate acrylic photopolymn initiator; photothermal transfer
ST
     recording media initiator; benzil photoinitiator photothermal transfer
     recording
IT
    Onium compounds
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (iodonium, borates, photoinitiators, for photothermal
        transfer recording materials)
IT
     Polymerization catalysts
        (photochem., iodonium borate-contg., for photothermal transfer
        recording materials)
IT
    Recording materials
        (thermooptical, transfer, iodonium borate photoinitiators
        for)
IT
     61358-24-5P
    RL: RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. and reaction with lithium borate)
IT
     133972-99-3P
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
```

(manuf. of, for photoinitiators for photothermal transfer

recording materials)

IT., 132838-87-0 133954-58-2 133954-57-1 RL: USES (Uses) (photoinitiators contg., for photothermal transfer recording materials) ΙT 86-39-5 90-47-1, 9H-Xanthen-9-one **569-64-2** 1226-42-2, 4,4'-Dimethoxybenzil 6597-43-9 10287-53-3, Ethyl p-14696-39-0 41996-78-5 53458-17-6 dimethylaminobenzoate 63226-13-1 133954-59-3 71241-80-0 RL: USES (Uses) (photoinitiators, contg. iodonium borates, for photothermal transfer recording materials) 9011-14-7, PMMA 36446-02-3, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate polymer TT 134054-58-3 RL: USES (Uses) (photothermal transfer recording materials contg., photoinitiators for) ΙT 65859-86-1 RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with bis(butylphenyl)iodonium sulfate) 7758-05-6, Potassium iodate IT RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with butylbenzene) 98-06-6, tert-Butylbenzene IΤ RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with potassium iodate) 569-64-2 IT RL: USES (Uses) (photoinitiators, contq. iodonium borates, for photothermal transfer recording materials) 569-64-2 HCAPLUS RN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl -

EP 401167

EP 401167

А3

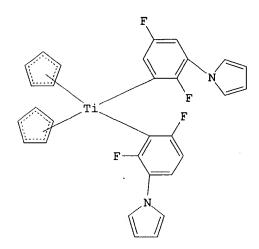
В1

L10 ANSWER 28 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS ΑN 1991:247538 HCAPLUS 114:247538 DN Preparation of bis(2,6-difluorophenyl)titanocenes as photoinitiators TТ IN Desobry, Vincent Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz. PA Eur. Pat. Appl., 23 pp. SO CODEN: EPXXDW DTPatent LА German IC ICM C07F017-00 ICS C07F007-28; C08F002-50; G03F007-027 CC 29-10 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds) Section cross-reference(s): 35, 74 FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE ----_____ ______ PΙ EP 401167 A2 19901205 EP 1990-810379 19900523

19910306

19940608

R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL US 5075467 Α 19911224 US 1990-527990 19900523 CA 2017931 AΑ 19901201 CA 1990-2017931 19900530 DD 297974 **A5** 19920130 DD 1990-341140 19900530 JP 03020293 A2 19910129 JP 1990-143270 19900531 B2 19980611 JP 2764338 19890601 PRAI CH 1989-2053 MARPAT 114:247538 OS GΙ



TiR1R1R2R2 [I; R1 = (substituted) cyclopentadienyl, indenyl, tetrahydroindenyl; 2 R1's may be connected via (substituted) C2-12 alkylene, silylene, silyloxysilyl; R2 = (addnl. substituted) 2,6-F2C6H3], were prepd. by reaction of (R1)2TiX2 (X = C1, Br, iodo) with LiR2 (prepn. from AR2 and a Li amide). Thus, dicyclopentadienyltitanium dichloride and N-(2,4-difluorophenyl)pyrrole in THF at -10.degree. were treated with LiN(CHMe2)2 in THF/hexose over 30 min; the mixt. stirred an addnl. 30 min and treated with oxalic acid in THF and then H2O to give 87.8% title compd. II. I were used as photohardeners for a mixt. contg. Sartomer SR 444 Cymel 301, Carboset 525, polyvinylpyrrolidone, and Irgalit green.

ST fluorophenyltitanocene prepn photoinitiator; titanocene bisdifluorophenyl prepn photoinitiator

IT Polymerization catalysts

(photochem., bis(difluorophenyl)titanocenes)

II

IT 15721-22-9, 2,2-Dimethylpentanoyl chloride

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(acylation by, of benzyldifluoroaniline)

IT 367-25-9

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(condensation of, with benzaldehyde)

IT 100-52-7, Benzaldehyde, reactions 104-87-0

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(condensation of, with difluoroaniline)

IT 125126-63-8

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(lithiation and condensation of, with dicyclopentdienyltitanium dichloride)

IT **548-62-9** 1328-53-6, C.I. Pigment Green 7 3524-68-3, Sartomer SR 444 9003-08-1, Cymel 301 9003-39-8, Polyvinylpyrrolidone 15625-89-5 26570-48-9 39288-86-3, Carboset 525 58206-31-8

RL: RCT (Reactant)
(photopolymn. of mixts. contg., bis(difluorophenyl)titanocenes for)
IT 15110-96-0P 123330-55-2P 124704-61-6P 134018-66-9P 134018-67-0P

134018-68-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, as intermediate for diphenyltitanocene deriv.) 93709-38-7P ΙT 12155-89-4P 93709-30-9P 93709-35-4P 93709-36-5P 93709-39-8P 115418-16-1P 115418-17-2P 119989-71-8P 119989-72-9P 124720-11-2P 124720-18-9P 124720-23-6P 124720-36-1P 124720-37-2P 124756-67-8P 124756-55-4P 124756-64-5P 124786-17-0P 124786-21-6P 125051-32-3P 133922-99-3P 133923-00-9P 125396-57-8P 125396-73-8P 133923-01-0P 133923-04-3P 133923-05-4P 133923-02-1P 133923-03-2P 133972-78-8P 133972-79-9P 133923-08-7P 133972-77-7P 133923-06-5P 133972-81-3P 133972-82-4P 133972-83-5P 133972-80-2P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as photoinitiator) TT 1271-19-8, Titanocene dichloride RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, in prepn. of bis(difluorophenyl)titanocenes) TΤ 548-62-9 RL: RCT (Reactant) (photopolymn. of mixts. contg., bis(difluorophenyl)titanocenes for) RN548-62-9 HCAPLUS Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• c1-

ANSWER 29 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L10 1991:247537 HCAPLUS AN DN 114:247537 Preparation of oxygen-containing bis(difluoroaryl)titanocenes as TI photoinitiators Steiner, Eginhard; Beyeler, Harry; Riediker, Martin; Desobry, Vincent; IN Dietliker, Kurt; Huesler, Rinaldo PΑ Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz. Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp. SO CODEN: EPXXDW DT Patent LΑ German IC ICM C07F017-00 C07F007-28; C08F002-50; G03F007-027 29-10 (Organometallic and Organometalloidal Compounds) CC Section cross-reference(s): 35, 74 FAN.CNT 1 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE _____ EP 1990-810377 19900523 19901205 ΡI EP 401165 Α1 19941130 EP 401165 В1

GB, IT

Α

AA

A2

B2

Α

19930309

19901201

19910121

19990614

19940426

R: DE, FR,

5192642

CA 2017932

JP 2905985

US 5306600

JP 03012403

US 1990-527988

US 1992-975042

CA 1990-2017932 JP 1990-144239 19900523

19900530

19900601

19921112



Tirlr2R3R4 [I; R1, R2 = (substituted) cyclopentadienyl, indenyl, tetrahydroindenyl; R3, R4 = (addnl. substituted) hydroxy- or acyloxy-substituted 2,6-F2C6H3, difluoroheteroaryl] were prepd. Thus, a mixt. of titanocene dichloride, 1-(trimethylsiloxy)-2,4-difluorobenzene, and THF at -10.degree. was treated with LDA in THF/hexane over 30 min; the mixt. was stirred 1 h at 0.degree. to give title compd. II after workup using oxalic acid-H2O. I were used in photohardening of a mixt. of Scripset 540, trimethylolpropane triacrylate, polyethylene glycol diacrylate, and crystal violet.

ST fluoroaryltitanocene prepn photoinitiator; titanocene bisdifluoroaryl prepn photoinitiator

IT Dental materials and appliances

ΙI

(oxygen-contg. bis(difluorophenyl)titanocene photoinitiators for use in)

IT Coating materials

(lacquers, oxygen-contg. bis(difluorophenyl)titanocene photoinitiators for use in)

IT Resists

(photo-, oxygen-contg. bis(difluorophenyl)titanocene
photoinitiators for)

IT Inks

(printing, oxygen-contg. bis(difluorophenyl)titanocene photoinitiators for use in)

IT 98-59-9, Tosyl chloride 108-24-7 111-36-4, Butyl isocyanate 112-13-0, Decanoyl chloride 112-76-5, Stearoyl chloride 123-62-6, Propionic anhydride 543-27-1, Isobutyl chloroformate 920-46-7, Methacryloyl chloride 1795-48-8, Isopropyl isocyanate RL: RCT (Reactant)

(acylation by, of bis(hydroxyphenyl)titanocene deriv.)

548-62-9, Crystal violet 1328-53-6, C.I. Pigment Green 7
3524-68-3, Sartomer SR 444 9003-08-1, Cymel 301 9003-39-8,
Polyvinylpyrrolidone 15625-89-5 26570-48-9, Polyethylene glycol diacrylate 39288-86-3, Carboset 525 58206-31-8, Scripset 540
RL: RCT (Reactant)

(photopolymn. of mixts. contg., bis(difluorophenyl)titanocene photoinitiators for)

IT 133923-01-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and deprotection of)

IT 134026-64-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and desilylation of)

IT., 133923-00-9P 134026-63-4P 134041-35-3P 134041-36-4P 134041-37-5P 134041-39-7P 134041-40-0P 134041-41-1P 134041-42-2P 134041-38-6P 134041-44-4P 134041-45-5P 134064-93-0P 134041-43-3P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as photoinitiator) 134127-58-5P 134127-56-3P 134127-57-4P IT RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn., lithiation, and condensation of, with titanocene dichloride) IT 67373-56-2 RL: RCT (Reactant) (silylation by, of bis(hydroxyphenyl)titanocene deriv.) 769-39-1, 2,3,5,6-Tetrafluorophenol 367-27-1, 2,4-Difluorophenol IT RL: RCT (Reactant) (silylation of) 548-62-9, Crystal violet ΙT RL: RCT (Reactant) (photopolymn. of mixts. contg., bis(difluorophenyl)titanocene photoinitiators for) 548-62-9 HCAPLUS RN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1-

L10 ANSWER 30 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
AN 1990:581461 HCAPLUS
DN 113:181461
TI Photopolymerizable mixtures and recording materials therefrom
PA Hoechst A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM C08F002-50

ICS C09D004-00; C09D004-02; C09D011-10; G03F007-028

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN CNT 1

FAN.	CNT I				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 02127404	A2	19900516	JP 1989-246220	19890921
	JP 2755723	В2	19980525		
	EP 364735	В1	19940601	EP 1989-117004	19890914
	R: DE, FR,	GB, IT,	NL		
	BR 8904730	A	19900529	BR 1989-4730	19890920
	CA 1336045	A1	19950627	CA 1989-612043	19890920
	US 5049479	A	19910917	US 1989-410267	19890921

PRAI DE 1988-3832032 19880921

AB The title mixts. useful for photoresists contain a polymeric binder, radical polymerizable compd. with .gtoreq.1 polymerizable group, and

photoreducible dye-based photoinitiator contg. radiation-cleavable trihalomethyl compd. and metallocene compd.

ST photoresist polymer photoinitiator halomethyl compd; metallocene photoinitiator photoresist polymer; photoreducible dye photoinitiator photoresist polymer

IT Resists

(photo-, high-resoln., compns. for)

IT Polymerization catalysts

(photochem., photoreducible dyes and photocleavable dihalo compds. and metallocene, for high-resoln. photoresists)

IT 25133-97-5, Methyl methacrylate-ethyl acrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer RL: USES (Uses)

(binders, for photoresists)

IT 548-62-9, Crystal violet 949-42-8 6359-05-3 6378-88-7 6542-67-2, 2,4,6-Tris(trichloromethyl)-S-triazine 12155-89-4 17025-47-7, Phenyl tribromomethyl sulfone 24504-22-1 69432-49-1 69432-53-7 97189-93-0 97802-84-1, 2,4-Bis(trichloromethyl)-6-(4-styrylphenyl)-S-triazine RL: USES (Uses)

(photoinitiators contg., for photoresists)

IT 102-71-6D, Triethanolamine, reaction products with 2-isocyanatoethyl 106-91-2D, Glycidyl methacrylate, reaction products with methacrylate 122-96-3D, N,N'-Bis(2-hydroxyethyl)piperazine, reaction triethanolamine products with triethanolamine 822-06-0D, Hexamethylene diisocyanate, reaction products with hydroxyethyl methacrylate 868-77-9D, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate, reaction products with trimethylhexamethylene 3524-68-3, Pentaerythritol triacrylate isocyanate 16938-22-0D, 2,2,4-Trimethylhexamethylene diisocyanate, reaction products with 19778-85-9, Trimethylolethane triacrylate hydroxyethyl methacrylate 30674-80-7D, 2-Isocyanatoethyl methacrylate, reaction products with triethanolamine 85854-45-1, Triethylene glycol methacrylate RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresists contg., photoinitiators for)

IT 548-62-9, Crystal violet

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoinitiators contg., for photoresists)

RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• c1-

L10 ANSWER 31 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1990:488252 HCAPLUS

DN 113:88252

TI Photopolymerization initiators and photosensitive materials containing them

IN Fukui, Tetsuro; Miura, Kyo; Takasu, Yoshio

PA Canon K. K., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

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Patent
DT
    Japanese
LΑ
    ICM C08F002-50
IC
    ICS G03F007-029; G03F007-20
    74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
    Reprographic Processes)
    Section cross-reference(s): 35
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                                          -----
                           19900109
PΙ
    JP 02004804
                      A2
                                          JP 1988-155696 19880622
    MARPAT 113:88252
OS
    Photosensitive materials comprise radical-polymerizable compds. and
AB
    photopolymn. initiators contg. cationic dye sensitizers and borate salts.
    The initiators show good sensitivity to semiconductor laser radiation and
    are useful for resists, printing plates, and the like. Thus, treating
    BuMgBr with Ph2BCl in THF and stirring the resulting soln. with aq. NaOH
    gave NaBBu2Ph2. Then, a soln. contg. pentaerythritol triacrylate, poly(Me
    methacrylate), NaBBu2Ph2, AcOEt, malachite green, and dichloroethane was
    applied on an anodically oxidized Al plate and exposed to a He-Ne laser to
    show high sensitivity.
ST
    polymn initiator cationic dye sensitizer; borate salt polymn initiator;
    photosensitive material borate polymn initiator; laser sensitive polymn
    initiator borate; photoresist cationic dye borate salt; printing plate
    photosensitive material
IT
    Printing plates
        (photoinitiators for, laser-sensitive, cationic dyes and
       borate salts as)
ΙT
    Dyes
        (cationic, photoinitiators contg. borate salts and,
       laser-sensitive, for photosensitive materials)
IT
    Resists
        (photo-, photoinitiators for, laser-sensitive, cationic dyes
        and borate salts as)
IT
    Polymerization catalysts
        (photochem., cationic dyes and borate salts as, for laser-sensitive
       materials)
    3677-81-4
TT
    RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (Grignard reaction of, with Bu bromide)
    109-65-9, Butyl bromide
TΤ
    RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (Grignard reaction of, with diphenylchloroborane)
    3524-68-3, Pentaerythritol triacrylate 15625-89-5, Trimethylolpropane
TΨ
    triacrylate
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive materials contg. cationic dyes and borate salts and)
IT
    127888-25-9P 128247-19-8P 128440-57-3P
    RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and photoinitiators contg. cationic dyes and, for
       photosensitive materials)
IT
    128035-15-4
    RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with butylpotassium)
    81-88-9 569-64-2, Malachite green 2390-59-2, Ethyl
             17094-17-6, NK 1414 107893-51-6 124896-12-4 128034-96-8
    violet
    128603-76-9
                  128840-18-6
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (sensitizers, photoinitiators contg. borate salts and, for
       photosensitive materials)
    569-64-2, Malachite green 2390-59-2, Ethyl violet
IT
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (sensitizers, photoinitiators contg. borate salts and, for
       photosensitive materials)
RN
    569-64-2 HCAPLUS
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, CODEN: JKXXAF

CN

Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-

● cl-

RN 2390-59-2 HCAPLUS

CN

Ethanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cl-

L10 ANSWER 32 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ΑN 1990:108574 HCAPLUS

DN 112:108574

Titanocenes, their use and N-substituted pyrroles ΤI

Huesler, Rinaldo; Klingert, Bernd; Rembold, Manfred; Steiner, Eginhard IN

Ciba-Geigy A.-G., Switz. PΑ

so Eur. Pat. Appl., 36 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent LΑ German

IC

ICM C07F017-00 ICS C07D207-32; C08F002-50; G03C001-68

74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 318894	A2	19890607	EP 1988-119799	19881128
	EP 318894	A3	19900516		
	EP 318894	B1	19940216		
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE	, ES, FR, GB,	IT, LI, NL, SE	
	U\$ 5008302)	A	19910416	US 1988-273522	. 19881121
	AT 101613	E	19940315	AT 1988-119799	19881128
'	CA 1337765	A1	19951219	CA 1988-584482	19881129
	ZA 8808961	A	19890726	ZA 1988-8961	19881130
	BR 8806307	A	19890815	BR 1988-6307	19881130
	SU 1713438	A3	19920215	SU 1988-4356932	19881130
	AU 8826462	A1	19890601	AU 1988-26462	19881201
	AU 610953	B2	19910530		

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JP 02000291
                                            JP 1988-305137
                                                             19881201
                       A2
                            19900105
     JP 2764288
                       B2
                            19980611
     KR 120391
                       В1
                            19971022
                                           KR 1988-16124
                                                             19881201
     SU 1792538
                       A3
                            19930130
                                           SU 1989-4614056
                                                             19890518
     US 5106722
                       Α
                            19920421
                                           US 1990-567048
                                                             19900814
    RU 2086555
                       C1
                            19970810
                                           RU 1991-5001952
                                                             19911114
PRAI CH 1987-4683
                      19871201
     US 1988-273522
                      19881121
     EP 1988-119799
                      19881128
OS
     MARPAT 112:108574
     Titanocenes having 2 5-membered cyclodienyl groups, and 1 or 2 6-membered
AB
     carbocyclic or 5- or 6-membered heterocyclic arom. rings having in both
     ortho positions (to the Ti-C bond) F atoms, and which further contain an
     (un) substituted 1-pyrryl group, are useful as photoinitiators for the
     radiation-induced polymn. of ethylenically unsatd. compds. Thus, a compn.
     contg. Scripset 540, trimethylolpropane triacrylate, poly(ethylene glycol
     diacrylate, Crystal Violet, and bis(methylcycopentadienyl)bis(3-pyrrolyl-
     2,6-difluorophenyl)titanium was exposed through a step wedge and processed
     to show 15 steps.
     pyrrolyl group titanocene photoinitiator polymn
ST
TΤ
     Printing plates
        (photosensitive compns. contg. pyrrolyl group-contg. titanocene
     photoinitiators in fabrication of)
IT
     Resists
        (photo-, contq. pyrrolyl group-contq. titanocene
     photoinitiators)
     Polymerization catalysts
IT
        (photochem., pyrrolyl group-contg. titanocenes as)
IT
     Coating materials
        (photocurable, pyrrolyl group-contg. titanocenes as initiators in)
IT
     Photoimaging compositions and processes
        (photopolymerizable, pyrrolyl group-contg. titanocenes as
     photoinitiators in)
ΙT
     Inks
        (printing, photocurable, pyrrolyl group-contg. titanocenes as
     photoinitiators in)
     548-62-9, Crystal violet
                                1328-53-6, Irgalite green GLN
IT
     3524-68-3, Sartomer SR 444
                                  9003-08-1, Cymel 301
                                                          9003-39-8,
     Poly(vinylpyrrolidone)
                             15625-89-5 26570-48-9, Polyethylene glycol
     diacrylate
                  39288-86-3, Carboset 525 58206-31-8, Scripset 540
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoimaging compns. contg. pyrrolyl group-contg. titanocene
     photoinitiator and)
                    125396-57-8P
                                   125396-58-9P
                                                   125396-59-0P
                                                                  125396-60-3P
IT
     125051-32-3P
     125396-61-4P
                    125396-62-5P
                                   125396-63-6P
                                                   125396-64-7P
                                                                  125396-65-8P
                                   125396-69-2P
                                                   125396-70-5P
                                                                  125396-71-6P
     125396-66-9P
                    125396-68-1P
     125396-72-7P
                    125396-73-8P
                                   125434-02-8P
                                                   125434-03-9P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and photoinitiator applications of, in photoimaging
        and photosensitive systems)
TΨ
     125126-73-0P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and reaction of)
                                                   125126-54-7P
                                                                  125126-55-8P
IT
     125126-51-4P
                    125126-52-5P
                                    125126-53-6P
                                   125126-58-1P
                                                                  125126-60-5P
                    125126-57-0P
                                                   125126-59-2P
     125126-56-9P
                                   125154-29-2P
                                                   125154-30-5P
                    125126-62-7P
     125126-61-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and reaction of, with titanocene deriv.)
                                                   125126-66-1P
                                                                  125126-67-2P
TΤ
     125126-63-8P
                    125126-64-9P
                                   125126-65-0P
                                   125126-70-7P
                    125126-69-4P
                                                   125126-71-8P
     125126-68-3P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
IT
     24470-78-8
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of)
     110-13-4, 2,5-Hexanedione
                                                                     52786-29-5
                                                        13901-85-4
IT
                                 583-05-1
                                             696-59-3
```

125126-72-9

56079-43-7

67756-05-2

RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with difluoroaniline) 110-91-8, Morpholine, reactions 111-92-2, Dibutylamine IT 124-40-3, Dimethylamine, reactions 993-07-7, Trimethylsilane 13360-63-9, Butylethylamine RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with difluorophenyl dimethylpyrrol) 367-25-9, 2,4-Difluoroaniline IT RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with diketones) 1282-40-2 59307-41-4 1271-19-8 125126-50-3 IT RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with pyrrol deriv.) 125126-73-0 125126-74-1 ΙT 125126-58-1 RL: RCT (Reactant) (reactions of) IT 548-62-9, Crystal violet RL: USES (Uses) (photoimaging compns. contg. pyrrolyl group-contg. titanocene photoinitiator and) RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1-

L10 ANSWER 33 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1990:21963 HCAPLUS

DN 112:21963

TI Photopolymerizable binder compositions for abrasives

PA Minnesota Mining and Mfg. Co., USA

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM B24D003-20

ICS B24D003-02; B24D011-00; B24D011-02; C08J005-14; C09K003-14

CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)

Section cross-reference(s): 74

FAN CNT 1

FΑ	N.CNT 1					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 01020973	A2	19890124	JP	1988-82114	19880402
	JP 2749053	В2	19980513			
	EP 285369	B1	19931006	EP	1988-302777	19880329
	R: DE, FR,	GB				
	CA 1296191	A 1	19920225	CA	1988-562881	19880330
	KR 9701151	B1	19970129	KR	1988-3682	19880401
PR	AI US 1987-34066	19870	19870402			
	US 1988-156992	19880	218			

```
AB Title compns. comprise free radical-contg. monomer and photoinitiator
     compn. comprising aryliodonium salt, photosensitizer having light
     absorption at 300-1000 nm in the presence of 2-methyl-4,6-
     bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine, and electron donor compd. having oxidn.
     potential up to that of p-dimethoxybenzene. A binder compn. contg.
     bisphenol A diglycidyl ether diacrylate 30, tris(hydroxyethyl)
     isocyanurate triacrylate 30, Photomer 6173 (a urethane acrylate
     monofunctional accelerator 10, diphenyliodonium hexafluorophosphate 0.5,
     benzil 0.5, and Et 4-dimethylaminobenzoate 0.5, and tetraethylene glycol
     diacrylate 30 parts was used to prep. a sand paper with Al oxide and
     mainly nylon nonwoven fabric by photocuring.
     aryliodonium salt photopolymn sandpaper binder; acrylate sandpaper
ST
     adhesive photopolymn; photosensitizer photopolymn acrylate sandpaper
     binder
     Aluminates
ΙT
     Glass, oxide
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (abrasives, sandpapers contg., adhesives for)
     Epoxy resins, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     Phenolic resins, uses and miscellaneous
     Urethane polymers, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)
        (adhesives, acrylate copolymer contg., for sandpapers)
IT
     Sandpaper
        (binders for, acrylate copolymers as, photoinitiator compns.
        for)
     Adhesives
ΙT
        (for sandpapers, acrylate copolymers for, prepn. of,
     photoinitiator compns. for)
     Carbonates, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (particles, sandpapers contg., adhesives for)
IT
     Electron donors
        (photoinitiator compns., for acrylate adhesives, for
        sandpapers)
IT
     Polymerization
        (photochem., of acrylates, photoinitiator compns. contg.
        photosensitizers and electron donors for, for sandpapers)
IT
     Crosslinking catalysts
        (photosensitizers, photoinitiator compns., for acrylate
        adhesives, for sandpapers)
     409-21-2, Silicon carbide, uses and miscellaneous
                                                          1344-28-1, Aluminum
IT
                                     7440-67-7D, Zirconium, compd.
                                                                     7782-40-3,
     oxide, uses and miscellaneous
     Diamond, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (abrasives, sandpapers contg., adhesives for)
IT
     25034-58-6P
                   92899-80-4P
                                 124303-71-5P
                                                124331-68-6P
     RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (adhesives, prepn. of, photoinitiator compns. for, for
        sandpaper)
     62-53-3, Aniline, uses and miscellaneous 75-05-8, Acetonitrile, uses and
IT
     miscellaneous 78-93-3, MEK, uses and miscellaneous 98-95-3,
     Nitrobenzene, uses and miscellaneous 99-97-8, N,N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine
     100-10-7 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses and miscellaneous
                                                                     103-49-1,
                                                                     107-10-8,
                    103-83-3, N,N-Dimethyl benzylamine
                                                           104-95-0
     Dibenzylamine
     Propylamine, uses and miscellaneous 109-46-6, 1,3-Dibutylthiourea
     109-99-9, THF, uses and miscellaneous 122-79-2, Phenylacetate
     135-77-3, 1,2,4-Trimethoxybenzene 150-78-7, p-Dimethoxybenzene 603-34-9, Triphenylamine 603-35-0, uses and miscellaneous 604
                                                                    604-88-6,
                                                                680-31-9,
     Hexaethylbenzene 619-60-3 632-22-4, Tetramethyl urea
     Hexamethylphosphoramide, uses and miscellaneous 764-13-6
                                                                   2782-91-4,
     Tetramethyl thiourea 4455-13-4
                                       4840-75-9
                                                   6161-50-8
                                                                10287-53-3
     13368-42-8
                 21331-86-2, Trisdimethyl silylamine
                                                         23162-18-7, Piperidine
     oxide
             58967-75-2
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electron donors, photoinitiator compns. contg., for acrylate
```

adhesives, for sandpapers) 61-73-4, Methylene blue IT RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitizer as, photoinitiator compns. contg., for acrylate adhesives, for sandpapers) ΙT 81-93-6, Phenosafranine 82-38-2 86-39-5, 2-Chlorothioxanthone 86-73-7, 9H-Fluorene 206-44-0, Fluoranthene 465-29-2, Camphorquinone 548-62-9, Crystal violet 569-64-2 581-64-6, Thionine 1309-37-1, Iron oxide (Fe2O3), uses and miscellaneous 1742-91-2 6673-14-9, 2154-56-5D, Benzyl, compd. 6552-62-1 6626-84-2 1,3-Bis(4-dimethylaminobenzylidene)acetone 6673-15-0 14323-06-9 37251-80-2, Toluidine blue 51395-88-1, Eosin Yellow 21856-78-0 124454-68-8 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitizers, photoinitiator compns. contg., for acrylate adhesives, for sandpapers) IT548-62-9, Crystal violet 569-64-2 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitizers, photoinitiator compns. contg., for acrylate adhesives, for sandpapers) RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

C1-

RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cl-

L10

1989:115927 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 110:115927 Addition-polymerizable composition containing a ternary photoinitiator ΤI system and its polymerization Palazzotto, Michael C.; Ubel, Andrew F., III; Oxman, Joel D.; Ali, Zaki M. IN PA

Minnesota Mining and Mfg. Co., USA

ANSWER 34 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

```
CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LΑ
    English
     ICM C08F002-50
IC
     ICS G03C001-68; A61K006-08
     37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
CC
     Section cross-reference(s): 63
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     ----<del>-</del>-----
                     ____
                                           -----
    EP 290133
                      A2
                           19881109
ΡI
                                          EP 1988-302778
                                                           19880329
                      A3
                           19900502
    EP 290133
    EP 290133
                     В1
                           19981028
        R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, SE
    CA 1323949 A1 19931102
                                          CA 1988-562679
                                                           19880328
                           19881108
                                          BR 1988-1531
    BR 8801531
                      A
                                                           19880330
    JP 63273602
                    A2
                           19881110
                                          JP 1988-81169
                                                           19880401
    JP 2744789
                     B2
                           19980428
    ປີຣ 55<u>45676</u>
                                          US 1994-365494
                     Α
                           19960813
                                                           19941228
    US 6017660
                           20000125
                                          US 1998-94184
                     Α
                                                           19980609
PRAI US 1987-34065
                     19870402
    US 1992-840880
                     19920225
    US 1994-365494
                     19941228
    US 1996-695566
                     19960812
    MARPAT 110:115927
OS
AB
    The title compns., with good cure speed, cure depth, and shelf life,
    comprise radically polymerizable monomers and a photoinitiator system
    contg. aryliodonium salts, photosensitizers [absorbing in the range
     300-1000 nm and sensitizing 2-methyl-4,6-bis(trichloromethyl)-s-triazine],
    and electron donors with oxidn. potential (Eox) such that 0 < Eox .ltoreq.
     1.32 (V, vs. SCE). A mixt. of 11.85 parts each triethylene glycol
    dimethacrylate and bisphenol A diglycidyl ether dimethacrylate, 76 parts
     filler, and 0.25 part each camphorquinone (I), Ph2I+PF6- (II), and
     (dimethylamino) phenethyl alc. (III) was poured in a mold to 6 mm depth and
    cured 20 s with visible light, giving a composite with Barcol hardness 60
     (top) and 30 (bottom), vs. no cure with I and II only and 56 and 2, resp.,
    with I and III only.
    photoinitiator unsatd monomer compn; aryliodonium salt photoinitiator
    system; sensitizer ternary photoinitiator system; electron donor
    photoinitiator system; camphorquinone photosensitizer photoinitiator
    system; dental adhesive photocurable compn
IT
    Dyes
       (photosensitizers, ternary photoinitiator systems contg., for
       photocurable monomer compns.)
IT
    Electron donors
        (ternary photoinitiator systems contg., for photocurable
       monomer compns.)
IT
    Dental materials and appliances
        (adhesives, photopolymerizable, ternary photoinitiator
        systems for)
IT
    Dental materials and appliances
        (orthodontic brackets, photocurable adhesives for, ternary
     photoinitiator systems in)
IT
     Polymerization catalysts
        (photochem., aryliodonium salt-photosensitizer-electron donor, monomer
        compns. contg.)
ΙT
     Polymerization
        (photochem., of monomer compns. contg. diphenyliodonium salt and
        photosensitizer and electron donor)
IT
     50-81-7, L-Ascorbic acid, uses and miscellaneous
                                                       62-53-3, Aniline, uses
    and miscellaneous 99-97-8, N, N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine 100-10-7,
    p-(Dimethylamino)benzaldehyde 102-54-5, Ferrocene 102-71-6,
    Triethanolamine, uses and miscellaneous 103-83-3
                                                         107-10-8,
     Propylamine, uses and miscellaneous 109-46-6, 1,3-Dibutylthiourea
     122-79-2, Phenyl acetate 127-19-5 135-77-3, 1,2,4-Trimethoxybenzene
     150-78-7, p-Dimethoxybenzene 594-07-0, Carbamodithioic acid
                                                                   603-34-9,
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SO, Eur. Pat. Appl., 19 pp.

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603-35-0, Triphenylphosphine, uses and miscellaneous
 . Triphenylamine
     632-22-4, Tetramethylurea 680-31-9, Hexamethylphosphoramide, uses and
                    824-79-3, Sodium p-toluenesulfinate
                                                           2050-92-2,
    miscellaneous
                     2422-89-1, Tetrabutylthiourea
     Dipentylamine
                                                     4441-17-2,
                                    4840-75-9, Tris(dimethylamino)phenylsilane
     Tripiperidinophosphine oxide
                13408-63-4, Ferrocyanide
                                             21331-86-2, Trisdimethylsilylamine
     13368-42-8
     33985-71-6, 9-Julolidinecarboxaldehyde
                                              50438-75-0
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (electron donor, ternary photoinitiator systems contg., for
        photocurable monomer compns.)
     92899-80-4P
IT
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of, as binder for abrasive, ternary photoinitiator
        systems for)
IT
     108-30-5DP, reaction products with hydroxyethyl methacrylate and
    polycaprolactone hexaol and TDI, polymers with pentaerythritol
                    584-84-9DP; reaction products with hydroxyethyl
     tetraacrylate
    methacrylate and polycaprolactone hexaol and succinic anhydride, polymers
                                          868-77-9DP, reaction products with
     with pentaerythritol tetraacrylate
     polycaprolactone hexaol and succinic anhydride and TDI, polymers with
    pentaerythritol tetraacrylate
                                     4986-89-4DP, polymers with urethane
                25034-58-6P, Acrylamide-N, N'-methylenebisacrylamide copolymer
     oligomers
                  57592-66-2P, Pentaerythritol tetraacrylate homopolymer
     26426-05-1P
     79469-03-7DP, reaction products with hydroxyethyl methacrylate and
     succinic anhydride and TDI, polymers with pentaerythritol tetraacrylate
     119176-65-7P, 1,4-Butanediol dimethacrylate-trimethylolpropane
     trimethacrylate copolymer
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (manuf. of, ternary photoinitiator systems for)
IT
     61-73-4, Methylene blue 81-93-6, Phenosafranine
                                                         82-38-2,
                                                                  90-94-8,
     1-Methylaminoanthraquinone
                                 86-39-5, 2-Chlorothioxanthone
                        465-29-2, Camphorquinone 548-62-9, Crystal
    Michler's ketone
    violet 569-64-2, Malachite green
                                      581-64-6, Thionin
     1742-91-2, 3,3'-Dimethylthiocarbocyanine iodide
                                                       2321-07-5, Fluorescein
     3785-05-5, 2,6-Bis[4-(Dimethylamino)styryl]-1-methylpyridinium iodide
                6673-14-9, 1,3-Bis(4-Dimethylaminobenzylidene)acetone
     6673-15-0, 1,2,2-Tricyano-1-(4-dimethylaminophenyl)ethylene
                                             37251-80-2, Toluidine blue
     Rose Bengal
                  14323-06-9
                               21856-78-0
     50721-69-2
                 51395-88-1, Eosin yellow
                                             55804-66-5
                                                          55804-67-6
                               119233-95-3, 3-(p-Dimethylaminocinnamoyl)-7-
     72955-45-4
                 77831-38-0
                                           119233-97-5
                                                           119233-98-6
     (dimethylamino) coumarin
                               119233-96-4
     119233-99-7
                  119259-88-0
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitizer, ternary photoinitiator systems contg., for
       photocurable monomer compns.)
     119408-82-1
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (polyester cloth impregnated with photocured, as substrate for
        abrasive)
IT
     58109-40-3, Diphenyliodonium hexafluorophosphate
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (ternary photoinitiator systems contg., for photocurable
       monomer compns.)
     548-62-9, Crystal violet 569-64-2, Malachite green
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitizer, ternary photoinitiator systems contg., for
       photocurable monomer compns.)
RN
     548-62-9 HCAPLUS
    Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-
CN
```

cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cl-

RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cl -

ANSWER 35 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1988:601486 HCAPLUS

DN 109:201486

TI Solvent-developable photoresist composition

ΙN Kempf, Richard Joseph

du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA PΑ

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LΑ English

ICM G03F007-10 IC

ICS G03C001-68

74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 237985	A2	19870923	EP 1987-103690	19870313
	EP 237985	A3	19881012		
	EP 237985	B1	19930609		
	R: BE, CH,	DE, FR	, GB, IT, LI,	NL	
	US 4716093	A	19871229	US 1986-839973	19860317
	JP 62226144	A2	19871005	JP 1987-59118	19870316
	BR 8701191	A	19880105	BR 1987-1191	19870316
	*** 1006 000070	10000	217		

19860317 PRAI US 1986-839973

A solvent-developable photoresist compn. for the fabrication of a printed circuit board is comprised of .gtoreq.1 nongaseous ethylenically unsatd. compd. having a b.p. >100.degree. and being capable of forming a high polymer by photoinitiated addn. polymn., a photoinitiating system, and a preformed macromol. binder sol. in methylchloroform at 22.degree. and in a time .ltoreq.24 h and prepd. from monomers comprising Me methacrylate and

... C2-4 alkyl methacrylates. A 0.002 in. thick photoresist layer prepd. from the above compn., laminated on a Cu substrate, and imagewise exposed to actinic radiation meets .gtoreq.1 of the following conditions: (a) a time to clear of .ltoreq.26 s when the imagewise-exposed photoresist layer is passed at a transport speed of 4.5 ft/min through a spray of Me chloroform at 65.degree. and 20 psi (gauge) whereby all the unexposed photoresist layer is removed from the substrate and (b) a time to strip of the exposed photoresist layer of .ltoreq.9.5 s when the exposed photoresist layer is passed at a transport speed of 10 ft/min through a spray of a soln. contg. CH2Cl2 93 and MeOH 6 parts at 65.degree. and 21 psi (gauge) whereby all exposed photoresist layer is removed from the substrate. Thus, a compn. comprised of trimethylolpropane ethoxylated triacrylate, benzophenone, Et Michler's ketone, 4-methyl-4-trichloromethylcyclohexadiene-1-one, 5-chlorobenzotriazole, victoria green, victoria blue, p-toluenesulfonic acid, leuco crystal violet, o-toluenesulfonamide, p-toluenesulfonamide, tris(4-diethylamino-2-tolyl)methane, a condensation polymer of hydantoin, HCHO, and o- and p-toluenesulfonamide formulated with phthalic anhydride, Et acrylate-Me methacrylate copolymer, propylene glycol Me ether, and CH2Cl2 was coated on a poly(ethylene terephthalate) support, dried, laminated to a Cu-clad circuit board substrate, exposed through a stepwedge, and developed in 1,1,1-trichloroethane to show a cleaning time of 28.7 s and a stripping time of 9.9 s. solvent developable photoresist printed circuit Resists (photo-, org. solvent-developable, photopolymerizable compns. contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd. and, photoinitiating system and Me methacrylate copolymer binder as) Electric circuits (printed, org. solvent-developable photoresists contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd. and photoinitiating system and alkyl methacrylate copolymer binder for fabrication of) 71-55-6 (developer, for photoresists contq. ethylenically unsatd. compd. and photoinitiating system and alkyl methacrylate copolymer binder for fabrication of printed elec. circuits) 90-93-7 RL: USES (Uses) (photopolymerizable compns. contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd. and alkyl methacrylate copolymer binder and, as org. solvent-developable photoresist for fabrication of printed elec. circuits) 119-61-9, Benzophenone, properties RL: PRP (Properties) (photopolymerizable compns. contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd. and alkyl methacrylate copolymer binder and, as org. solvent-developable

IT

ST

IT

ΙT

TΤ

IT

photoresist for fabrication of printed elec. circuits)

70-55-3, p-Toluenesulfonamide IT 88-19-7, o-Toluenesulfonamide 104-15-4, p-Toluenesulfonic acid, uses and 5-Chlorobenzotriazole miscellaneous 569-64-2, Victoria green 603-48-5, Leuco crystal 3274-12-2 4482-70-6 115585-71-2 violet 2390-60-5 RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd. and photoinitiating system and alkyl methacrylate copolymer binder and, as org. solvent-developable photoresists)

9010-88-2, Methyl methacrylate-ethyl acrylate copolymer 25608-33-7, IT Methyl methacrylate-butyl methacrylate copolymer 25685-29-4, Methyl methacrylate-ethyl methacrylate copolymer 26044-94-0 RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd. and photoinitiating system and, as org. solvent-developable photoresists)

ΙT 15625-89-5D, Trimethylolpropanetriacrylate, ethoxylated RL: USES (Uses)

> (photopolymerizable compns. contg. photoinitiating system and alkyl methacrylate copolymer binder and, as org. solvent-developable photoresist for fabrication of printed elec. circuits)

569-64-2, Victoria green 2390-60-5 IT

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. ethylenically unsatd. compd. and photoinitiating system and alkyl methacrylate copolymer binder

and, as org. solvent-developable photoresists)

RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• c1-

RN 2390-60-5 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(diethylamino)phenyl][4-(ethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

• c1-

L10 ANSWER 36 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1988:446236 HCAPLUS

DN 109:46236

TI Yellow light preexposure for increasing photospeed of photopolymerizable composition

IN Weed, Gregory C.

PA du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA

SO U.S., 6 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM G03C005-00 ICS G03C005-04

NCL 430327000

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

٠,	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 4716097	A 19871229	US 1986-830509	19860203
	EP 284642	A2 19881005	EP 1987-104915	19870402
	EP 284642	A3 19900711		
	R: DE, FR,	GB, IT, SE		
	JP 63262645	A2 19881028	JP 1987-88994	19870413
	BR 8701797	A 19881025	BR 1987-1797	19870414
	CN 87103298	A 19881116	CN 1987-103298	19870501
PRAI	US 1986-830509	19860203		

AB The photospeed of a photopolymerizable compn. comprised of an addn. polymerizable ethylenically unsatd. monomer, photoinitiators, and triarylmethane or xanthene dyes and used as a photoresist is increased by exposing the photopolymerizable to light at a wavelength longer than 400 nm and at an intensity of at least 1500 lm/m2 for a time sufficient to increase its photospeed. Thus, a photoresist compn. comprised of Me methacrylate-Et acrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer, Et p-dimethylaminobenzoate, poly(ethylene oxide), ethoxylated trimethylolpropane triacrylate, diarylated polyurethane, Michler's ketone, benzophenone, leuco crystal violet 4,4',4''-methylidyne tris-N, N-dimethylaniline, diethylhydroxylamine, 4-trichloromethyl-4methylcyclohexadienone, victoria green, victoria blue, CH2Cl2, and MeOH was coated on a poly(ethylene terephthalate) support, dried, laminated to a poly(ethylene terephthalate) oversheet, exposed to Sylvania Gold fluorescent lamps at 27,000 lm/m2, and exposed to actinic radiation at 70 mJ/cm2 through a 6.sqroot.2 stouffer 41 stepwedge, the oversheet removed, and developed in aq. Na2CO3 to show a 1-12 step increase over a control contg. no victoria green and victoria blue.

ST photoresist sensitization yellow light preexposure; triarylmethane dye photoresist photospeed increase; xanthene dye photoresist photospeed increase

IT Photoimaging compositions and processes

(contg. polymerizable unsatd. monomer and **photoinitiators** and triarylmethane dyes, photospeed increase of, by preexposure with yellow light)

IT Resists

(photo-, contg. polymerizable unsatd. monomer and photoinitiators and triarylmethane dyes, photospeed increase of, by preexposure with yellow light)

IT 15625-89-5D, ethoxylated

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. **photoinitiators** and triarylmethane dyes and, photospeed increase of, by preexposure with yellow light)

IT 81-88-9 90-94-8, Michler's ketone 119-61-9, Benzophenone, properties 569-64-2, Victoria Green 603-48-5 2390-60-5 3274-12-2 3710-84-7, Diethylhydroxylamine 10287-53-3, Ethyl p-dimethylaminobenzoate 25133-97-5, Methylmethacrylate-ethylacrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. unsatd. monomer and photoinitiators and triarylmethane dyes and, photospeed increase of, by preexposure with yellow light)

IT 569-64-2, Victoria Green 2390-60-5

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. unsatd. monomer and photoinitiators and triarylmethane dyes and, photospeed increase of, by preexposure with yellow light)

RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1⁻

RN 2390-60-5 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(diethylamino)phenyl][4-(ethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● C1-

L10 ANSWER 37 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1987:565519 HCAPLUS

DN 107:165519

TI Dry-film photoresist for printed circuit fabrication

IN Hayashi, Shunichi; Omote, Toshihiko; Yamamura, Takashi; Ishibashi, Masaru

PA Nitto Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM G03C001-68

ICS G03C005-24; G03F001-00; H05K003-00

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE ______ ____ 19861203 JP 1985-116043 19850529 PΙ JP 61273536 **A2** The title photoresist is comprised of a transparent support and a AB photopolymg. layer contg. a film-forming polymer, a photopolymg. ethylenically unsatd. compd., and a photoinitiator. The manuf. of printed circuits using the materials involves patternwise exposure of the material from the support side, with its polymg. layer in contact with the substrate, peeling off to leave the resist pattern, etching, plating, and removal of the resist layer using an aq. alkali soln. The processing is simple, nonpolluting, and economical. Thus, a PET film was coated with a

25-.mu. layer contg. Superchlon CPE-907-LTA (chlorinated polyethylene) 70,

Dianal BR-80 (PMMA) 30, Aronix M-6300 (oligoester acrylate) 90, 2-hydroxyethyl hydrogen phthalate 50, diethylthioxanthone 3, isoamyl dimethylaminobenzoate 3, p-methoxyphenol 0.1, tribromomethyl Ph sulfone 1, and crystal violet 0.2 part. The obtained film was placed upon a Cu-clad glass-epoxy resin laminate, pressed at 50.degree., with the coated layer inside, and exposed to UV through a photomask. Peeling off the PET film at 30.degree. left only the exposed part of the Cu surface. The exposed Cu surface was etched with aq. FeCl3. Immersion in 3% NaOH for 5 min at 50.degree. removed the resist layer, leaving a printed circuit.

ST printed circuit peel off photoresist; dry film photoresist printed circuit; resist photopolymg peel off development

IT Rubber, chlorinated

RL: USES (Uses)

(dry-film peeling-developable photoresists contg., for printed elec. circuit fabrication)

IT Resists

(photo-, dry-film, peeling-developable, contg. film-forming polymer and polymerizable monomer and photoinitiator)

IT Electric circuits

(printed, peeling-developable photoresist compns. contg. film-forming polymer and polymerizable monomer and **photoinitiator** for fabrication of)

150-76-5, p-Methoxyphenol IT 119-61-9, Benzophenone, uses and miscellaneous 548-62-9, Crystal violet 3524-68-3, Pentaerythritol triacrylate 9002-88-4D, Polyethylene, chlorinated 9011-14-7, Dianal BR-80 9011-87-4, Dianal BR-75 17025-47-7, Tribromomethyl phenyl sulfone 17689-42-8, 2-Hydroxyethyl hydrogen phthalate 50940-49-3 62886-88-8, Aronix M-6300 62887-18-7 65722-01-2, Victoria Pure Blue 71328-95-5 82612-95-1 100752-97-4

(dry-film peeling-developable photoresists contg., for printed elec. circuit fabrication)

IT 548-62-9, Crystal violet

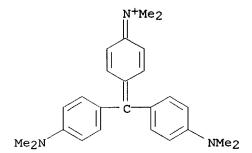
RL: USES (Uses)

RL: USES (Uses)

(dry-film peeling-developable photoresists contg., for printed elec. circuit fabrication)

RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



● c1-

L10 ANSWER 38 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1987:544797 HCAPLUS

DN 107:144797

TI Organic photoconductors in electrophotographic microprocesses

AU Markiewitz, N.; Pietsch, H.; Bilke, W. D.; Post, M.

CS Fotochem. Komb., VEB Filmfabr. Wolfen, Wolfen, DDR-4440, Ger. Dem. Rep.

SO Acta Polym. (1987), 38(6), 347-53 CODEN: ACPODY; ISSN: 0323-7648 DT , Journal LΑ German 74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other CC Reprographic Processes) AB The sensitometric properties of electrophotog. microfiche masters are described with respect to their suitability for updating of recorded information onthe file film, esp. with regard to single frame or full size processing of the microfiche in a camera with charging, developing and fixing units. In this connection, possible photochem. reactions in epoxyarylamine addn. polymers are discussed, too, and some aspects of the raising in sensitivity due to reactions of directly produced species in fluid or solid layers are presented. ST electrophotog org photoconductor microfiche master IT Electrophotographic photoconductors (org., for microprocesses, photochem. reactions of epoxy-arylamine addn. polymers in relation to) IT Photolysis (flash, of polymeric adduct of dibenzyldiaminodiphenylmethane with bisphenol A-diglycidyl ether, electrophotog. microprocessing in relation to) Microfilms ΙT (microfiche, electrophotog., org. photoconductors in) IT 77125-26-9 RL: RCT (Reactant) (photochem. of, electrophotog. microprocesses in relation to) ΙT 32287-60-8, Crystal violet picrate RL: USES (Uses) (photoinitiator, in photolysis of dibenzyldiaminodiphenylmethane polyadduct with bisphenol A-diglycidyl ether adduct, electrophotog. microprocessing in relation to) IT 558-13-4, Carbon tetrabromide RL: USES (Uses) (spectral and electrophotog, properties of films of dibenzyldiaminodiphenylmethane-bisphenol A-diglycidyl ether copolymer contq.) ΙT 67-66-3, Chloroform, properties RL: PRP (Properties) (spectral properties of polymeric adduct of dibenzyldiaminodiphenylmethane with bisphenol A-diglycidyl ether adduct, electrophotog. microprocessing in relation to) 32287-60-8, Crystal violet picrate IT RL: USES (Uses) (photoinitiator, in photolysis of dibenzyldiaminodiphenylmethane polyadduct with bisphenol A-diglycidyl ether adduct, electrophotog. microprocessing in relation to) RN 32287-60-8 HCAPLUS CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, salt with 2,4,6-trinitrophenol (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) 1 CM CRN 14798-26-6 CMF C6 H2 N3 O7 NO2

CM 2

L10 ANSWER 39 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1987:76148 HCAPLUS

DN 106:76148

TI Partial neutralization of an aqueous developable photoresist

IN Briney, Gary Clark; Foreman, Thomas Kevin

PA du Pont de Nemours, E. I., and Co., USA

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC ICM G03C001-68

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				_	
PI	EP 198392	A1	19861022	EP 1986-104781	19860408
	R: DE, GB				
	JP 61236538	A2	19861021	JP 1986-80279	19860409

PRAI US 1985-721644 19850410

AB A photoresist for printed circuit board fabrication consists of a supported compn. contg. an ethylenically unsatd. monomer, a photoinitiator and a partially neutralized carboxylic acid binder. Thus, a 34% solids compn. in 93% CH2Cl2-7% MeOH solvent contg. Me methacrylate-Et acrylate-acrylic acid copolymer (mol. wt. 42,000, acid no. 80) 43.2, Me methacrylate-Et acrylate-acrylic acid copolymer (mol. wt. 200,000, acid no. 100) 23.3, triethylamine 2.1, 5-chlorobenzotriazole 0.3, o-Cl-HABI 2.2, leuco crystal violet 0.2, tricresyl phosphate 0.8, Michler ketone 0.2, diethylhydroxylamine 0.2, trimethylolpropane triacrylate 25.8, 80% Cu phthalocyanine dispersion in 20% trimethylolpropane 1.5, 2-mercaptobenzoxazole 0.3 wt.% was coated on a polyester support, laminated to a Cu board, imagewise exposed and developed in aq. Na2CO3 at 41.degree. The time to clear (development time) was 41 s and the time to strip (using 1.5% KOH at 68.degree.) was 49 s.

ST photoresist printed circuit carboxylic binder

IT Resists

(photo-, contg. ethylenically unsatd. monomer and photoinitiator and partially neutralized carboxylic acid binder)

IT Electric circuits

(printed, aq. developable photoresist for fabrication of, contg. partially neutralized carboxylic acid binder)

IT 25135-39-1, Acrylic acid-ethylacrylate-methyl methacrylate copolymer RL: USES (Uses)

(photolysis compn. for printed circuit fabrication contg., partial neutralization of)

IT 111-51-3

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photoresist compn. contg.)

IT 102-71-6, Triethanolamine, uses and miscellaneous 110-18-9 111-18-2

121-44-8, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compn. for printed circuit fabrication contg. carboxylic acid binder and)

90-94-8 94-97-3, 5-Chlorobenzotriazole 105-16-8, N,N-Diethylamino ethyl methacrylate 115-70-8 119-61-9, Benzophenone, uses and miscellaneous 140-07-8 **569-64-2**, Victoria green 603-48-5 631-61-8, Ammonium acetate 1310-58-3, Potassium hydroxide, uses and miscellaneous 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses and miscellaneous 1330-78-5, Tricresyl phosphate 2426-54-2 2439-35-2 3710-84-7, Diethylhydroxylamine 15625-89-5 RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compn. for printed circuit fabrication contg. partially neutralized carboxylic acid binder and)

IT 121-69-7, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist contg.)

IT 569-64-2, Victoria green

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compn. for printed circuit fabrication contg. partially neutralized carboxylic acid binder and)

RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

L10 ANSWER 40 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1986:139332 HCAPLUS

DN 104:139332

TI Materials for pattern formation

IN Hayashi, Shunichi; Yamamura, Takashi

PA Nitto Electric Industrial Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

IC ICM G03C001-68

ICS C08G059-40; C08G059-50; C08G059-68; G03C001-00

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI JP 60207136 A2 19851018 JP 1984-64219 19840331

Transparent substrates are coated with a photosensitive layer essentially contg. a compd. having .gtoreq.1 photopolymerizable C-C double bond, a binder contg. a halogen-contg. polymer, a photopolymn. initiator contg. an acrylic amine, and a compd. having .gtoreq.1 epoxy group to give materials for pattern formation. The materials exhibit high photosensitivity and excellent storage stability. Thus, a soln. of pentaerythritol triacrylate 70, oligoester acrylate (Aronix M-6300) 70, chlorinated polyethylene (Superchlon CPE 907 HA; Cl content 66%; wt. av. mol. wt. .apprx.160,000) 30, poly(Me methacrylate) (Dianal BR-75) 70, benzophenone 7.5, 4,4'-bis(diethylamino)benzophenone 0.6, ethylene glycol diglycidyl ether

1.0, p-methoxyphenol 0.1, tribromomethyl Ph sulfone 1.0, and crystal violet 0.1 in PhMe 400 parts was coated to 35 .mu.m (dry) on a 25-.mu.m transparent poly(ethylene terephthalate) film. The obtained material was laminated on a Cu-laminated print-circuit board and patternwise exposed to UV light. The pattern was developed by peeling off the film. The material had high photosensitivity, showing no decrease in sensitivity after storage at 50.degree. for 5 wk, whereas a material not contg. 4,4'-bis(diethylamino)benzophenone failed to sustain its photosensitivity even for 1 wk.

ST photoresist material acrylic amine photoinitiator

IT Rubber, chlorinated

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compns. with acyclic amine-contg. photopolymn. initiator and, dry-film, with improved photosensitivity and storage stability)

IT Resists

(photo-, dry-film, with acyclic amine-contg. **photoinitiator** for improved sensitivity in storage stability)

119-61-9, uses and miscellaneous IT 84-47-9 121-69-7, uses and miscellaneous 150-76-5 **548-62-9** 1680-21-3 2224-15-9 25068-38-6 3524-68-3 17025-47-7 62886-88-8 9002-88-4D, chlorinated 62886-89-9 62887-18-7 65722-01-2 66828-12-4 82799-44-8 97622-55-4 95543-55-8

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compns. with acyclic amine-contg. photopolymn. initiator and, dry-film, with improved photosensitivity and storage stability)

IT 90-93-7 90-94-8 RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compns. with photopolymn. initiator compn. contg., dry-film, with improved photosensitivity in storage stability)

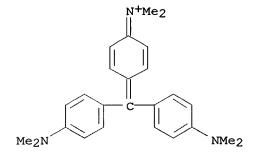
IT 548-62-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compns. with acyclic amine-contg. photopolymn. initiator and, dry-film, with improved photosensitivity and storage stability)

RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



• c1-

L10 ANSWER 41 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1985:569903 HCAPLUS

DN 103:169903

TI Trihalomethyl group-containing carbonylmethyl heterocycles and photosensitive mixtures containing them

IN Doenges, Reinhard; Ruckert, Hans; Geissler, Ulrich; Steppan, Hartmut

PA Hoechst A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.

SO Ger. Offen., 46 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC ICM C07D277-64
ICS C07D277-84; C07D209-10; C07D417-06; C07D413-06; C07D401-06; C07D403-06; C08F002-50; G03C001-72; G03C001-68; G03F007-00

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN. CNT 1

GΙ

	PAT	TENT	NO.		KI	D	DATE			AP	PLIC	OITA	и ио	•	DATE	
ΡI	DE	3333	450		 A	 1	1985	0411		DE	198	 3-33	3345	0	1983	0916
	ΕP	1358	63		A.	2	1985	0403		EP	198	4-11	0533		1984	0905
	EΡ	1358	63		A	3	1985	0515								
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE	, FR,	GB,	IT,	LI, 1	NL,	SE				
	ZΑ	8407	165		A		1985	0424		ZA	198	4-71	65		1984	0912
	FI	8403	594		A		1985	0317		FI	198	4-35	94		1984	0913
	FI	8178	6		В		1990	0831								
	FI	8178	6		С		1990	1210								
	US	4966	828		A		1990	1030		US	198	4-65	1116		1984	0913
	AU	8433	067		A:	1	1985	0321		AU	198	4-33	067		1984	0914
	HU	3713	4		0		1985	1128		HU	198	4-34	74		1984	0914
	HU	1935	90		В		1987	1028								
	ES	5359	56		A.	1	1985	1201		ES	198	4-53	5956		1984	0914
	CS	2537	15		B	2	1987	1217		CS	198	4-69	26		1984	0914
	IL	7294	5		A.	1	1989	0515		IL	198	4-72	945		1984	0914
	JP	6008	9473		\mathbf{A}^{\prime}	2	1985	0520		JP	198	4-19	2770		1984	0917
PRAI	DE	1983	-333	3450	19	830	916									

$$Z = CR^{1}CO(Z^{1})_{n} (CR_{3}^{2})_{m}$$

Trihalomethyl group-contg. carbonylmethylene heterocycles (I; R = alkyl, aralkyl, or alkoxyalkyl; R1 = H or CO(Z)nC(R2)3; R2 = Cl, Br, or I; Z = alkylene, alkenylene, or arylene; Z1 = a divalent arom. group; X = S, Se, O, dialkylmethylene, alken-1,2-ylene, 1,2-phenylenes, or NR; m = 1 or 2; n = 0 or 1), which upon exposure to light form HX and radicals, are used as photoinitiators in photosensitive compns. for use as photoresists, in the prodn. of printing plates and the like. Thus, a mech. grained Al plate was coated with a compn. contg. II 0.5, a polyacetal of triethylene glycol and 2-ethylbutyraldehyde 23.75, a cresol-HCHO novolak resin 75.0, 2-ethoxyethanol 24.25, and MeCOEt 375 parts, dried at 100.degree., step wedge exposed for 2 min, and developed with an aq. soln. to give 7 steps. Trihalomethylcarbonylmethyl heterocycle photoinitiator photoresist;

printing plate photosensitive trihalomethylcarbonylmethylheterocycle

II

IT Photoimaging compositions and processes

(contg. monomers, copolymers, and trihalomethyl group-contg.

carbonylmethylene heterocycle photoinitiator)

IT Lithographic plates

Printing plates

(photosensitive compns. contg. monomers, copolymers, and trihalomethyl group-contg. carbonylmethylene heterocycle **photoinitiator** for prepn. of)

IT Urethane polymers, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(photosensitive compns. contg. trihalomethyl group-contg.

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carbonylmethylene heterocycle photoinitiator and, for
        photoresists and printing plates)
IT
     Resists
        (photo-, trihalomethyl group-contg. carbonylmethyleneheterocycle
     photoinitiators for)
TT
     97189-81-6
                  97189-88-3
                               97189-89-4
                                             97189-93-0
                                                          98707-12-1
                               98707-16-5
     98707-13-2
                  98707-15-4
                                             98707-17-6
                                                          98707-19-8
                  98707-21-2
     98707-20-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive compns. contg. phenolic resins, copolymers and, for
        photoresists and printing plate prepn.)
IT
     97-96-1D, acetal with 1,6-hexanediol
                                             97-96-1D, acetal with triethylene
                         112-27-6D, acetal with 2-ethyl-butyraldehyde
              110-80-5
                         603-48-5
                                     629-11-8D, acetal with
     467-63-0 569-64-2
                             9003-32-1
                                                     15625-89-5
                                                                   23807-28-5
     2-ethyl-butyraldehyde
                                        . 9016-83-5
                  25721-76-0
                                             29570-58-9
                                                          41137-60-4
     25086-15-1
                               28262-63-7
     58601-54-0
                  60466-57-1
                               73539-63-6
                                             81119-32-6
                                                          98726-98-8
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive compns. contg. trihalomethyl group-contg.
        carbonylmethylene heterocycle photoinitiator and, for
        photoresists and printing plates)
IT
     118-12-7P
                 1042-84-8P
                             2654-52-6P
                                            6734-20-9P
                                                         14933-76-7P
     58480-17-4P
                   63149-07-5P
                                 98707-14-3P
                                                98707-18-7P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
IT
     118-12-7
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of)
IT
     569-64-2
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive compns. contg. trihalomethyl group-contg.
        carbonylmethylene heterocycle photoinitiator and, for
        photoresists and printing plates)
RN
     569-64-2 HCAPLUS
CN
     Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-
     cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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● c1 -

L10

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ΑN
     1985:569902 HCAPLUS
DN
     103:169902
TΙ
     Photopolymerizable compositions
     Iwasaki, Masayuki; Maeda, Minoru; Shinozaki, Fumiaki; Kawamura, Kouichi
IN
     Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
PA
     Ger. Offen., 29 pp.
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
     German
LA
     ICM G03C001-68
ICS G03F007-10; C08F002-50
IC.
     74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
FAN.CNT 1
                                             APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
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ANSWER 42 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

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                          _____
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    DE 3503113 A1 19850801
                                        DE 1985-3503113 19850130
PI
                    A2 19850821
                                        JP 1984-14819 19840130
    JP 60159742
                     Α
                          19851022
                                         US 1985-696214 19850129
    US 4548892__
PRAI JP 1984-14819
                    19840130
    A photopolymn. initiator which gives photopolymer images of high
    sensitivity, light fastness, and mech. stability suitable for smooth
    printing plates, resin printing, resists, and photomasks consists of
    RZC(R1R4)CONR2R3 (R = aryl; R1 = H, C1, Br; R2,R3 = H, alkyl, aryl,
    aralkyl; R4 = Cl, Br; Z = CO, SO2). Thus, a film was prepd. contg.
    poly(Me methacrylate), tetraethylene glycol diacrylate, trimethylolpropane
    triacrylate, 4,4'-bis(diethylamino)benzophenone as initiator, leucocrystal
    violet, Victora Pure Blue BOH, p-toluenesulfonamide, p-methoxyphenol, and
    MeCOEt on polyethyleneterephthalate laminated with Cu. This film was
    exposed through a step wedge and developed in 1,1,1-trichloroethane to
    give a stable image showing high sensitivity.
ST
    photopolymerizable imaging photoresist printing
IT
    Printing plates
        (photopolymerizable compn. for fabrication of)
IT
    Resists
        (photo-, photopolymerizable compn. for)
    Photoimaging compositions and processes
        (photopolymerizable, contg. PMMA and acrylate derivs. and colorants)
IT
    603-48-5
               9011-14-7 15625-89-5 17831-71-9 54066-28-3
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable imaging compn. contg.)
    86-39-5 90-93-7 90-94-8 119-61-9, uses and miscellaneous
IT
    14548-46-0 17025-47-7 29570-68-1 56185-23-0
                                                      76293-13-5
                98790-30-8 98790-31-9 98790-32-0
    91528-47-1
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable imaging compn. contg., as photoinitiator)
IT
    25086-15-1
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable imaging compn. contg., photoinitiator
       for)
TΨ
    54066-28-3
    RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable imaging compn. contg.)
    54066-28-3 HCAPLUS
RN
L10 ANSWER 43 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
    1985:550986 HCAPLUS
AN
    103:150986
DN
    Light-sensitive laminate
TΙ
    Ai, Hideo; Ikeda, Akihiko; Kaneko, Toshihide
ΙN
    Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
PA
SO
    Ger. Offen., 34 pp.
    CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
    Patent.
LА
    German
    ICM G03C001-70
ICS G03F007-00
IC
    74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
CC
    Reprographic Processes)
FAN.CNT 1
                                         APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                         -----
                     ____
                    A1
                                         DE 1984-3446920
    DE 3446920
                           19850711
                                                          19841221
                                         JP 1983-248966
    JP 60135931
                      A2
                           19850719
                                                          19831224
PRAI JP 1983-248966
                     19831224
GΙ
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SH N
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Ι

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A photosensitive laminate for use as a dry-film photoresist or as a solder
AB
     resist in the prodn. of printed circuits consists of a support and a
     photopolymerizable compn. comprised of an unsatd. compd. with .gtoreq.2
     acryloyl or methacryloyl groups, a vinyl polymer, a photopolymn.
     initiator, and a 1-aryl-5-mercapto-1,2,3,4-tetrazole (I; R = C6-14 aryl or
     alkylaryl). Thus, a soln. contg. a product prepd. by the reaction of
     hexamethylene diisocyanate, polyethylene glycol, and 2-hydroxypropyl
     methacrylate 83, DELPET 70H 45, benzophenone 3, Michler's ketone 0.1,
     Basic Pure Blue BO 0.1, 1-phenyl-5-mercaptotetrazole 0.5, and MeCOEt 100 g
     was coated on a polyethylene film to give a 50 .mu.m resist film and then
     overcoated with a 25 .mu.m thick oriented polystyrene film to give a
     dry-film resist. When laminated to a Cu-clad glass-epoxy substrate at
     90.degree. under pressure, the adhesion to the Cu surface was 1200 g/25
         Upon exposure to a mask with 200 .mu.m pos. lines at 1000 .mu.m
     intervals with a high-pressure Hg lamp (intensity 100 mJ/cm2) and
     development with 1,1,1-trichloroethane, a resist pattern was obtained.
     photoresist arylmercaptotetrazole acryloyl compd; vinyl polymer
ST
     arylmercaptotetrazole photoresist
IT
     Soldering
        (masks for, photopolymerizable compns. contg. vinyl polymer, acryloyl
        compd., photoinitiator and arylmercaptotetrazole for prepn.
        of)
     Vinyl compounds, polymers
IT
     RL: PREP (Preparation)
        (polymers, photoresist compns. contg. acryloyl compd.,
      photoinitiator, arylmercaptotetrazole and, for printed elec.
        circuits and soldering mask prepn.)
TТ
     Resists
        (photo-, contg. vinyl polymer, acryloyl compd., photoinitiator
        and arylmercaptotetrazole)
     Electric circuits
TΨ
        (printed, photoresist compns. contg. vinyl polymer, acryloyl compds.,
      photoinitiator and arylmercaptotetrazole for prepn. of)
                             95567-24-1
     9011-14-7 80146-94-7
TΤ
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoresist compns. contg. acryloyl compd., photoinitiator,
        arylmercaptotetrazole and, for printed elec. circuit and soldering mask
        prepn.)
     90-94-8
               119-61-9, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoresist compns. contg. vinyl polymer, acryloyl compd.,
        arylmercaptotetrazole and, for printed elec. circuit and soldering mask
        prepn.)
                            13980-77-3
                                         14331-22-7
                                                      41401-38-1
TΤ
     86-93-1
               13183-79-4
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoresist compns. contq. vinyl polymer, acryloyl compd.,
      photoinitiator and, for printed elec. circuit and soldering
        mask prepn.)
                          38605-72-0
                                       63912-42-5
     633-03-4 2390-60-5
IT
     74315-89-2
                 88004-52-8
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoresist compns. contq. vinyl polymer, acryloyl compd.,
      photoinitiator, arylmercaptotetrazole and, for printed elec.
        circuit and soldering mask prepn.)
     110-82-7D, reaction product with polyethylene glycol and hydroxypropyl
IT
                              923-26-2D, reaction product with hexamethylene
     methacrylate
                    868-77-9
     diisocyanate and polyethylene glycol 15625-89-5
                                                        17831-71-9
     25322-68-3D, reaction product with hexamethylene diisocyanate and
```

hydroxypropyl methacrylate RL: USES (Uses) (photoresist compns. contg. vinyl polymer, photoinitiator, arylmercaptotetrazole and, for printed elec. circuit and soldering mask ΙT 633-03-4 2390-60-5 RL: USES (Uses) (photoresist compns. contg. vinyl polymer, acryloyl compd., photoinitiator, arylmercaptotetrazole and, for printed elec. circuit and soldering mask prepn.) RN 633-03-4 HCAPLUS Ethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, sulfate (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM CRN 18198-35-1

CMF C27 H33 N2

CM . 2

CRN 14996-02-2 CMF H O4 S

RN 2390-60-5 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]][4-(ethylamino)-1naphthalenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, chloride
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1-

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ANSWER 44 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
ΑN
     1985:496424 HCAPLUS
DN
     103:96424
     Photosensitive trichloromethyl group-containing compounds
TΙ
IN
     Buhr, Gerhard
     Hoechst A.-G. , Fed. Rep. Ger.
PA
     Ger. Offen., 44 pp.
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     German
     ICM C07D251-16
TC
     ICS G03C001-68
CC
     74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
     Reprographic Processes)
FAN.CNT 1
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                             DATE
     PATENT NO.
     _____
     DE 3337024
                       A1
                            19850425
                                           DE 1983-3337024
                                                            19831012
PΤ
     IL 73112
                       Α1
                            19881031
                                           IL 1984-73112
                                                             19840926
                                           EP 1984-111892
                                                             19841004
     EP 137452
                       A1
                            19850417
     EP 137452
                       В1
                            19890913
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
                            19890915
                                           AT 1984-111892
                                                             19841004
     AT 46333
                       Ε
     CA 1255669
                            19890613
                                           CA 1984-464814
                                                             19841005
                       A1
                            19850413
                                           FI 1984-3978
                                                             19841010
     FI 8403978
                       A
     ES 536668
                            19851216
                                           ES 1984-536668
                                                             19841010
                       A1
                            19850529
                                           ZA 1984-7940
                                                             19841011
     ZA 8407940
                       A
                                           JP 1984-211600
                                                             19841011
     JP 60105667
                       A2
                            19850611
                            19930706
     JP 05044459
                       В4
                                           BR 1984-5160
                                                             19841011
     BR 8405160
                       Α
                            19850827
                                           HU 1984-3816
                                                             19841011
     HU 37409
                       A2
                            19851228
                                           CS 1984-7727
                                                             19841011
     CS 249527
                       B2
                            19870312
                                           AU 1984-34204
                                                             19841012
                       A1
                            19850418
     AU 8434204
                       B2
                            19880421
     AU 571589
                                           US 1984-660098
                                                             19841012
     US 4619998
                       Α
                            19861028
    US 4696888
                                           US 1986-890537
                                                             19860730
                       Α
                            19870929
                                           JP 1993-2448
                                                             19930111
     JP 06065218
                       A2
                            19940308
     JP 06053734
                       В4
                            19940720
PRAI DE 1983-3337024
                      19831012
     EP 1984-111892
                      19841004
     US 1984-660098
                      19841012
GΙ
```

$$RCR^{1} = CR^{2}$$

$$RCR^{1} = CR^{2}$$

$$RCR^{1} = CR^{2}$$

$$R^{6}$$

$$R^{$$

Photosensitive compds. of the formula I (R = a 1-3 nucleus arom. group; AB R1, R2 = H or alkyl; R3, R4 = H or 4,6-bistrichloromethyl-s-triazin-2-yl; R5, R6 = H, halogen, alkyl, alkenyl, or alkoxy) are described for use as photoinitiators for radical polymn. or as a photolytic acid donors for acid cleavable compds., and for crosslinking or color forming reactions. The compds. show a high sensitivity in various spectral regions. Thus, an electrochem. roughened and anodized Al plate, which was treated with a 0.1% aq. soln. of poly(vinylphosphoric acid), was coated with a soln. contg. a HCHO-cresol polymer 6.63, a polymeric ortho ester prepd. by condensation of tri-Me orthoformate with 4-oxa-6,6-bis(hydroxymethyl)octan-1-ol 1.99, II 0.33, crystal violet base 0.05, ethylene glycol mono-Me ether 30, THF 52, and BuOAc 9 parts to give a 2.0 .mu.m (dry) layer. resultant material was then exposed through an original, that contained besides line and screen motifs a halftone step wedge with 13 steps of optical d. 0.15, to a metal halide lamp at 110 cm for 15 s and after a waiting period of 10 min was developed for 1 min with a compn. with an ag. alk. compn. to give offset printing plate capable of producing >140,000 unobjectionable copies.

ST photoinitiator photopolymer offset printing plate; chloromethyl group photoinitiator printing plate; lithog printing plate photopolymer; electron sensitive compn photoinitiator

IT Photoimaging compositions and processes

(photopolymer, trichloromethyl group-contg. compds. and photoinitiators in)

IT Epoxy resins, uses and miscellaneous Phenolic resins, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(photosensitive compns. contg. trichloromethyl group-contg. compds. as photoinitiator and, for offset lithog. plate fabrication)

IT Lithographic plates

(offset, photosensitive compns. contg. trichloromethyl group-contg. compds. as **photoinitiators** in fabrication of)

IT Resists

(photo-, trichloromethyl group-contg. compds. as
photoinitiators in)

IT 109-63-7 7446-70-0, uses and miscellaneous 7727-15-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(Friedel-Crafts reaction catalyst)

IT 545-06-2

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(Friedel-Crafts reaction of, with stilbenecarbonitrile)

IT 64523-73-5

RL: USES (Uses)

(electron-beam sensitive compns. contg. trichloromethyl group-contg. compd. as **photoinitiator** and)

IT 97802-70-5 97802-77-2 97802-78-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoinitiator, in electron-beam sensitive compns. for offset lithog. plate fabrication)

IT 97802-67-0 97802-69-2 97802-71-6 97802-72-7 97802-73-8 97802-74-9 97802-75-0 97802-80-7 97802-81-8 97802-82-9 97802-83-0 97802-84-1

RL: USES (Uses)

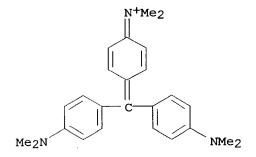
(photoinitiator, in photosensitive compn. for offset lithog.
plate fabrication)

IT 9003-09-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compn. contg. trichloromethyl group-contg. compd. as photoinitiator and, pos.-working) 111-29-5D, acetal with 2-ethylhexanal 123-05-7D, acetal with IT 109-16-0 1,5-pentanediol 41137-60-4 58601-54-0 RL: USES (Uses) (photoresist compns. contg. trichloromethyl group-contg. compd. as photoinitiator and, neg.-working) 112-27-6D, acetal with 97-96-1D, acetal with triethylene glycol TΤ 467-63-0 **548-62-9** 1484-13-5 1628-58-6 2-ethylbutyraldehyde 19778-85-9 23807-28-5 24979-70-2 25068-38-6 25086-15-1 9016-83-5 97746-56-0 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. trichloromethyl group-contg. compds. as photoinitiator and, for offset lithog. plate fabrication) IT 24687-64-7 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. trihalo group-contg. compds. as photoinitiators and, for neg. color image prodn.) IT 1552-58-5P RL: RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and Friedel-Crafts reaction of, with trichloroacetonitrile) 97802-76-1P 97802-79-4P IT 97802-66-9P 97802-68-1P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and photoinitiator applications of) 97802-65-8 IT RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with benzaldehyde) 100-52-7, reactions IT RL: RCT (Reactant) (reaction of, with di-Et cyanophenylmethane phosphonate) ΙT 548-62-9 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compns. contg. trichloromethyl group-contg. compds. as photoinitiator and, for offset lithog. plate fabrication) RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-CN

cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



• c1-

ANSWER 45 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L10 1985:414570 HCAPLUS ΑN DN 103:14570 Photopolymerizable composition TТ Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan PA Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 10 pp. SO CODEN: JKXXAF DTPatent LΑ Japanese IC ICM G03C001-00

ICS C08F002-50; G03C001-68

CC 74-4 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI JP 60035725 A2 19850223 JP 1983-145293 19830809

A photopolymerizable compn. comprises an unsatd. compd. having .gtoreq.2 AB ethylenic double bonds capable of addn. polymn. and a combination of 3 kinds of photoinitiators: a 4,4'-bis(dialkylamino)benzophenone of the formula I (R = C1-6 alkyl, cycloalkyl, hydoxyalkyl, or together may form a tetramethylene, pentamethylene, or oxybisethylene group), an arom. ketone, and an org. peroxide. The compn. provides a high-sensitivity imaging material producing a photohardened relief image suitable for lithog. or letterpress plates, photoresists, and photomasking materials for printed circuit fabrication. Thus, a soln. consisting of poly(Me methacrylate) (mol. wt. 140,000) 15, trimethylolpropanetriacrylate 2,4 tetraethylene glycol diacrylate 6.1, 4,4'-bis(diethylamino)benzophenone 0.04, benzophenone 0.15, di-tert-butyl diperoxyisophthalate 0.12, p-methoxyphenol 0.01, p-toluenesulfonamide 1.62, malachite green 0.015, and MeCOEt 45 g was coated on a poly(ethylene terephthalate) film with the thickness of 50 .mu.m. The photopolymn. imaging material had high sensitivity to UV and gave a relief image of good phys. strength. ST amino benzophenone deriv photopolymer photoimaging photoinitiator; arom

st amino benzophenone deriv photopolymer photoimaging photoinitiator; arom ketone photoinitiator photopolymn photoimaging; peroxide photoinitiator photopolymn photoimaging material; lithog plate photopolymer photoimaging material; photoresist photopolymer imaging material

IT Peroxides, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable photoimaging compns. with **photoinitiator** combination contg. arom. ketone and bis(dialkylamino)benzophenone and)

IT Ketones, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(aryl, photopolymerizable photoimaging compns. with
photoinitiator combination from bis(dialkylamino)benzophenone
and org. peroxide and)

IT Resists

(photo-, with **photoinitiator** combination contg. arom. ketone and bis(dialkylamino)benzophenone and org. peroxide)

IT Photoimaging compositions and processes

(photopolymerizable, with **photoinitiator** combination contg. arom. ketone and (dialkylamino)benzophenone and org. peroxide)

IT 80-43-3 1068-27-5 2618-77-1 3025-88-5 33943-20-3

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable photoimaging compns. contg. photoinitiator combination from benzophenone and bis(diethylamino)benzophenone and)

IT 90-93-7

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable photoimaging compns. contg. photoinitiator combination from benzophenone and org. peroxide and)

IT 119-61-9, properties

RL: PRP (Properties)

(photopolymerizable photoimaging compns. contg. photoinitiator combination from bis(diethylamino)benzophenone and org. peroxide and)

IT 70-55-3 150-76-5 **569-64-2** 9011-14-7 15625-89-5

17831-71-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable photoimaging compns. contg. photoinitiators

and)
IT 569-64-2

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable photoimaging compns. contg. photoinitiators

and)

RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl⁻

L10 ANSWER 46 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1985:53998 HCAPLUS

DN 102:53998

TI Photosensitive composition

IN Kita, Noriyasu; Goto, Kiyoshi

PA Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 45 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC G03C001-72; G03F007-10; C07D413-04; C07D413-06

ICI C07D413-04, C07D307-00, C07D271-00; C07D413-06, C07D307-00, C07D271-00

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLI	CATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	EP 118766	A 2	19840919	EP 19	84-101299	19840208
	EP 118766	A3	19860625			
	EP 118766	B1 ·	19890104			
	R: DE, FR,	GB		•		
	JP 59148784	A2	19840825	JP 19	83-19689	19830210
	JP 63053992	В4	19881026			
	US 4849869	Α	19890620	US 19	87-83879	19870810
PRAI	JP 1983-19689	19830	210			
	US 1984-578500	19840	209			
	US 1986-867628	19860	527			
GT						

AB A highly sensitive photoimaging compn. useful for lithog. plate fabrication contains as a radical-producing compd. a 2-halomethyl-1,3,4-oxadiazole deriv. having a heterocyclic radical contg. .gtoreq.1 element selected from O, N, S, or Se. The compn. has excellent development characteristics and provides sharp and clear images. Thus, an Al plate whose surface was sand-blasted and subjected to an anodic oxidn. was

```
coated with a compn. contg. benzaldehyde-resorcinol copolymer
     1,2-naphthoguinone-2-diazide-5-sulfonate 3, a cresol-novolak resin 12, I
     0.09, glutaric anhydride 0.13, Victoria Pure Blue 0.12, crystal violet
     0.03, and Me cellosolve 100 g, dried 4 min at 100.degree. (coating wt. of
     a dry layer 2.4 g/m2), imagewise exposed 140 s to a 2 kW metal halide
     lamp, and developed 45 s at 25.degree. in a 7-fold dild. developer compn.
     consisting of Na silicate 134, NaOH 12 g, and H2O 890 mL to provide a
     printing plate.
    photoimaging compn halomethyloxadiazole lithog plate; oxadiazole radical
ST
     generator lithog plate; photoinitiator oxadiazole photopolymer lithog
     Photoimaging compositions and processes
IT
        (photopolymer, contg. halomethyloxadiazoles as photoinitiators
        )
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (photosensitive compn. contg. halomethyloxadiazole derivs. as radical
       producing compds. for fabrication of)
IT
     Polymerization catalysts
        (photochem., halomethyloxadiazole compds. as)
     6834-92-0
ΙT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (developer compn. contg., for photoimaging compn. contg.
        halomethyloxadiazole deriv., for lithog. plate fabrication)
     496-41-3
                57329-40-5
IT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (esterification of)
                147-14-8 548-62-9
                                    8004-87-3
                                                56791-83-4
IT
     108-55-4
                  72063-23-1 77347-95-6 94020-68-5
     65722-01-2
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoimaging compn. contg. halomethyloxadiazole deriv. as radical
        generator and, for lithog. plate fabrication)
                  93641-25-9
IT
     93641-24-8
                               93641-26-0
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoimaging compn. contg., for lithog. plate fabrication)
IT
     93641-38-4P
                   93641-40-8P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and dehydration of)
     50551-61-6P
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and esterification of)
                   93641-37-3P
IT
     42974-19-6P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and haloacetylation of)
                   93641-28-2P
                                 93641-29-3P
                                               93641-30-6P
                                                              93641-31-7P
IT
     93641-27-1P
     93641-32-8P
                   93641-33-9P
                                 93641-34-0P
                                               93641-35-1P
                                                              94363-87-8P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and photoimaging applications of)
IT
     50963-54-7P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and reaction of, with benzenesulfonyl chloride)
IT
                   93641-39-5P 93641-41-9P
     93641-36-2P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and reaction of, with hydrazine hydrate)
                   93641-42-0P
IT
     50551-61-6P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
IT
     673-22-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with Et bromomalonate)
     107-14-2
ΙT
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with benzofurylacrylic acid)
ΙT
     685-87-0
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (reaction of, with hydroxymethoxybenzaldehyde)
IT
     7803-57-8
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
```

(reactions of, with benzofurylacrylic acid esters)
IT 548-62-9
RL: USES (Uses)

(photoimaging compn. contg. halomethyloxadiazole deriv. as radical generator and, for lithog. plate fabrication)

RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

L10 ANSWER 47 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1984:638170 HCAPLUS

DN 101:238170

TI Photopolymerizable composition

IN Iwasaki, Masayuki; Maeda, Minoru; Shinozaki, Fumiaki

PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Ger. Offen., 31 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC C08F002-50; G03C001-68; G03F007-00

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.	TAN. CNT I									
	PATENT NO.		DATE	APPLICATION NO. DATE						
ΡI	DE 3339228	A1	19840503	DE 1983-3339228 19831028						
	DE 3339228	C2	19941027							
	JP 59078339	A2	19840507	JP 1982-189536 19821028						
	JP 03008536	B4	19910206							
	GB 2132212	A1	19840704	GB 1983-28774 19831027						
	GB 2132212	B2	19860611							
	US 4584260	A	19860422	US 1985-741721 19850606						
PRAI	JP 1982-189536	19821	.028							
	US 1983-546662	19831	.028							

GΙ

$$R_{2}N$$
 CO
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 $R_{2}N$
 R_{2}
 R_{3}
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 R_{5}
 R_{6}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{7}
 R_{8}
 R_{8}
 R_{8}
 R_{1}

AΒ Photopolymerizable compns. having a high sensitivity and which give photohardened layers having outstanding mech. strength contain an addn. polymerizable unsatd. compd. with .gtoreq.2 double bonds/mol. and a photopolymn. initiator system contg. a 4,4'-bis(dialkylamino)benzophenone (I; R = alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, an cycloalkyl, or together form a ring), a benzophenone deriv. (II; R1, R2 = alkyl, alkoxy, CO2H, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl, or halo; m and n = 0, 1, 2, and a compd. selected from III, IV, V, VI, or R9SO2CR4 (R3 = substituted or unsubstituted Ph or naphthyl; R4 = Cl or Br; R5 = aryl; R6 = H, alkyl, or aryl; R7 = R3 or CR43; R8 = CR43, NH2, NHR10, NR210, SR10, OR10, or R10 where R10 = alkyl, aryl, or alkenyl; and R9 = R3). Thus, a compn. contg. PMMA (av. mol. wt. of 140,000) 15, trimethylolpropane triacrylate 2.4, tetraethylene glycol diacrylate 6.1, 4,4'-bis(diethylamino)benzophenone 0.04, benzophenone 0.15, Ph tribromomethyl sulfone 0.37, p-methoxyphenol 0.01, p-toluenesulfonamide 1.62, malachite green 0.015, and MeCOEt 45 g was coated on a poly(ethylene terephthalate) support at 50 .mu.m (dry), laminated to a Cu-clad, glass fiber reinforced epoxy resin plate, and then imagewise exposed and developed to show a sensitivity of 10 steps. photopolymer photoimaging compn photoinitiator system; photoresist ternary ST photoinitiator system; resist photo ternary photoinitiator system; lithog plate photopolymer photoinitiator system; benzophenone deriv photoinitiator photoimaging; alkylaminobenzophenone deriv photoinitiator photoimaging; halomethyl sulfone deriv photoinitiator photoimaging; sulfone halomethyl deriv photoinitiator photoimaging; halomethyltriazine deriv photoinitiator photoimaging; halomethylquinazolinone deriv photoinitiator photoimaging; halomethyloxadiazole deriv photoinitiator photoimaging ΙT Lithographic plates

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. benzophenone deriv.-based ternary photoinitiator systems for fabrication of)

ΙT Resists

(photo-, contg. benzophenone deriv.-based ternary photoinitiator systems)

90-94-8 119-61-9, uses and miscellaneous TT 90-93-7 134-85-0 17025-47-7 72015-26-0 76168-40-6 3584-23-4 5558-95-2 6542-67-2 RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compn. with ternary photoinitiator system contg., for photoresists and lithog. plate fabrication)

ΙT 603-48-5 1328-54-7 25086-15-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. benzophenone deriv.-based ternary photoinitiator systems and, for lithog. plate fabrication)

IT 70-55-3 150-76-5 **569-64-2** 9011-14-7 15625-89-5

17831-71-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compns. contg. benzophenone deriv.-based ternary photoinitiator system and)

IT569-64-2 RL: USES (Uses)

(photoresist compns. contg. benzophenone deriv.-based ternary

photoinitiator system and)

RN 569-64-2 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

L10 ANSWER 48 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1984:446325 HCAPLUS

DN 101:46325

TI Photopolymerizable photosensitive composition

IN Ide, Hiroshi

PA Mitsubishi Chemical Industries Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 30 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

LA English

IC G03F007-10; C08F299-02

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 1

rau.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 106351	A2	19840425	EP	1983-110346	19831017
	EP 106351	A3	19840912			
	EP 106351	B1	19870826			
	EP 106351	B2	19911009			
	R: DE, FR,	GB, NL				
	JP 59071048	A2	19840421	JP	1982-182471	19821018
	JP 04069381	В4	19921106			
	AU 8319733	A1	19840503	AU	1983-19733	19830929
	AU 553478	В2	19860717			
	US 4537855	Α	19850827	US	1983-540868	19831011
	CA 1258597	A1	19890822	CA	1983-438783	19831012
PRAI GI	JP 1982-182471	19821	018			

AB A photopolymerizable compn. is described which is useful for relief and offset (presensitized) plate fabrication, as well as for printed circuit fabrication, resist applications, soldering processes, and the like. The compn. comprises a photosensitive resin having polyfunctional ethylenically unsatd. groups in the side chains or end groups thereof and a photoinitiator. Thus, a grained and anodized Al plate was coated with a

ΙI

```
compn. contg. Styrite CM-2L 0.45, Me methacrylate-methacrylic acid polymer
     0.1, a polyfunctional polymer (prepd. by reaction of 0.01 mol of Styrite
     CM-2L with 0.02 mol of pentaerythritol triacrylate) 0.5, an initiator I
     0.04, an initiator II 0.04, Victoria Pure Blue BOH 0.012, and Et
     cellosolve 18 g to a dry thickness 20 mg/dm2, overcoated with a poly(vinyl
     alc.) layer, UV imagewise-exposed for 15 s at 1 m, and developed with 1%
     aq. Na silicate.
     photoimaging photopolymeric compn printing plate; photoresist lithog elec
ST
     circuit; lithog plate photopolymer compn
     Photoimaging compositions and processes
IT
        (photopolymeric)
IT
     Lithographic plates
     Printing plates
        (photopolymeric photosensitive compn. for prepn. of)
IT
        (photo-, photopolymeric photosensitive compn. for)
IT
     Electric circuits
        (printed, photopolymeric photosensitive compn. for fabrication of)
IT
     814-68-6
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (esterification by, of glycerin)
IT
     56-81-5, properties
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
        (esterification of, by acryloyl chloride)
     6542-67-2
                19878-93-4
IT
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoinitiator, photopolymeric photoimaging compn. contq.)
     117-81-7 149-30-4 2026-35-9 15625-89-5 25086-15-1
                                                                 51204-92-3
IT
     54066-28-3
                  59217-34-4
                              72924-70-0 90879-82-6
                                                         90954-94-2
     90954-95-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymeric photoimaging compn. contg.)
IT
     1709-72-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. and reaction with tertiary esterified styrene-maleic anhydride
        copolymer)
IT
     54066-28-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymeric photoimaging compn. contg.)
     54066-28-3 HCAPLUS
RN
L10 ANSWER 49 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS
     1980:485223 HCAPLUS
AN
     93:85223
DN
     Radiation-sensitive copying composition
TI
IN
     Buhr, Gerhard
PA
     Hoechst A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
     U.S., 9 pp.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LА
     English
     G03C001-68
IC
NCL 430281000
     74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes)
CC
FAN CMT 2
```

rau.	PATENT NO.		DATE	APPLICA	DATE	
					-	
PI	US 4189323	A	19800219	US 1978	-899272	19780424
	DE 2718259	A1	19781102	DE 1977	-2718259	19770425
	DE 2718259	C2	19821125			
PRAI	DE 1977-2718259	19770	425			
GI						

$$R \xrightarrow{N} N \xrightarrow{CH_{m}R^{1}3-m}$$

$$R \xrightarrow{N} CH_{m}R^{1}3-m$$

```
AB
    Radiation-sensitive copying compns. for use in prepg. printing plates,
     color proofing films, resists, and the like are composed of an
     ethylenically unsatd. compd. capable of undergoing a polymn. reaction
     initiated by free radicals or a compd. capable of undergoing a cationic
     polymn. under the action of acid catalysts and an s-triazine of formula I
     (R = a substituted or unsubstituted bi- or polynuclear arom. or
     heterocyclic arom. group which can be partially hydrogenated and is linked
     by an unsatd. nuclear C atom; R1 = Br or C1; m, n = 0-3; and m + n = <5).
     Thus, an electrolytically roughened and anodized Al plate was whirl-coated
     with a coating soln. contg. trimethylolethane triacrylate 6.7, methacrylic
     acid-Me methacrylate copolymer (acid no 115) 6.5, I (R =
     4-\text{ethoxy-}1-\text{naphthyl}; R1 = C1; m,n = 0) 0.12, ethylene glycol monoethyl
     ether 64.0, BuOAc 22.7, and 2,4-dinitro-6-chloro-2'-acetamido-5'-methoxy-
     4'-(.beta.-hydroxyethyl-.beta.'-cyanoethyl)aminoazobenzene 0.3 parts by
     wt. to give a 3-4 g/m2 dry layer. After providing the plate with a 4
     .mu.m thick protective layer of poly(vinyl alc.), the layer was exposed
     for 30 s at 110 cm to a 5 kW metal halide lamp under a line/screen
     original, and developed with 1.5% aq. Na metasilicate to give a neg. of
     the original that when used in an offset press produced 200,000 copies of
     good quality.
     chloromethyltriazine deriv copying compn; color proofing photosensitive
ST
     chloromethyltriazine; printing plate photosensitive chloromethyltriazine;
     resist photo photosensitive chloromethyltriazine; photoresist
     photosensitive chloromethyltriazine
     Photoimaging compositions and processes
ΤТ
        (contg. ethylenically unsatd. compds. and triazine derivs. for color
       proofing film prodn.)
IT
     Printing plates
        (photosensitive compns. for, contg. ethylenically unsatd. compds. and
        triazine derivs.)
     Epoxy resins, uses and miscellaneous
IT
     Phenolic resins, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (radiation-sensitive compns. contg. triazine derivs. and, for
       photoresists, color proofing films, and printing plates)
IT
     Resists
        (photo-, contg. ethylenically unsatd. compds. and triazine derivs.)
                 24481-46-7
                              69432-40-2
                                            69432-41-3
                                                         69432-42-4
IT
     24481-45-6
                  69432-44-6
                                                         69432-47-9
                               69432-45-7
                                            69432-46-8
     69432-43-5
                                            74217-63-3
                  69432-54-8
                               74217-61-1
     69432-53-7
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoinitiator, in radiation-sensitive compns. for color
        proofing films, photoresists, and printing plates)
IT
     3813-01-2P
                  69432-48-0P
                              69432-49-1P 69432-50-4P
                                                            69432-51-5P
                                               74217-65-5P
                                 74217-64-4P
                                                            74217-66-6P
     69432-57-1P
                   74217-62-2P
                   74217-68-8P
     74217-67-7P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
IT
     109-16-0 548-62-9
                         1484-13-5
                                     1628-58-6
                                                 9003-35-4
                              23807-28-5
                                           24687-64-7 25068-38-6
                                                                      25086-15-1
     9016-83-5
                 19778-85-9
                                            69418-08-2
                  58601-54-0
                               64502-14-3
                                                         69666-21-3
     41137-60-4
                  74217-60-0
     74217-21-3
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (radiation-sensitive compns. contg. triazine derivs. and, for
        photoresists, color proofing films, and printing plates)
IT
     545-06-2
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
```

(reaction of, with ethoxynaphthalene in presence of aluminum bromide and hydrogen chloride)

IT 5328-01-8

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(reaction of, with trichloroacetonitrile in presence of aluminum bromide and hydrogen chloride)

IT 548-62-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(radiation-sensitive compns. contg. triazine derivs. and, for photoresists, color proofing films, and printing plates)

RN 548-62-9 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1-

L10 ANSWER 50 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1979:602241 HCAPLUS

DN 91:202241

TI 2-Halomethyl-5-vinyl-1,3,4-oxadiazole photoinitiators

IN Iwasaki, Masayuki

PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Ger. Offen., 33 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC C07D271-10; C07D413-06

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes) Section cross-reference(s): 28

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		AP	DATE	
PI	DE 2851471	A1	19790531	DE	1978-2851471	19781128
	DE 2851471	C2	19811126			
	JP 54074728	A2	19790615	JP	1977-142473	19771128
	JP 57006096	В4	19820203			
	JP 55024113	A2	19800221	JP	1978-96306	19780808
	JP 60027673	B4	19850629			
	US 4212970	A	19800715	US	1978-962851	19781122
	GB 2010259	A	19790627	GB	1978-45706	19781123
	GB 2010259	B2	19820317			
	FR 2409992	A1	19790622	FR	1978-33187	19781124
	FR 2409992	В1	19821231			
PRAI	JP 1977-142473	19771	128			
	JP 1978-96306	19780	808			
CT						

```
AB
     The photoinitiator I (R = Ph, substituted Ph with a halogen in the 1- or
     2-position or NO2, CN, C1-3 alkyl, or C1-4 alkoxy in the 1-position,
     naphthyl, or 3,4-(methylenedioxy)phenyl; R1 = H, Ph, or C1-3 alkyl; R2 =
     halogen; and n = 1-3) is used in a photosensitive compn. to produce
     visible images with actinic light which are humidity resistant and
     suitable for lithog. printing plates. Thus, p-methoxycinnamic acid 17.8
     and p-nitrophenol 13.9 g were refluxed 1 h in SO2Cl2 500 and benzene 50
     mL, the excess SO2Cl2 and benzene were distd. off, the product 18.0, 80%
     hydrazine hydrate 11.4 g, and MeOH 75 mL were then refluxed 30 min, Et3N
     6.3 g was added, the mixt. was poured into H2O 400 mL, the product 19.2
     and hexachloroacetone 29.2 g were refluxed 20 min in MeCN 100 mL, the
     product 4 g and POCl3 40 mL were refluxed 3 h, the mixt. was poured into
     ice H2O 200 g, and the ppt. was recrystd. from MeOH to give
     2-trichloromethyl-5-(p-methoxystyryl)-1,3,4-oxadiazole (II) 2.5 g. An Al
     plate was coated with a mixt. of the ester of 1,2-naphthoquinone-2-diazide-
     5-sulfonyl chloride and pyrogallol-acetone resin 0.75, cresol novolak
     resin 2.1, tetrahydrophthalic acid anhydride 0.15, Crystal Violet 0.02, II
     0.03, ethylene dichloride 18, and Me cellosolve 12 g, dried to 2.2 g/m2,
     exposed to a 30-A C-arc lamp at 70 cm distance for 68 s through a grey
     scale of 0.15 d. steps, dipped in an aq. 5% Na silicate soln. at
     25.degree. for 60 s (the optical d. was detd. before and after storage 7
     days at 45.degree. and 75% relative humidity) to give a pos. image with an
     optical d. difference between the exposed and unexposed regions of 0.14
     just 1 day after coating and 0.13 after the storage vs. 69 s, 0.00, and
     0.00, resp., for a plate with 2-trichloromethyl-4-(p-
     methoxystyryl) quinazoline instead of II. The developed plate was useful
     as a lithog. plate.
ST
     halomethylvinyloxadiazole photosensitive compn lithog plate;
     photoinitiator halomethylvinyloxadiazole lithog plate
IT
     Lithographic plates
        (photosensitive compns. contg. halomethylvinyloxadiazole
     photoinitiator for)
IT
     71255-79-3
                 71255-81-7
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photoinitiator, for photosensitive compns. contg.
        acetone-pyrogallol resin naphthaquinonediazidesulfonate for pos. image
        formation in lithog. plate prepn.)
IT
                      603-48-5
                                   1328-54-7
                                               3770-97-6D, esters
     85-43-8 548-62-9
     with acetone-pyrogallol resin
                                     9016-83-5
                                                 24402-72-0
                                                              25085~50-1
     38333-84-5D, esters with naphthoquinonediazidesulfonyl chloride
                 72015-34-0
     72015-33-9
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive compns. contg. halomethylvinyloxadiazole photoinitator
        and, for pos. image formation in lithog. plate prepn.)
TТ
                  72015-19-1P
                                 72015-20-4P
                                               72015-21-5P
                                                             72015-22-6P
     71255-80-6P
                                                             72015-27-1P
     72015-23-7P
                   72015-24-8P
                                 72015-25-9P
                                               72015-26-0P
                   72015-29-3P
                                 72015-30-6P
                                                             72015-32-8P
                                               72015-31-7P
     72015-28-2P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
IT
     548-62-9
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photosensitive compns. contg. halomethylvinyloxadiazole photoinitator
        and, for pos. image formation in lithog. plate prepn.)
RN
     548-62-9 HCAPLUS
     Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-
CN
     cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

● c1 -

L10 ANSWER 51 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1979:515384 HCAPLUS

DN 91:115384

TI Light-sensitive composition

IN Iwasaki, Masayuki; Sato, Shigeru; Inoue, Yasuo; Nagashima, Akira

PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Ger. Offen., 44 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DT Patent

LA German

IC G03C001-727

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes)

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.		DATE	AP	PLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	DE 2851472	A1	19790531	DE	1978-2851472	19781128
	DE 2851472	C2	19820902			
	JP 54074728	A2	19790615	JP	1977-142473	19771128
	JP 57006096	B4	19820203			
	-US4232106	A	19801104	US	1978-961164	19781116
• •	GB 2009437	A	19790613	GB	1978-45705	19781123
	GB 2009437	B2	19820902		•	
	FR 2410301	A1	19790622	FR	1978-33186	19781124
	FR 2410301	B1	19831007			
PRAI GI	JP 1977-142473	19771	128			

ĠΙ

$$MeO \longrightarrow CH = CH \longrightarrow N-M$$

AB Photoinitiators I (R = aryl; R1 = H, alkyl, or aryl; R2 = Br, Cl, or F; and n = 1-3) for polymn. of photoresists at 300-500 nm for lithog. plates, relief plates, engraved plates, or photomasks in semiconductor-device fabrication produce photoresist images which are stable on storage and which can be made visible before development by incorporation of a color-changing agent in the original compn. Thus, p-methoxycinnamic acid 17.8, p-nitrophenol 13.9 g, SO2Cl2 50 mL, and benzene 50 mL were refluxed for 1 h, the excess SO2Cl2 and benzene were distd., the H2O-washed and dried solid 18.0, 80% hydrazine hydrate 11.4 g, and MeOH 75 mL were

```
_{\mbox{\tiny I}} , refluxed for 30 min, the soln. was cooled and NEt3 6.3 g and H2O to 400 mL
   added, the ppt. 19.2 and hexachloroacetone 29.2 g were refluxed for 20 min
   in MeCN 100 mL, the product 4 g and phosphoroxy chloride 40 mL were
   refluxed 3 h, the mixt. was added to ice H2O 200 g, and the ppt. crystd.
   from MeOH to give II 2.5 g. A lithog. printing plate composed of an Al
   0.15-mm thick support overcoated with a soln. of the ester product of
   2-diazido-1,2-naphthoquinone-5-sulfonyl chloride with pyrogallol-acetone
   resin 0.75, cresol-Novalak resin 2.1, tetrahydrophthalic acid anhydride
   0.15, Crystal Violet 0.02, II 0.03, ethylene dichloride 18, and Me
   cellosolve 12 g to a dry wt. of 2.2 g/mV2 was exposed 68 s to a 30-A C arc
   lamp through a grey scale at 70 cm and developed with a 5% aq. Na silicate
   soln. (SiO2/Na2O = 1.74) at 25.degree. for 60 s to give an image with
   .DELTA.Dmax (difference between exposed and unexposed parts) of 0.14
   immediately after development and 0.13 after 7 days storage at 45.degree.
   in a 75% humidity atm. vs. 0.00 and 0.00, resp., for an identical plate
   with 2-diazido-1,2-naphthoquinone-4-sulfonyl chloride instead of II.
   halomethylvinyloxadiazole photoinitiator photopolymer; lithog plate
   photopolymer halomethylvinyloxadiazole photoinitiator; photoresist
   halomethylvinyloxadiazole photoinitiator
   Photoimaging compositions and processes
      (halomethylvinyloxadiazoles as photoinitiators in)
   Lithographic plates
      (photopolymerizable compns. for fabrication of,
      halomethylvinyloxadiazoles as photoinitiators in)
   Vinyl acetal polymers
   RL: USES (Uses)
      (formals, photopolymerizable compns. contg. halomethylvinyloxadiazole
    photoinitiator and, for lithog. plate fabrication)
      (photo-, halomethylvinyloxadiazoles as photoinitiators in)
   830-09-1
   RL: RCT (Reactant)
      (esterification by, of nitrophenol)
   100-02-7, properties
   RL: RCT (Reactant)
      (esterification of, by methoxycinnamic acid)
                71255-80-6
                            71255-81-7
   71255-79-3
   RL: USES (Uses)
      (photoinitiator, for photopolymerizable compns. for lithog.
      plate fabrication and photoresists)
                      117-81-7
                                121-69-7, uses and miscellaneous
   76-61-9
             85-43-8
                         1043-44-3
                                     3770-97-6D, ester with
   548-62-9
              603-48-5
   acetone-pyrogallol condensation product
                                              9016-83-5
                                                          9016-83-5D, esters
                                                15625-89-5
   with naphthoquinonediazidesulfonyl chloride
   24979-70-2D, esters with naphthoquinonediazidesulfonyl chloride
   25085-50-1
               25086-15-1
                            37231-66-6
                                         38333-84-5D, ester with
   naphthoquinonediazidesulfonyl chloride 39277-77-5
                                                          58608-19-8
   71329-63-0
   RL: USES (Uses)
      (photopolymerizable compns. contg. halomethylvinyloxadiazole
    photoinitiator and, for lithog. plate fabrication)
   32630-58-3
   RL: USES (Uses)
      (photopolymerizable compns. contg., for photoresists and lithog.
      plates)
   71255-83-9P
   RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
      (prepn. and reaction of, with hexachloroacetone)
   71255-82-8P
   RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
      (prepn. and reaction of, with hydrazine)
   71255-85-1P
   RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
      (prepn. and ring closure of)
   116-16-5
   RL: RCT (Reactant)
      (reaction of, with methoxycinnamic acid hydrazide)
```

ST

IT

IT

IT

IΤ

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT

IT, 71255-84-0

RL: RCT (Reactant) (ring closure of)

IT 548-62-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. halomethylvinyloxadiazole photoinitiator and, for lithog. plate fabrication)

548-62-9 HCAPLUS RN

Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

L10 ANSWER 52 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

1979:113034 HCAPLUS AN

DN 90:113034

Radiation-sensitive copying material ΤI

IN Buhr, Gerhard

Hoechst A.-G., Ger. PA

Ger. Offen., 36 pp. SO CODEN: GWXXBX

DTPatent

LA German

IC G03C001-727

74-8 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes) CC Section cross-reference(s): 28

FAN	. CNT	2					
	PA	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	DE	2718259	A1	19781102	DE	1977-2718259	19770425
	DE	2718259	C2	19821125			
	SE	7804588	А	19781026	SE	1978-4588	19780421
	SE	423286	В	19820426			
	SE	423286	С	19820805			
	NL	7804304	A	19781027	NL	1978-4304	19780421
	NL	185179	В	19890901			
	NL	185179	С	19900201			
	AU	7835355	A1	19791025	AU	1978-35355	19780421
	ΑU	514951	B2	19810305			
	CA	1103508	A1	19810623	CA	1978-301635	19780421
	BE	866306	A1	19781024	BE	1978-187055	19780424
	DK	7801768	A	19781026	DK	1978-1768	19780424
	JP	53133428	A2	19781121	JP	1978-49195	19780424
	JP	62044258	B4	19870918			
	FR	2389157	A1	19781124	FR	1978-12010	19780424
	FR	2389157	B1	19801031			
	BR	7802525	Α	19781205	BR	1978-2525	19780424
	ZA	7802332	Α	19790425	ZA	1978-2332	19780424
	ES	469089	A1	19790916	ES	1978-469089	19780424
	US	4189323	Α	19800219	US	1978-899272	19780424

PRAI DE 1977-2718259 19770425

GI

AB S-Triazine derivs. (I; R = an addnl. substituted 2- or 3-ring arom. or heterocyclic arom. group attached by an arom. C atom; R1 = Br or Cl; m,n = 0-3, and m +n .ltoreq. 5) are described for use as photoinitators in a variety of radiation sensitive compns. based on free-radical-based polymn. or decolorization or, on the other hand, the liberation of an acid and its subsequent reactions. Thus, a compn. for use in prepg. an Al-based offset printing plate contained trimethylolethane triacrylate 6.7, a methacrylic acid-Me methacrylate copolymer 6.5, ethylene glycol mono-Et ether 64.0, UOAc 22.7, 2,4-dinitro-6-chloro-2'-acetamido-5'-methoxy-4'-(.beta.-hydroxyethyl-.beta.'-cyanoethylamino)azobenzene 0.3, and II 0.12 part. The resulting plate gave unobjectionable prints even after 200,000 prints had been produced.

ST triazine deriv photoinitiator photoimaging compn

IT Phenolic resins, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(photosensitive compn. contg. triazine deriv. photoinitiator and, for lithog. plate fabrication)

IT Lithographic plates

Printing plates

(photosensitive compns. for fabrication of, triazine derivs. as photoinitiators in)

IT Photoimaging compositions and processes

(triazine derivs. as photoinitiators for use in)

IT Resists

(electron-beam, contg. triazine derivs. as photoinitiators)

IT Epoxy resins, uses and miscellaneous

RL: USES (Uses)

(phenolic, photosensitive compn. contg. triazine deriv.

photoinitiator and, for lithog. plate fabrication)

IT Resists

(photo-, contg. triazine derivs. as photoinitiators)

IT 545-06-2

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(Friede-Crafts reaction of, with ethoxynaphthalene)

IT 5328-01-8

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(Friedel-Crafts reaction of, with trichloroacetylnitrile)

IT 64502-06-3 69418-08-2 69468-60-6

RL: USES (Uses)

(electron-beam sensitive compn. contg. triazine deriv. initiator and)

IT 24481-45-6 24481-46-7 69432-40-2 69432-41-3 69432-42-4 69432-43-5 69432-44-6 69432-45-7 69432-46-8 69432-47-9

RL: USES (Uses)

(photoinitiator, for photosensitive compns. for imaging and printing plate fabrication)

IT 19778-85-9 23807-28-5 25086-15-1

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg. triazine deriv. photoinitiator and, for printing plate fabrication) ΙT 109-16-0 41137-60-4 58601-54-0 RL: USES (Uses) (photoresist compn. contg. triazine deriv. photoinitiator and) 1484-13-5 1628-58-6 9003-35-4 IT 548-62-9 9016-83-5 25068-38-6 24687-64-7 RL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compn. contg. triazine deriv. photoinitiator and, for lithog. plate fabrication) 69432-49-1P 69432-50-4P 69432-48-0P 69432-51-5P 69432-52-6P IT .69432-54-8P 69432-55-9P 69432-56-0P 69432-57-1P 69432-53-7P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) 548-62-9 ITRL: USES (Uses) (photosensitive compn. contg. triazine deriv. photoinitiator and, for lithog. plate fabrication) 548-62-9 HCAPLUS RN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

C1-

ANSWER 53 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS L10 1978:161479 HCAPLUS ΆN DN 88:161479

Stable photopolymerizable mass ΤI

IN Yamazaki, Toshio; Cook, Harriet J.; Lipson, Melvin A.

Dynachem Corp., USA PΑ

Ger. Offen., 55 pp. SO CODEN: GWXXBX

DTPatent

German LΑ

ICC08L033-00

74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes) CC Section cross-reference(s): 76

PAN.CNI I										
	PATENT NO.		DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE					
ΡI	DE 2718200	A1	19771027	DE 1977-2718200	19770423					
	DE 2718200	C2	19821230							
	US 4065315	A	19771227	US 1976-680304	19760426					
	IL 51638	A1	19800630	IL 1977-51638	19770309					
	AU 7723170	A1	19780914	AU 1977-23170	19770311					
	AU 508227	B2	19800313							
	CA 1103083	A1	19810616	CA 1977-274554	19770323					
	JP 52130701	A2	19771102	JP 1977-38011	19770402					
	JP 60012623	B4	19850402							

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∍ o CH 618990
                                           CH 1977-4299
                                                             19770405
                       Α
                            19800829
                                           SE 1977-4646
     SE 7704646
                       Α
                            19771130
                                                             19770422
     SE 435105
                       В
                            19840903
     SE 435105
                       С
                            19841213
                       С
                                           DD 1977-198552
                                                             19770422
     DD 130810
                            19780503
                                           BE 1977-176998
                                                             19770425
     BE 853935
                       A1
                            19770816
     BR 7702613
                       Α
                            19780404
                                           BR 1977-2613
                                                             19770425
     GB 1555215
                       Α
                            19791107
                                           GB 1977-17206
                                                             19770425
    NL 7704529
                       A
                            19771028
                                           NL 1977-4529
                                                             19770426
    NL 174766
                       В
                            19840301
    NL 174766
                       С
                            19840801
                                           FR 1977-12577
                       A1
                            19771125
                                                             19770426
     FR 2349856
     FR 2349856
                      B1
                            19811120
                      19760426
PRAI US 1976-680304
     Stable photopolymerizable compns. contain an addn. polymerizable
     ethylenically unsatd. compd. with .gtoreq.1 terminal ethylenic group and
     having a boiling p. .gtoreq.100.degree. at atm. pressure, a
     free-radical-forming addn. polymn. initiator, a free base of a dye whose
     halide salt is more colored than the free base, and a halogen-contg.
     compd. giving halogen-contg. radicals on exposure to light. Thus, a
     photopolymerizable compn. giving a stable image contained Acryloid A-101
     40.0, trimethylolpropane triacrylate 13.0, triethylene glycol diacrylate
     6.5, bezophenone 2.25, 4,4'-bis(dimethylamino)benzophenone 0.3,
     2,2'-methylenebis(4-ethyl-6-tert-butylphenol) 0.12, Rhodamine B base 0.6,
     trichloroacetamide 1.8, 2-mercaptobenzoxazole 0.33, Modaflow 0.10,
     tricresyl phosphate 2.88, and MeCOEt 130 parts by wt.
     photoimaging compn free radical; photoresist printed circuit fabrication
ST
IT
     Paraffin waxes and Hydrocarbon waxes, uses and miscellaneous
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (chlorinated, photopolymerizable compns. contg., for photoimaging
        compns. and photoresists)
IT
     Acrylic polymers, uses and miscellaneous
     Soybean oil
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable compns. contq., for photoimaging compns. and
        photoresists)
     Photoimaging compositions and processes
IT
        (free-radical, for colored image formation)
IT
     Resists
        (photo-, free radical-initiated photopolymerizable compns. for)
IT
     Electric circuits
        (printed, free-radical photoinitiated photopolymerizable
        compns. for fabrication of)
     50-29-3, uses and miscellaneous
                                       57-15-8
                                                  88-24-4
                                                            90-94-8
                                                                      96-13-9
IT
               101-61-1
                          115-20-8
                                     118-74-1
                                                119-61-9, uses and
                     134-32-7
                                509-34-2 548-62-9 569-64-2
     miscellaneous
     594-65-0
                1332-85-0 2382-96-9
                                        2390-63-8
                                                     8004-87-3
                               66231-28-5
                                            66231-29-6
                                                          66231-30-9
     17831-71-9
                  37243-53-1
                               66231-33-2
     66231-31-0
                  66231-32-1
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable compns. contg., for photoimaging and photoresists)
     50-29-3, uses and miscellaneous 56-23-5, uses and miscellaneous
IT
                                   76-03-9, uses and miscellaneous
               75-03-6
                         75-47-8
     67-72-1
               90-94-8
                         95-14-7
                                   96-13-9
                                            115-96-8
                                                       126-72-7
                                                                    128-09-6
     87-82-1
                135-49-9
                           467-63-0
                                      509-34-2
                                                  558-13-4
                                                             594-65-0
     134-85-0
                           1325-85-5
                                        1325-86-6
                                                    2223-82-7 2390-59-2
                1124-05-6
     818-61-1
     2412-14-8 3248-93-9
                           3524-68-3
                                       4986-89-4
                                                    5330-18-7
                                         6837-66-7 6837-75-8
                 6066-04-2
                             6359-45-1
     5385-11-5
                 9003-01-4D, esters, reaction products with epoxidized soybean
     9002-86-2
                                   9059-79-4
                       9011-14-7
                                               12542-30-2
                                                             13686-37-8
           9010-92-8
                  36355-01-8
                               36511-35-0
                                            39280-08-5
                                                          39327-11-2
     25215-62-7
                  52016-01-0
                               52080-58-7
                                                          66208-30-8
     40715-86-4
                                            66208-29-5
     66217-53-6
                  66225-66-9
                               66231-34-3
                                            66231-35-4
     RL: USES (Uses)
        (photopolymerizable compns. contg., for photoimaging compns. and
        photoresists)
IT
     548-62-9 569-64-2
```

(photopolymerizable compns. contg., for photoimaging and photoresists)

548-62-9 HCAPLUS RN

در RL: USES (Uses)

· CN Methanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

569-64-2 HCAPLUS RN

Methanaminium, N-[4-[[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]phenylmethylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Cl-

2390-59-2 3248-93-9 6837-75-8 IT

RL: USES (Uses)

(photopolymerizable compns. contg., for photoimaging compns. and photoresists)

RN 2390-59-2 HCAPLUS

Ethanaminium, N-[4-[bis[4-(diethylamino)phenyl]methylene]-2,5-CN cyclohexadien-1-ylidene]-N-ethyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

RN: 3248-93-9 HCAPLUS
CN Benzenamine, 4-[(4-aminophenyl)(4-imino-2,5-cyclohexadien-1-ylidene)methyl]-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 6837-75-8 HCAPLUS

CN Methanaminium, N-[9-[2-(ethoxycarbonyl)phenyl]-6-methoxy-3H-xanthen-3-ylidene]-N-methyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● cl-

L10 ANSWER 54 OF 54 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

AN 1974:65542 HCAPLUS

DN 80:65542

TI Photoresist compositions

IN Iwama, Hideaki; Iwaki, Akio

PA Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd.

SO Japan. Kokai, 15 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

NCL 116A415

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 36

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
					
ΡI	JP 48073206	A 2	19731003	JP 1972-2438	19711227
	JP 51014041	в4	19760506		

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB Photoresist compns. contain a copolymer (I; R, R2, R4 = H, CO2H, or CONH2 and .gtoreq.1 CO2H; R1,R3 = H or lower alkyl; R5 = H, lower alkyl, or CO2Me; Z = org. group; l = 0 or 1; R6 = H, lower alkyl, or Ph; R7, R8 = H, lower alkyl; or when l = 0, R6 R7 may form a N-contg. heterocycle, and R2R8 together with the benzene ring may form a naphthalene ring; m,n = 5-10,000), partially or totally neutralized by an alkali metal, and a

- photosensitizer contg. halogenated Me groups. Thus, a compn. of tribromomethyl phenyl sulfone 1.0, 2-(m-tolylpropylamino)ethyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid (4:6) copolymer 5% neutralized by Li) 3.0, triphenylmethane dye Victoria Pure Blue BOH 0.06, and cellulose Et ether 0.1 g in 50 ml. MeoCH2CH2OH-MeoH (1:1 vol.) mixt. was coated on a polished Zn plate, dried, exposed to C arc through a neg. developed for 1 min in H2O at 35-40.degree., treated with an aq. citric acid-tartaric acid soln., and etched with a com. etching soln. to give a long-life printing plate.

 ST photoresist printing plate; acrylate copolymer photoresist; methacrylate copolymer photoresist

 Trinting plates

 (photoresists compns. contg. acrylic polymers and halomethyl
 - (photoresists compns. contg. acrylic polymers and halomethy
 group-contg. photoinitiators for)
 IT Acrylic polymers
 RL: USES (Uses)
 (photoresists compns. contg. halomethyl group-contg.
 - photoinitiators and, for printing plates)
 17025-47-7

ΙT

- RL: USES (Uses)
 (photoresists compns. contg. acrylic polymers and, for printing plates)
 IT 51938-69-3
- RL: USES (Uses)
 (photoresists compns. contg. acrylic polymers, halomethyl group-contg. photosensitizers and, for printing plates)
 IT 51998-70-0
- RL: USES (Uses)
 (photoresists compns. contg. bromomethyl phenyl sulfone and, for printing plates)

 IT 51938-69-3
 - RL: USES (Uses)
 (photoresists compns. contg. acrylic polymers, halomethyl group-contg.
 photosensitizers and, for printing plates)